



Cytek[®] Aurora User's Guide



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FCC Information

WARNING: Changes or modifications to this unit not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

NOTICE: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, can cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his or her own expense.

Shielded cables must be used with this unit to ensure compliance with the Class A FCC limits.

This Class A digital apparatus meets all requirements of the Canadian Interference-Causing Equipment Regulations.

Cet appareil numérique de la classe A respecte toutes les exigences du Règlement sur le matériel brouilleur du Canada.

CDRH Information

Class I laser product.

Regulatory Information

For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

History

Revision	Date	Change
52-70001-0A	10/2017	Initial release.
52-70001-0B	1/2018	Added details to safety, acquisition, and unmixing.
52-70001-0C	1/2019	Added Loader, yellow-green laser, keywords, SSC off blue laser, label and lot-specific unmixing, and group-specific unstained controls.
52-70001-0D	3/2019	Added ultraviolet laser.
N9-20006 Rev A	6/2019	Updated SpectroFlo QC beads lot number, corrected laser bandwidth table, changed user's guide part number.
N9-20006 Rev B	10/2019	Updated to SpectroFlo v2.2 to include reference control QC (benchmarks), clog and bubble detection.
N9-20006 Rev C	6/2021	Updated to SpectroFlo v3.0, added information on new loader.
N9-20006 Rev D	7/2021	Updated screens and steps of some workflows, corrected typos.
N9-20006 Rev E	12/2022	Updated to SpectroFlo v3.1, including new Worklist module and reference library usability.
N9-20006 Rev F	12/2025	Removed Specifications section. Instrument specifications can be downloaded from the Cytek website.

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Introduction





About This Guide

This guide provides information on the Aurora flow cytometer, daily workflow, SpectroFlo® software features, instrument maintenance, and cytometer specifications. It also includes troubleshooting tips and service information.

Safety

Safety Symbols

The Aurora is intended for research use only; not for diagnostic or therapeutic procedures. The following table lists symbols used throughout this guide.

Symbol	Meaning
	Caution: hazard or unsafe practice that could result in material damage, data loss, minor or severe injury, or death
	Risk of electric shock
	Biological risk
	Laser radiation

General Safety

- Read all safety instructions completely before using the equipment. Keep the instructions in a safe place.
- Follow all instructions when operating the instrument.
- If the equipment is used in a manner not specified by the manufacturer, the protection provided by the equipment may be impaired.
- Do not place any object on top of the instrument.

- Do not block any ventilation openings.
- Do not place the unit near any heat sources such as radiators, heat registers, stoves, or other devices (including amplifiers) that produce heat.
- Use only attachments/accessories specified by the manufacturer.
- Use only with the cart, stand, tripod, bracket, or table specified by the manufacturer or sold with the equipment. When a cart is used, use caution when moving the cart/equipment combination to avoid injury from tipping over.
- Unplug the instrument when it will not be used for long periods of time.
- Refer all servicing to qualified service personnel. Service is required when the unit has been damaged in any way, such as: if the power-supply cord or plug is damaged, if the unit is dropped, if liquid is spilled onto the unit or objects fall into the unit, if the unit is exposed to rain or moisture, or if the unit does not operate properly.
- Do not expose the instrument to temperatures outside the range of 15°C to 28°C.
- Concentrations of sodium hypochlorite (bleach) higher than 10%, as well as other cleaning agents, can damage the instrument. Use a 10% solution of household bleach to clean, where indicated. A 10% bleach solution is prepared by adding 1 part household bleach to 9 parts deionized water.
 - **NOTE:** Household bleach contains 5–7% sodium hypochlorite.
- Before turning on the cytometer, visually inspect all containers. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE), including, but not limited to, gloves, eyewear, and lab coat.
- Purge the sheath filter if air bubbles are visible in the sheath filter, or if the plenum or sheath container have run dry.
- Fill the sheath container as needed. Never use tap water as sheath solution. Never use surfactant-based sheath solutions.
- Do not run bleach or detergent through the sheath filter. It is difficult to remove cleaning solutions from the sheath filter.
- Check the cytometer periodically for fluid leaks or crimped lines. If evidence of a leak is detected, contact Cytek Technical Support immediately. Do not attempt to repair the instrument.
- When performing Daily QC, always select the current bead lot number.

Electrical Safety

- Do not place liquids on top of the instrument. Any spill into the ventilation openings could cause electrical shock or damage to the instrument.
- Do not use this equipment near water.



WARNING: To reduce the risk of fire or electric shock, do not expose this apparatus to rain or moisture.

- Use only the power supply cord specified by the manufacturer. The power cord of the unit is equipped with a 10A three-prong power plug. Do not remove the ground pin of the power plug under any circumstances. Make sure the plug is securely plugged into the power outlet to prevent fire. If the power supply cord needs to be replaced, the cross section area of the conductor should be at least 16 AWG. This is to prevent electric fire or shock.
- Use only the fuse specified by the manufacturer. The fuse is 250 VAC, 5 A, size 5 x 20 mm.

- Protect the power cord from being tread upon or pinched, particularly at the plug and the point where it emerges from the equipment. Be sure that the power outlet is located near the equipment so that it is easily accessible.

Biological Safety

- Empty the waste container when filling the sheath container or as needed to prevent leakage or system damage. Take care to avoid damaging the fluid level sensor in the waste tank.
- Follow local, state, and national regulations when disposing of waste.
- Biological samples are potentially dangerous and/or life threatening. Adhere to proper handling procedures for samples and reagents. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE), including gloves, eyewear, and lab coat.
- Any instrument surface in contact with biological specimens can transmit potentially fatal disease. Use universal precautions when cleaning the instrument or replacing parts.

Laser Safety

The Aurora is a Class 1 Laser Product and complies with the US FDA Center for Devices and Radiological Health 21 CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11 except for deviations pursuant to Laser Notice No. 50, dated June 24, 2007. No laser radiation is accessible to the user during normal instrument operation.

The lasers are fully contained within the instrument and do not require any special work area safety except when service procedures are being performed. These procedures are performed only by Cytex service personnel.



CAUTION: Modification or removal of the optics covers or laser shielding could result in exposure to hazardous laser radiation. To prevent damage to skin and eyes, do not remove the optics covers or laser shielding, or attempt to service the instrument where laser warning labels are attached.

Use of controls or adjustments or performance of procedures other than those specified in this user's guide may result in hazardous radiation exposure.

To prevent exposure to laser radiation:

- Do not defeat any safety interlocks on the instrument.
- Do not use controls, make adjustments, or perform procedures other than those specified in this user's guide.
- Do not attempt to perform service procedures on the lasers.

Technical Support

For instrument support within the US, call 1-877-92-CYTEK (1-877-922-9835).

Outside the US, call 1-510-657-0102. In Europe, call +31207653440.

Email Cytek at technicalsupport@cytekbio.com.

Visit our website, www.cytekbio.com, for up-to-date contact information.

When contacting Cytek, have the following information available:

- Serial number
- Any error messages
- Details or screen shots of recent system performance
- SpectroFlo software version and system firmware version, located in the Help module

Overview

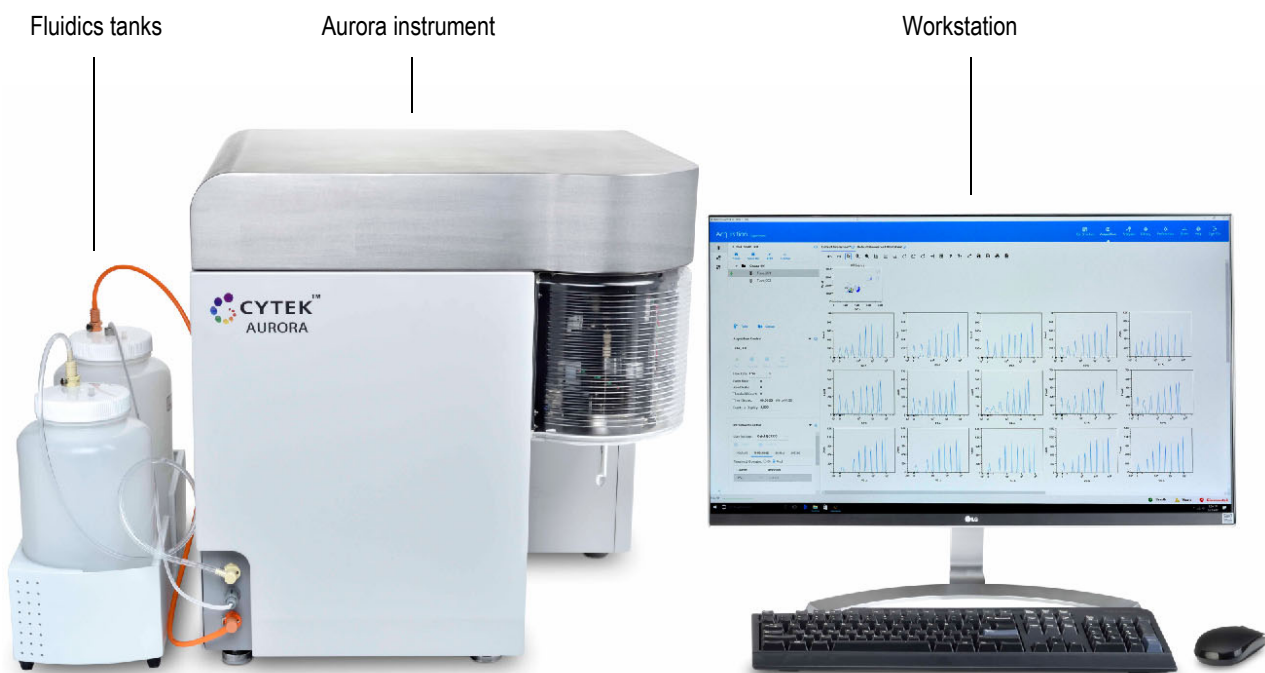
Aurora System

The Aurora system consists of the Aurora flow cytometer and a computer workstation running SpectroFlo software for sample acquisition and data analysis. The system is intended to be used for analyzing cells in the fields of immunology, biochemistry, biology, oncology, hematology, virology, and pathology research.

The cytometer is an air-cooled, compact benchtop instrument. It is equipped with up to five lasers, 64 detection channels for fluorescence, and three channels for scatter (blue laser FSC, blue laser SSC, and violet laser SSC). Sheath and waste fluids are contained in either 4-L tanks, included with the system, or 20-L cubitainers. Software indicators notify you when the sheath is getting low or the waste is getting full. The fluidics system includes a plenum for storing sheath, allowing you to fill the sheath tank during operation.

Optional high-throughput sample Loaders are available to automate sample delivery and acquisition. The loaders are compatible with 96-well plates. The new Automated Sample Loader (ASL) offers added compatibility for 96-well deep-well plates and 40-tube racks. See the “[Loader](#)” chapter for more information.

The workstation is a dedicated USB-compatible PC with monitor, keyboard, and mouse. It runs Microsoft® Windows® 10 Pro with a 64-bit operating system, which is required for SpectroFlo software.



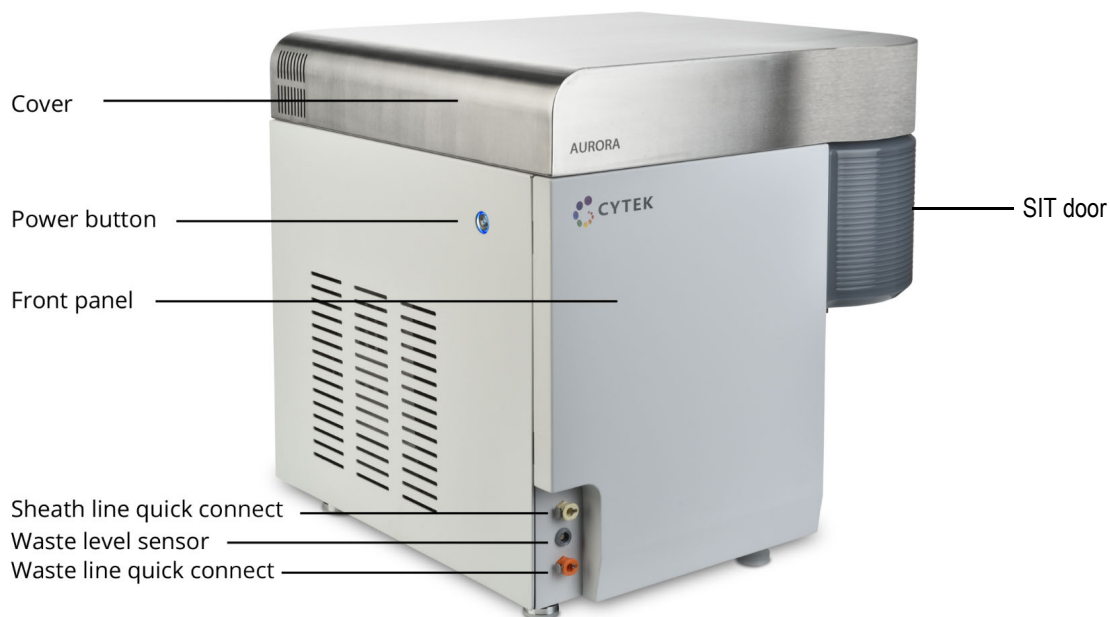
Cytometer Overview

Solid-state lasers transmit light through a flow cell where particles in suspension are focused single file for interrogation by the laser. Proprietary, high-sensitivity, semiconductor detector APD arrays are equipped with up to 16 channels per laser to capture the emission spectra of dyes that emit in the 365 to 829 nm wavelength range. The resulting fluorescence and scatter signals are then collected and converted into electronic signals. On-board electronics convert these signals into digital data that can be acquired and recorded on the workstation.

The cytometer power button is located on the left side panel in the upper right area. When the cytometer is powered on, the power button is illuminated.

The front panel opens on hinges to the left to reveal the fluidics system. The SIT door to the right of the front panel opens to reveal the sample injection tube (SIT) assembly. The top cover opens to reveal the optics plate.

Front of Cytometer



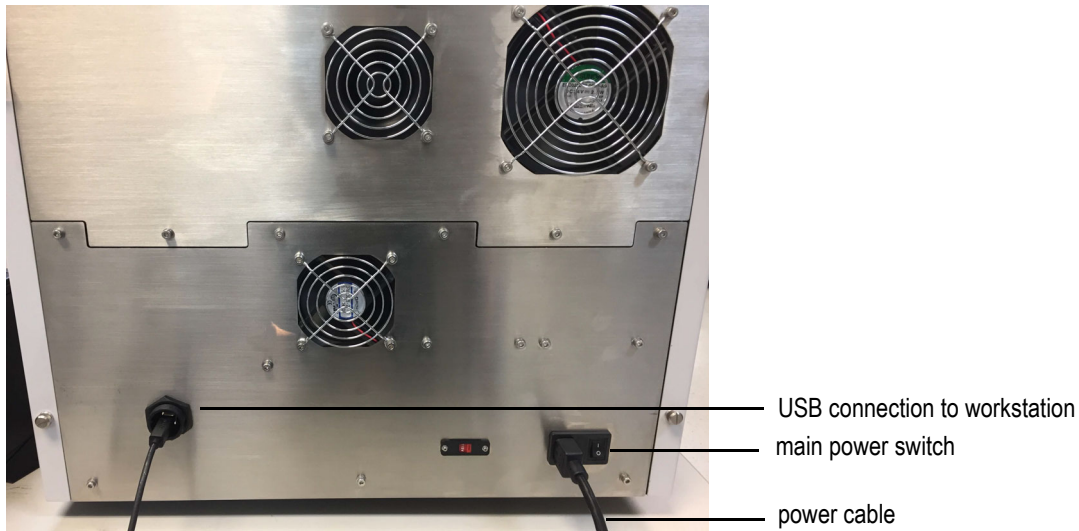
Do not place any object on top of the instrument.



Do not place liquids on top of the instrument. Fluid leaking into the cytometer could cause electrical shock or damage to the instrument.

Back of Cytometer

Allow 20.0 cm (8 in) between the back of the cytometer and the wall for proper ventilation without an air duct. Allow 10.0 cm (4 in) with an air duct.

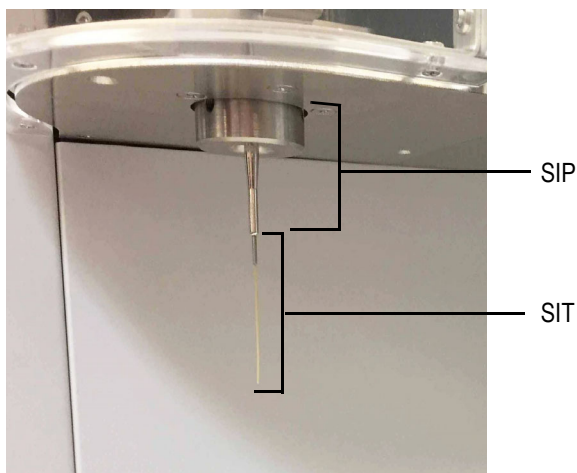


Fluidics System

Sample Injection Port and Sample Injection Tube

Sample, contained in a standard 12 x 75-mm tube, enters the cytometer through the sample injection tube (SIT) that is contained within the sample injection port (SIP). The 12 x 75-mm sample tube snaps into place under the SIP requiring no additional tube retention support. The SIT extends from the SIP during acquisition and retracts when the cytometer is not acquiring.

When using the optional Loader, a 96-well plate, 96-well deep-well plate, or 40-tube rack can be used for sample delivery in place of individual 12 x 75-mm sample tubes. See the Loader chapter starting on [page 121](#) for more information.



Fluid Containers

The Aurora draws sheath solution directly from a 20-L sheath cubitainer or the 4-L sheath tank provided by Cytek. It expels waste into an empty 20-L cubitainer or the 4-L waste tank provided by Cytek.

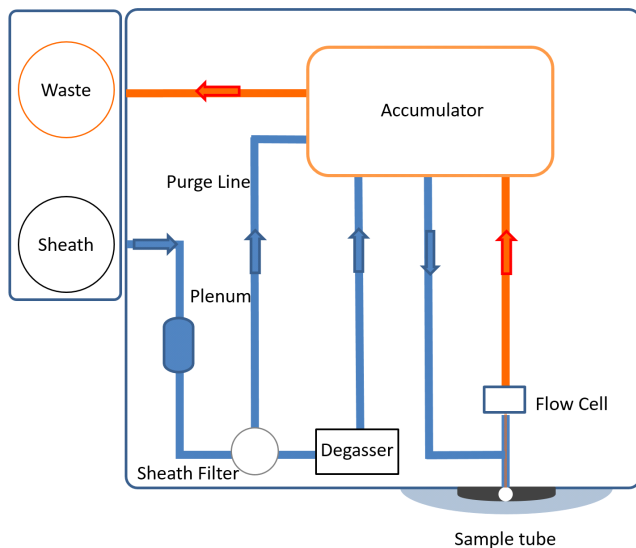
The fluidics tanks are contained in a holding reservoir located on the left side of the cytometer. The 4-L tank with the transparent fluidic line is for sheath solution. The 4-L tank with the orange fluidic line is for waste.



Fluid Flow

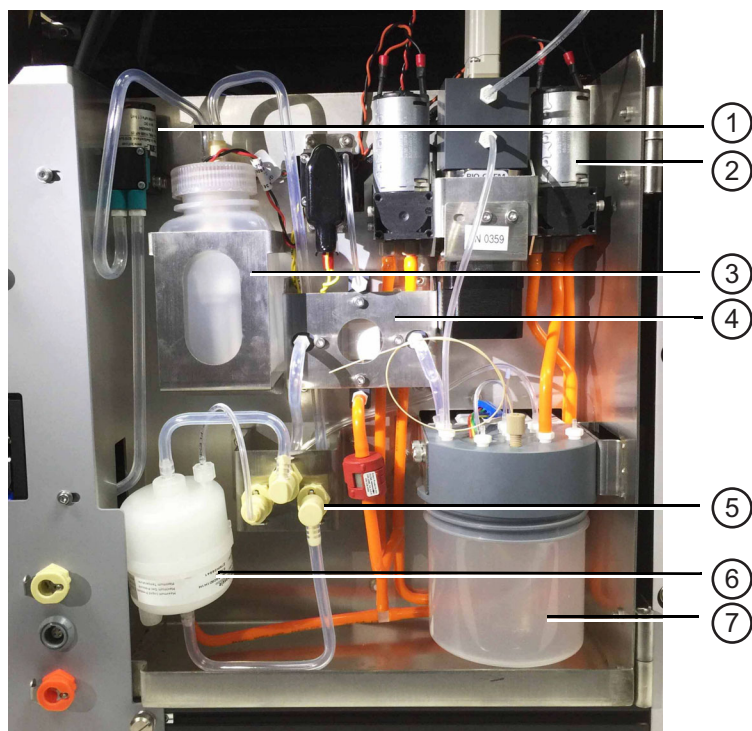
The Aurora fluidics are driven by vacuum. An accumulator vessel is the source of vacuum for the system. Sheath solution is drawn into and stored in the sheath plenum before passing through a sheath filter, where debris and contaminants are removed. Before reaching the flow cell, the sheath stream passes through a degasser, which removes air bubbles. After passing the laser interrogation point, the combination of sheath solution and sample travels to the waste container.

Sheath and waste fluid levels are monitored by sensors. The waste level sensor is located underneath the waste tank cap. The sheath level sensor is located underneath the sheath plenum cap. Both sensors are monitored by the software.



Fluidics Components

The following figure shows the fluidics components.



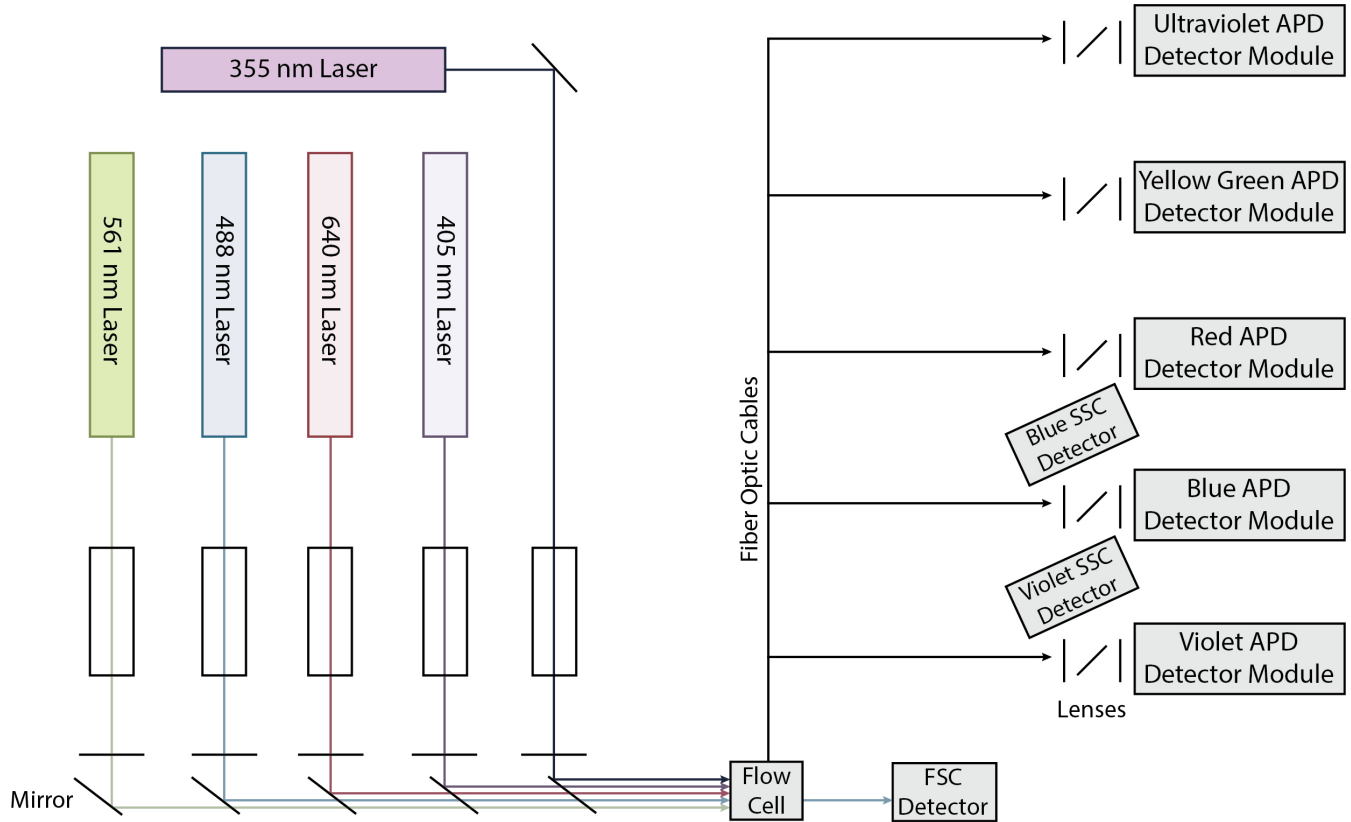
The following table describes the fluidics components.

No.	Component	Description
1	Plenum pump	Pulls sheath from the sheath tank to fill the plenum
2	Vacuum pump	Maintains the vacuum in the accumulator
3	Plenum	Storage vessel for sheath fluid before it flows to the sheath filter
4	Degasser	Removes air bubbles from the sheath fluid
5	Sheath filter quick connects (x3)	Sheath filter fluid input, fluid output, and vent line quick-connects
6	Sheath filter	Filters debris and particles from the sheath fluid
7	Accumulator	Vacuum source for the fluidics system

Optics

Unlike conventional flow cytometers that direct specific bandwidths of fluorescence light into discrete detectors or photomultiplier tubes (PMTs), the Aurora uses a solid-state, multi-channel, narrow-beam detector array for each laser. Each array can be configured with up to 16 detectors that are used to capture a part of the emission spectrum from each particle passing through the laser beam. The detector channels from up to five lasers are used to capture the entire emission spectra from each fluorescent-labeled particle. Spectral deconvolution (unmixing) algorithms calculate the contribution of the known individual fluorophore's spectra to the total collected signal.

For excitation, a proprietary flat-top laser design enables a constant power distribution across the width of the sample core stream.



Optical configurations are as follows:

Laser	Excitation	Channels for detection	Detector names
Ultraviolet	355 nm	16	UV1-UV16
Violet	405 nm	16	V1-V16
Blue	488 nm	14	B1-B14
Yellow-Green	561 nm	10	YG1-YG10
Red	640 nm	8	R1-R8

■ **NOTE:** Different laser configurations are available. Yellow-Green and Ultraviolet lasers are not available on the Northern Lights cytometers.

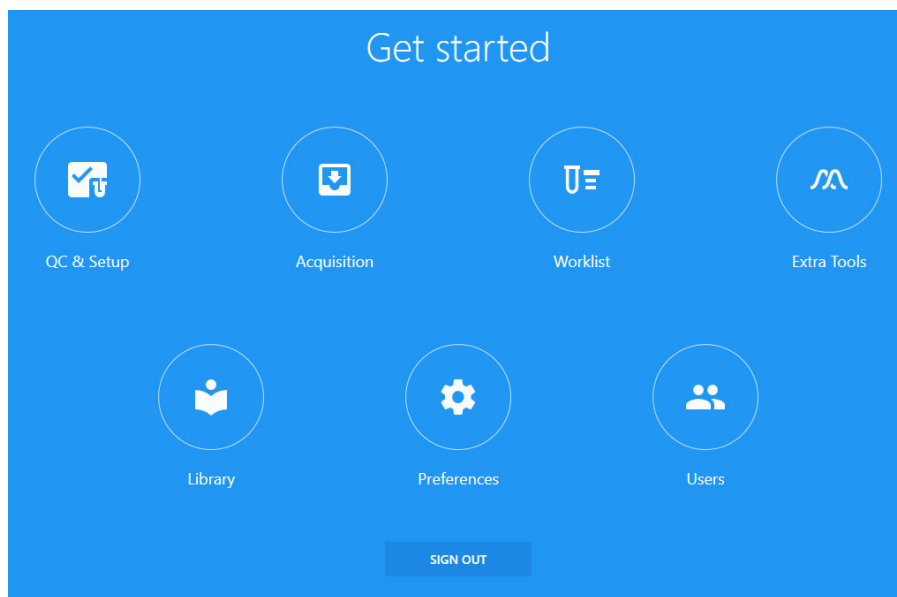
The wavelengths detected by each detector (channel) increase across the array. See the table on [page 75](#) for details.

Software Overview

SpectroFlo software allows you to acquire and analyze samples and adjust instrument settings. Once you log into the software, a Get started menu appears.

Get Started Menu

The Get started menu provides modules that allow you to perform various functions. These same modules are also accessible across the upper-right corner of each module screen.



The following table describes options in the Get started menu.

Module	Description
QC & Setup	Daily QC ensures that the instrument is in optimal condition for use. Run SpectroFlo QC Beads daily to assess system performance and to adjust settings to account for day-to-day variation. Levey-Jennings reports keep track of trends in system performance. Setup allows you to create reference controls. See “QC & Setup” on page 29 for information.
Acquisition	The Acquisition module allows you to create experiments to acquire and analyze data. Experiments can be created through a guided wizard or created from previously saved templates. See “Acquisition” on page 43 for information. If the optional Worklist module is enabled during installation of SpectroFlo, experiments can be saved as Assays, allowing sample acquisition in a Worklist with associated Reports.
Worklist (Optional)	The Worklist module is optional, chosen at the time of installing SpectroFlo. It is meant for running locked-down assays with fixed reports, primarily used in GXP environments. It provides policies and workflows to control the integrity and analysis of data generated in this module.
Extra Tools	Here FCS files can either be unmixed or compensated using virtual filters. This is where you can Remove FCS parameters such as Area, Height, and Width as well. See “Unmixing and Compensation” on page 61 for information.

Module	Description
Library	The library allows you to store experiment templates, worksheet templates, user settings, fluorescent tags, SpectroFlo QC bead information, label information, keywords, and Loader settings. See “Library” on page 79 for information.
Preferences	Software preferences can be changed to customize the software. Default plot sizes, fonts, gate colors, print layouts, statistics box table option, and more can all be changed in the Preferences. See “Preferences” on page 87 for information.
Users	The Users module contains user management options and administrative controls. See “Users” on page 101 for information.

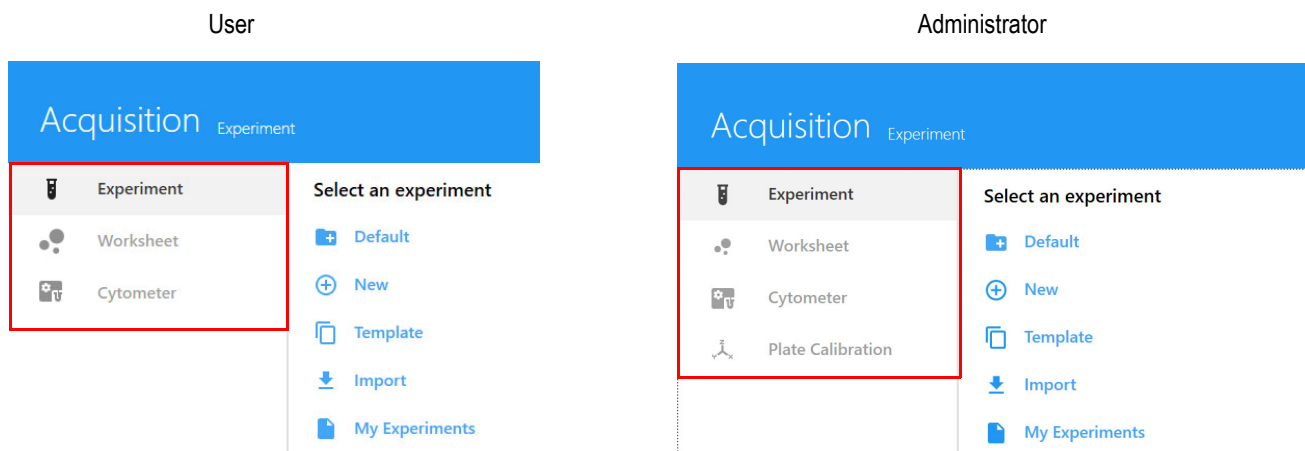
About Experiments

The Acquisition module provides the tools necessary to acquire data, such as the acquisition controls used to start, stop, and record data, and the instrument controls used to set the threshold and adjust the detector gains. See [“Experiment Display” on page 44](#) for more information on these controls. Experiments contain the fluorescent tags and labels used in the experiment, the stopping criteria, and the groups of tubes/wells run, which can include the reference control group. You can create groups for your samples, if you wish, to conveniently organize samples by type or staining panels, for example.

Opening an Experiment

When you click Acquisition from the Get started menu, the Acquisition Experiment menu (below) is displayed, allowing you to open a default or template experiment, create a new experiment, or import an experiment. A wizard walks you through the steps to create a new experiment.

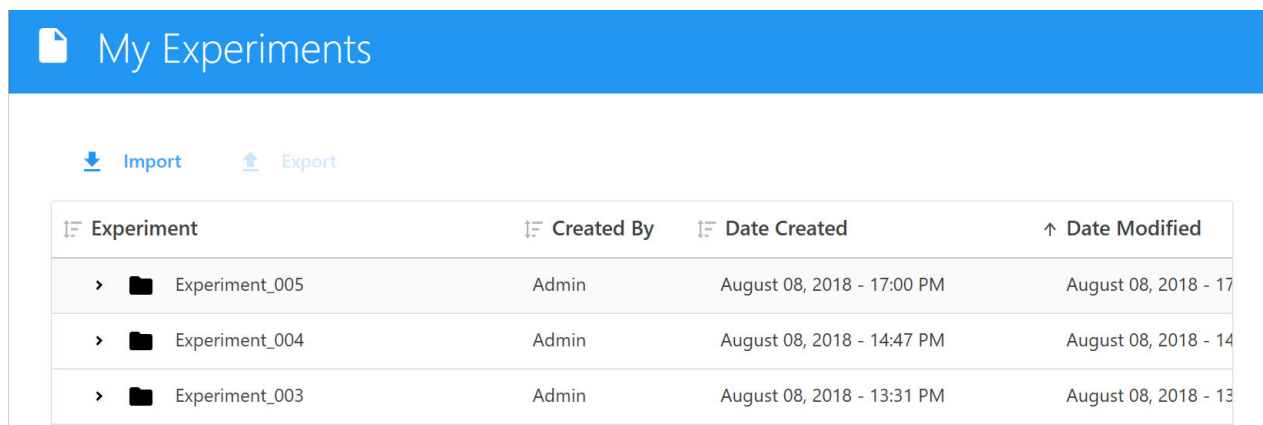
■ **NOTE:** By default the Acquisition menu in the left pane is collapsed, showing only the icons for Experiment, Worksheet, Cytometer, and Plate Calibration. To expand the menu to show the labels, click the arrows (>>) at the bottom of the pane. The red boxes in the figure illustrate the expanded view and what you see if you are a User or an Administrator.



Experiments can be created using several different methods. The following table describes the options in the Acquisition Experiment menu:

Method	Description
Default	Opens a new experiment with one group containing one tube and a set of labels and fluorescent tags in a default experiment worksheet template. The default experiment is user configurable. It is the quickest way to begin sample acquisition.
New	Opens the New Experiment Wizard to guide you through creating an experiment.
Template	Allows you to select from a list of saved experiment templates (see page 20).
Import	Imports an experiment ZIP file that was exported.
My Experiments	Allows you to select from a list of saved experiments. NOTE: Original experiments can be duplicated without data, which is equivalent to opening an experiment template. Right-click an experiment in My Experiments and select Duplicate (with or without data). You can also choose Duplicate with Reference group data.

Completed experiments can be accessed through the My Experiments option in the Acquisition Experiment menu. Use the column headers to sort the list of experiments. For every tube recorded and unmixed, two FCS files are saved, one raw and one unmixed. Use My Experiments to open experiments you already ran, as you may want to review the data or acquire more samples. You can also export experiments from My Experiments (below). A ZIP file is exported, containing all the raw data files, if applicable (and unmixed files for unmixed experiments), as well as the worksheet templates and experiment template. The exported ZIP experiment can be then be imported into SpectroFlo at an offline workstation for analysis.



FCS Files

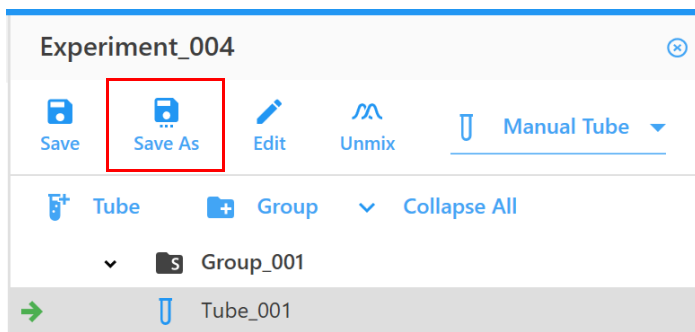
FCS files generated from an experiment are stored in the Export folder by default, or the folder you set as the default. See ["Storage Preferences" on page 97](#) for information. Experiments can contain the following types of FCS data files for each tube run:

- raw data files only (for samples that were acquired in an experiment)
- raw data files + unmixed data files (for samples that were acquired and unmixed live during acquisition)
- unmixed data files only (for samples that were unmixed post acquisition)

Experiment Templates

Use the Save As option above the experiment's tube/group (hierarchy) list to save the current experiment as a template, which can then be used for running similar experiments. Experiment templates include fluorescent tags used in the experiment, reference controls, groups/tubes, labels, worksheets, and stopping criteria. Templates are saved in the library. To open and use a template, select Template from the Acquisition Experiment menu. See ["Experiment Templates" on page 85](#) for more information on experiment templates.

■ **NOTE:** If the optional Worklist module was selected during installation of SpectroFlo, it will also be possible to save an Experiment as an Assay. These saved assays can then be used to acquire samples in the Worklist. Assays are saved in the Library module, under the Experiment Templates tab. To edit your Assays, open the corresponding Experiment and overwrite the Assay.



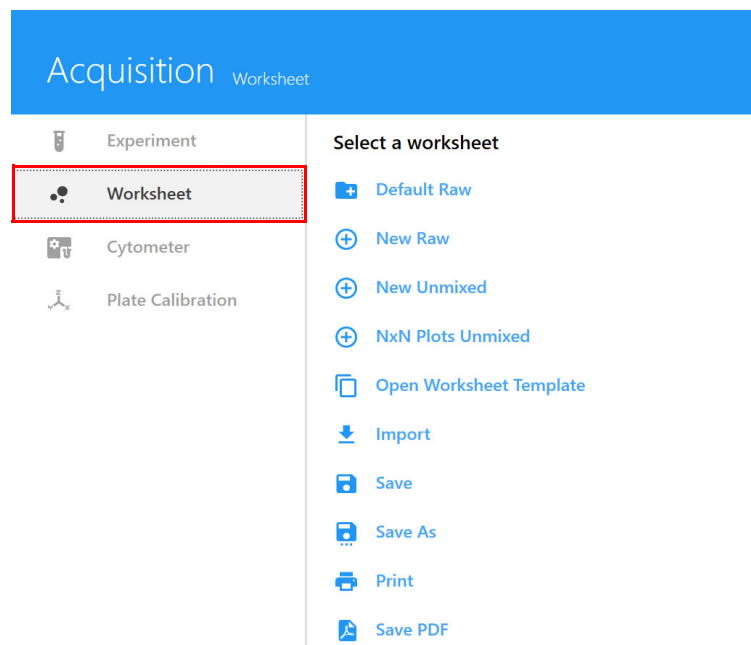
About Worksheets

Worksheets are used to visualize the data. Each experiment requires at least one worksheet. A worksheet allows you to view the data in plots during acquisition, as well as perform analysis functions. Worksheets contain the tools necessary to create plots, gates, annotations, statistics, and the population hierarchy. Worksheets are saved with the experiment and can be saved separately and reused across experiments.

Two types of worksheets are available—worksheets for raw data and worksheets for unmixed data. You must select the appropriate worksheet to view the corresponding type of data. When viewing raw data, the parameters on the plots in a raw worksheet reflect the channel names, for example, B1-A, R1-A, V1-A. When viewing unmixed data, the parameters on the plots in an unmixed worksheet reflect the fluorescent tags, for example, PerCP-A.

Opening a Worksheet

To select a worksheet, click **Worksheet** in the Acquisition menu. The Select a worksheet menu appears (below). You can open a new raw or new unmixed worksheet. These worksheets open with a single FSC vs SSC plot. Use the worksheet tool bar to add plots and other elements. All worksheets are saved as template files (WTML) and can be opened using the **Open Worksheet Template** option. You can also import worksheets that were exported, as well as save, print, and save a PDF.

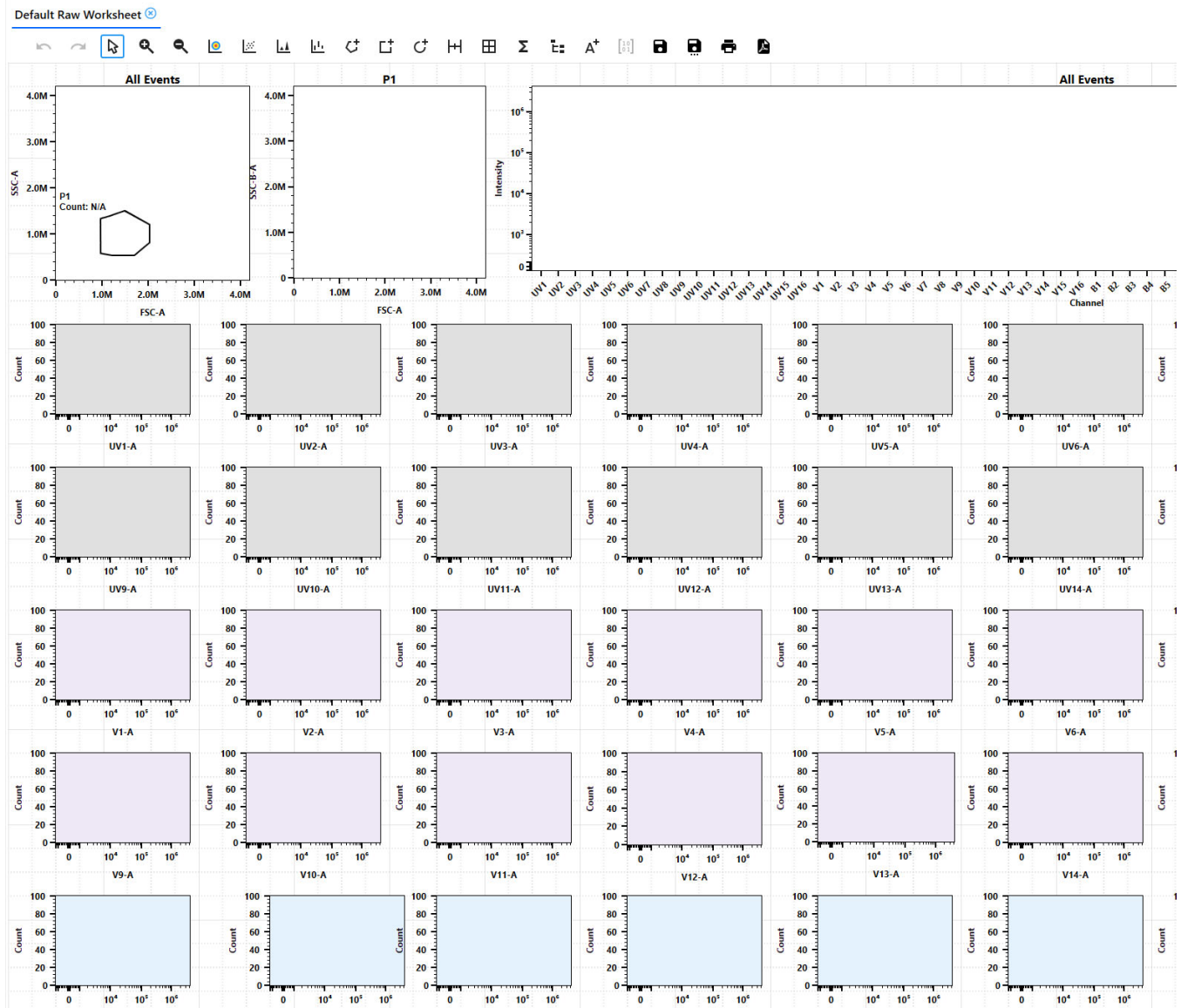


The following table describes the options in the Acquisition Worksheet menu:

Method	Description
Default Raw	Opens a default raw worksheet that can be used for experiments where reference controls will be acquired. Do not overwrite this worksheet. Always use Save As to save this worksheet with a new name.
New Raw	Opens a new raw worksheet.
New Unmixed	Opens a new unmixed worksheet.

Method	Description
NxN Plots Unmixed	Uses the fluorescent tags selected when setting up the experiment to create a worksheet with multiple plots, displaying each fluorescent parameter against each other. This worksheet allows you to check for potential unmixing errors and correct as needed.
Open Worksheet Template	Allows you to select from a list of saved worksheet templates. A default raw and default unmixed worksheet are provided.
Import	Imports a worksheet template that was exported.
Save, Save As, Print, Save PDF	Saves the worksheet, saves the worksheet with a new name, prints the worksheet, saves a PDF of the worksheet.

You can have multiple worksheets open at a time. The currently displayed worksheet appears with a blue line under the worksheet name. Because you can select different worksheets for different groups or tubes in an experiment, each tube will have a worksheet associated with it.



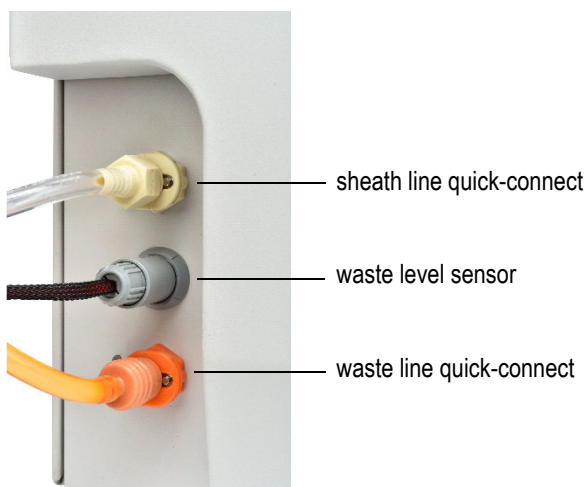
Each user can define a default raw worksheet and a default unmixed worksheet. Open the default worksheet and set it up for your experiment, then select Save As to save this worksheet with a new name. The worksheet will be available to select when you create an experiment. You can use this worksheet, open a template worksheet, or create a new worksheet.

All worksheets are saved in the library. See [“Worksheet Templates” on page 85](#) for more information on worksheet templates.

Startup & Shutdown

Filling the Sheath and Emptying the Waste

The color-coded sheath and waste quick-connects and the waste level sensor connector are located at the lower-left corner of the front panel.



■ **NOTE:** We recommend using the 20-L cubitainers instead of the 4-L tanks for systems with a Loader. If using the original AMS, place fluid tanks on the floor beneath the instrument, otherwise fluid can backflush into the wash well. If your AMS has been upgraded to version 1.5, or you are using the ASL, this precaution is no longer necessary.

Filling the Sheath

Fill the sheath container with manufacturer-provided sheath solution, MilliQ™ water, phosphate-buffered saline (PBS), or deionized (DI) water.

Sheath can be drawn from either the supplied 4-L sheath tank or directly from a 20-L cubitainer.

Sheath solution can be added to the sheath container while the instrument is running.



Before turning on the cytometer, visually inspect all containers for leaks or cracks. Wear the recommended PPE such as protective gloves, eyewear, and lab coat.



Fill the sheath container as needed. Use only the appropriate sheath solution. Never use tap water or surfactant-based sheath solution.

Filling Sheath into a Cytek 4-L Sheath Tank or a 20-L Cubitainer

- 1 Remove the sheath fluidics line cap from the cubitainer or sheath tank lid from the sheath tank.
- 2 Add the appropriate sheath solution.
- 3 Replace the fluidics line cap or sheath tank lid. Do not over-tighten.
- 4 If the cytometer is powered on and the software is connected, verify that the software sheath indicator is green.

✔ Sheath ✔ Waste ✔ Cytometer ✔ Loader

Emptying the Waste

Waste can be collected into either the supplied 4-L waste tank or directly into an empty 20-L cubitainer.



Empty the waste container when filling the sheath container, or as needed to prevent leakage. The software indicator for waste will be yellow or red when the container needs to be emptied. Take care to avoid damaging the fluid level sensor in the waste tank.



Biological samples are potentially dangerous and/or life threatening. Adhere to proper handling procedures for samples and reagents. Wear PPE such as protective gloves, eyewear, and lab coat during this procedure.



Always treat the contents of the waste container with household bleach (10% of the total volume). Contents of the waste container may contain biohazardous material.

Removing Waste from a Cytek 4-L Waste Tank or a 20-L Cubitainer

- 1 Disconnect the waste line orange quick-connect from the cubitainer cap or 4-L waste tank. Disconnect the waste level sensor.
The waste level sensor connector for the cubitainer is on the cubitainer cap. The waste level sensor connector for the 4-L tank is on the front of the cytometer.
- 2 Remove the waste cap from the cubitainer or the lid from the 4-L waste tank, taking care not to damage the liquid level sensor.
- 3 Dispose of the waste according to local, state, and national regulations.
- 4 Add 2 L of undiluted bleach to the waste cubitainer, or 400 mL of bleach to the waste tank.
- 5 Replace the waste cap/lid to the container. Hand-tighten the cap/lid until it is fully closed.
- 6 Reattach the waste line and level sensor line to the cap/lid and front of the cytometer.
- 7 If the cytometer is powered on and the software is connected, verify that the software waste indicator is green.

Starting Up the System

- 1 Turn on the workstation, then turn on the cytometer.

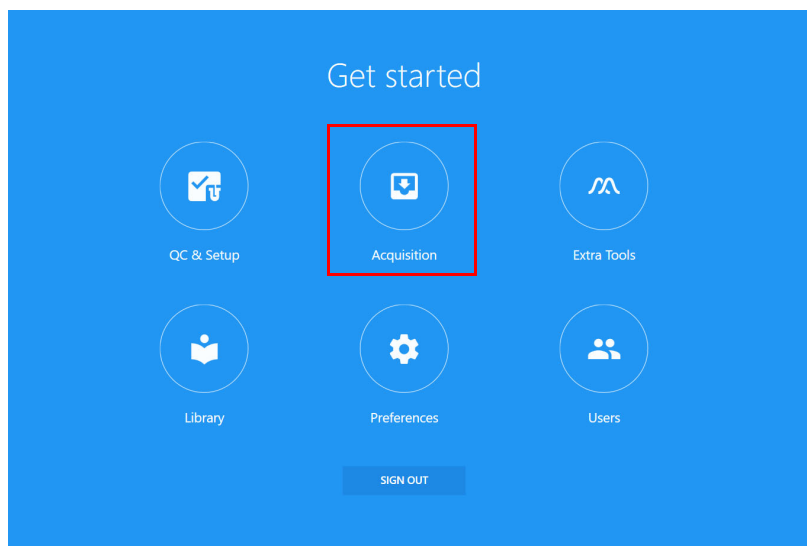
■ **NOTE:** For manual tube configuration, ensure that a tube containing 1 mL of deionized (DI) water is loaded on the SIP before launching SpectroFlo software. The tube is required for the SIT depth calibration and to flush liquid through the flow cell to remove bubbles that may have formed. For the ASL, the software will prompt you to place a tube in the loader with DI water in the rack.

- 2 Launch SpectroFlo software and log in by entering your user name and password and clicking SIGN IN.

You can start typing your user name to display a list of names beginning with the letter(s) you type.

The cytometer initialization procedure begins. Sheath fluid is flushed through the fluidics lines to prevent any saline buildup, and the system calibrates the SIT depth.

- 3 Select Acquisition from the Get started menu to launch the startup wizard.



- 4 Check the status indicators in the lower-right corner of the screen.

- Ensure the indicator for Connected is a green checkmark. It may take a few minutes for the indicators to update.

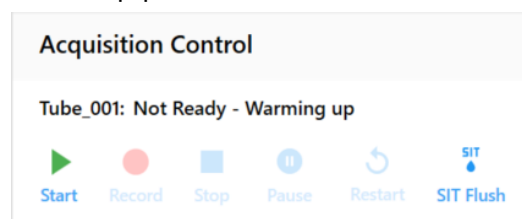


If the indicator shows the instrument is not connected, check to ensure that the USB connection between the cytometer and workstation is plugged into the appropriate ports. See “Back of Cytometer” on page 13.

- Ensure the status indicators for sheath and waste are green before proceeding.

Fluid Indicator	Meaning	What to do
Yellow sheath	Sheath tank is low. Acquisition will continue for 5 minutes before the sheath is empty.	Fill the sheath tank (see “Filling the Sheath” on page 25).
Red sheath	Sheath tank is empty.	
Yellow waste	Waste tank is nearing capacity.	Empty the waste tank (see “Emptying the Waste” on page 26).
Red waste	Waste tank is full.	

- 5 Wait 30 minutes before running samples. We recommend running a tube of DI water during the warm-up period.



Shutting Down the System

Run the shutdown procedure at the end of each day that you use the instrument.

The shutdown procedure flushes the flow cell and sample lines with 10% bleach solution, DI water, 30% Contrad 70, and DI water. The procedure takes approximately 5 minutes.

To shut down the system:

- 1 Follow the Fluidics Shutdown procedure. See [“Fluidics Shutdown” on page 136](#).
- 2 When the shutdown procedure is complete, exit SpectroFlo software by clicking the X in the upper-right corner of the application window.
- 3 Turn off the cytometer and workstation.

QC & Setup

Daily QC

Run Daily QC using SpectroFlo QC beads prior to acquiring samples to ensure that the cytometer is performing optimally. Daily QC assesses the instrument's optical alignment and the system performance drift by measuring rCVs and gains needed to place the beads at the target locations for each detector. During QC, laser delays and area scaling factors are optimized and gain settings are adjusted to account for day-to-day instrument variability. Upon completion of Daily QC, a QC report is generated. QC reports can be reviewed under the Reports tab.

Performance can be tracked and charted over time in the Levey-Jennings tab. The software can be configured to display a warning if the QC result on the QC report exceeds user-defined criteria. See "Alarm Ranges" on page 41.

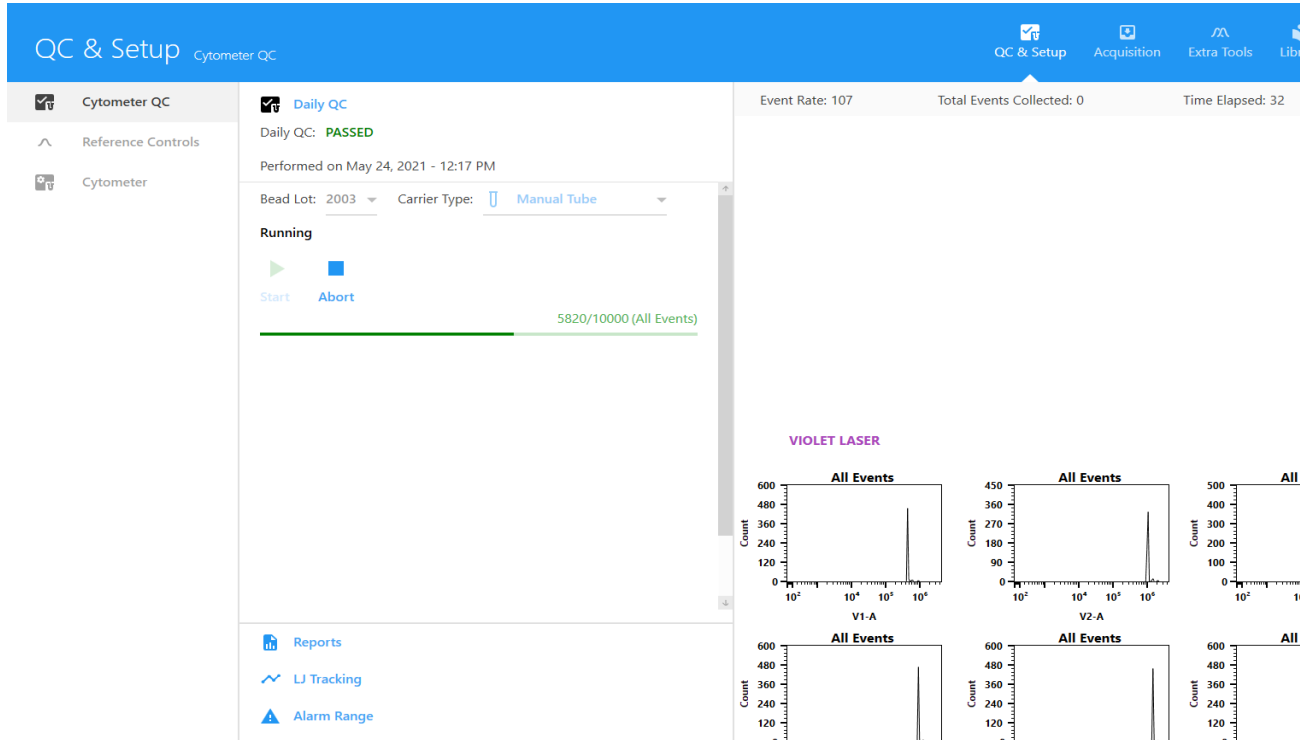
Performing Daily QC

- 1 Allow 30 minutes to pass after turning on the system to ensure the optics compartment is warmed up. The system has grayed out the run button in QC & Setup until the warm-up time is complete.
- 2 Prepare SpectroFlo QC beads (1 drop of beads in 0.3 mL of sheath solution) in a tube or plate well.

■ **NOTE:** Always prepare beads in the same solution used for the sheath solution on the instrument. The bead diluent and instrument sheath solution must match. If you use DI water to prepare the beads, the beads will begin to degrade within a few hours. Do not reuse the beads prepared in DI water.

The SpectroFlo QC beads are 3- μ m hard-dyed, polystyrene beads that have a single fluorescence intensity. They can be excited by each laser and emit fluorescence in all detector channels.

3 Select QC & Setup from the Get started menu.



4 Select the current bead lot from the Bead Lot menu.

Each time you open a new lot number of SpectroFlo QC beads you must import the bead lot ID into the library so it is accessible when you run QC. Bead lot files can be downloaded from the Resources section at <http://www.cytexbio.com>.

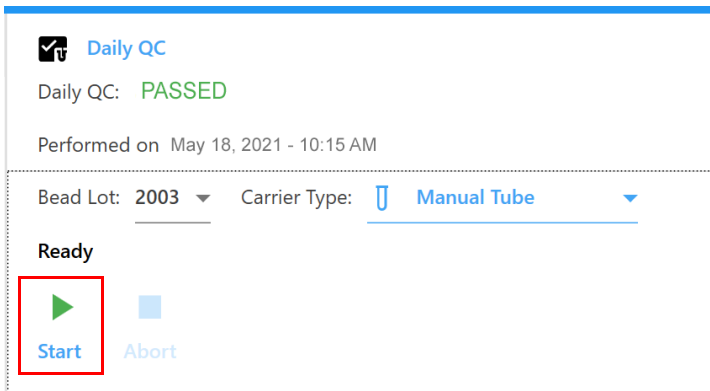


Different bead lots have different fluorescence intensities. Always select the correct bead lot when performing Daily QC.

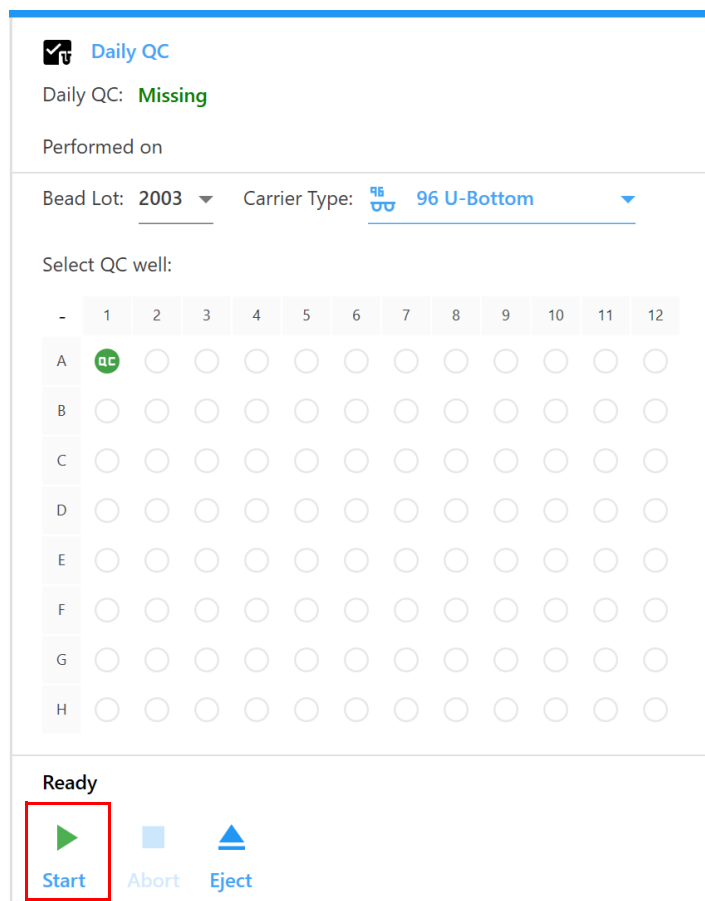
5 Ensure the correct Carrier Type is selected.

6 Start acquisition:

- Tube: Load a 12 x 75-mm tube of the beads onto the SIP. Select Start to begin acquisition.



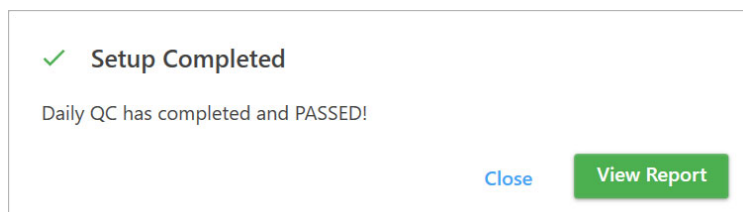
- **Loader:** Ensure the correct plate type is selected (96 U-, V-, Flat-Bottom, deep well, or 40-tube rack). Click in the plate to select the well where the QC beads are located. Well A1 is selected by default, but you can choose any well. Select Eject, load the plate onto the plate stage, then click Load followed by Start to begin acquisition.



As the instrument begins acquiring the QC beads, they appear in the scatter plot. The laser delays are initially set to 0, then optimized thereafter. The performance measurements are established and compared to the pass/fail criteria (see [“Pass/Fail Criteria”](#) on page 32).

The procedure takes approximately 3 to 5 minutes to complete. Once acquisition is complete, two SIT Flushes are automatically performed to clear the beads from the sample line.

The following message is displayed when Daily QC passes. To view the QC report, click [View Report](#) (see [“QC Report”](#) on page 32).



If QC fails, remove the tube or plate and follow the guidelines that appear. The recommended solution will vary depending on the reason for the failed test.

Daily QC Failed

Daily QC failed to place the QC beads on scale.

Please try the following:

1. Make sure the concentration of your beads sample is appropriate (between 100 - 1000 events per second).
2. Go to Acquisition to run your beads sample in an experiment and make sure your sample is appropriate.
3. Remix your beads sample run QC again.

If the problem persists, please contact Cytek Service.

OK

You are now ready to run reference controls, if applicable, or acquire samples.

QC Report

At the completion of Daily QC, a QC report is generated. The report includes the following sections:

- The header section contains the Pass/Fail status of the run, name of the instrument, instrument configuration, date the Daily QC was run, user who ran the Daily QC, instrument serial number, and SpectroFlo QC bead lot and expiration date.
- The results section contains the gain, gain change, median fluorescent intensity of the QC bead, %rCV, and a pass/fail indicator for each detector channel. The center wavelength of the detector is shown in parentheses next to the detector name.
- The Laser Settings section contains the laser delays for all non-primary lasers, and area scaling factors for all lasers and the FSC detector.

Pass/Fail Criteria

The pass/fail criteria are the following:

- %rCV must not exceed 6% for the FSC channel
- %rCV must not exceed 8% for the SSC and SSC-B channels
- %rCV must not exceed 6% for the third channel of each laser (V3, B3, R3, YG3, and UV3)
- % delta gain change for all channels must not exceed 100% from the last Daily QC run performed by Cytek Service personnel.

QC reports are automatically exported as CSV files to the Setup folder (C:\CytekbioExport30\Setup). The number of reports listed in the Reports screen can be set in the Preferences. See [“QC Setup Preferences” on page 98](#) for more information.

An example QC Report, exportable as a PDF, from a five-laser system is shown.

Reference Controls

Reference controls, obtained by running single-stained and unstained samples, provide the individual fluorescence spectra necessary to unmix the data. Either beads or cells can be stained for use as reference controls. These controls can be acquired in the reference group of the experiment during acquisition, or they can be acquired as reference controls in the QC & Setup module. If reference controls are acquired in the QC & Setup module, they are stored and can be used as reference controls for unmixing in subsequent experiments.

A wizard guides you through recording reference controls.

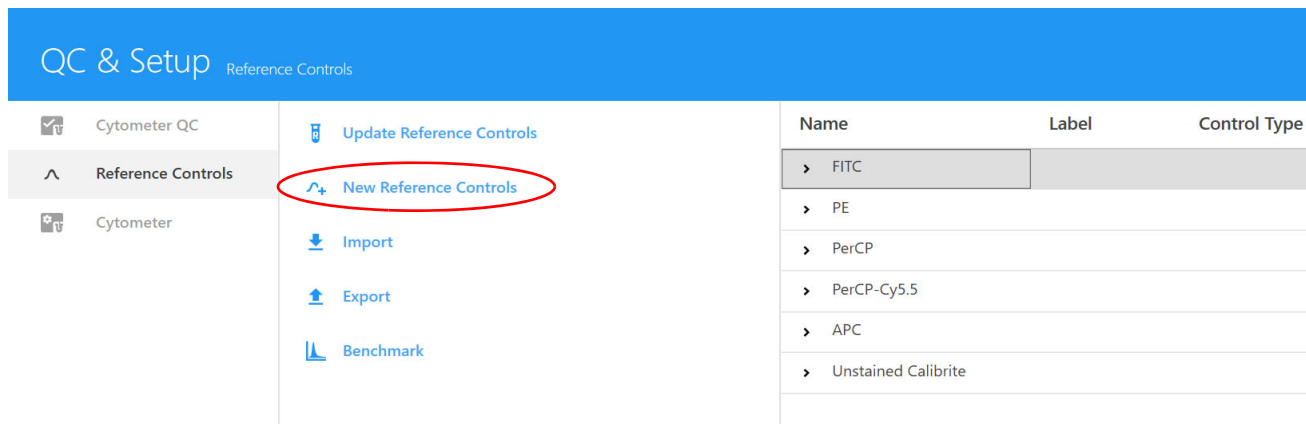
Running Reference Controls

To create reference controls you will need to select the fluorescent tags, choose the control type (beads or cells), then label the fluorescent tags (for example, using CD nomenclature). You can also append existing FCS files when running reference controls.

Run Daily QC to ensure the instrument is performing optimally before running reference controls. Your Daily QC results will also be used to normalize any reference controls saved in the library, adjusting signatures for any day-to-day fluctuations.

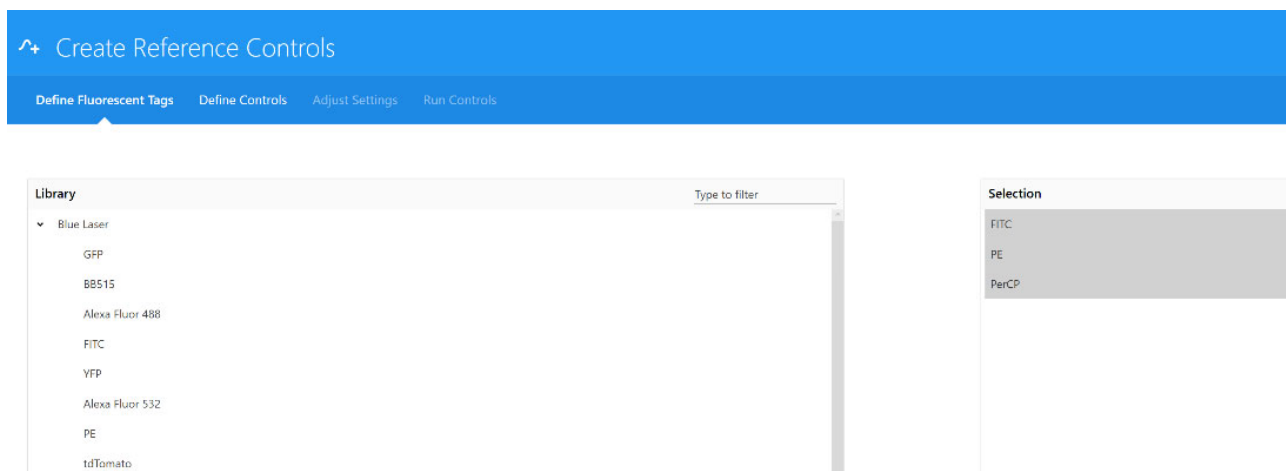
- 1 Select Reference Controls from the QC & Setup module.
- 2 Select New Reference Controls from the Reference Controls tab.

A wizard opens allowing you to create new reference controls.



- 3 Select the fluorescent tags for the reference controls you will be acquiring and saving to the Library. The left pane displays the fluorescent tag groups found in the library.
 - Click the arrow to the left of the fluorescent tag group name to view the fluorescent tags in the group. The default fluorescent tag groups are Blue Laser, Red Laser, Violet Laser, Yellow-Green Laser, Ultraviolet Laser, Fluorescent Proteins, and Viability Dyes. These contain a list of commonly used fluorescent tags excited by their respective laser.
 - From the expanded list of fluorescent tags, select the fluorescent tags used in the experiment. Once selected, the fluorescent tags appear in the selection pane on the right. You can select fluorescent tags by dragging and dropping, double-clicking, or using the Add button. Multiple tags can be chosen at one time. Confirm the tags selected, then click Next.

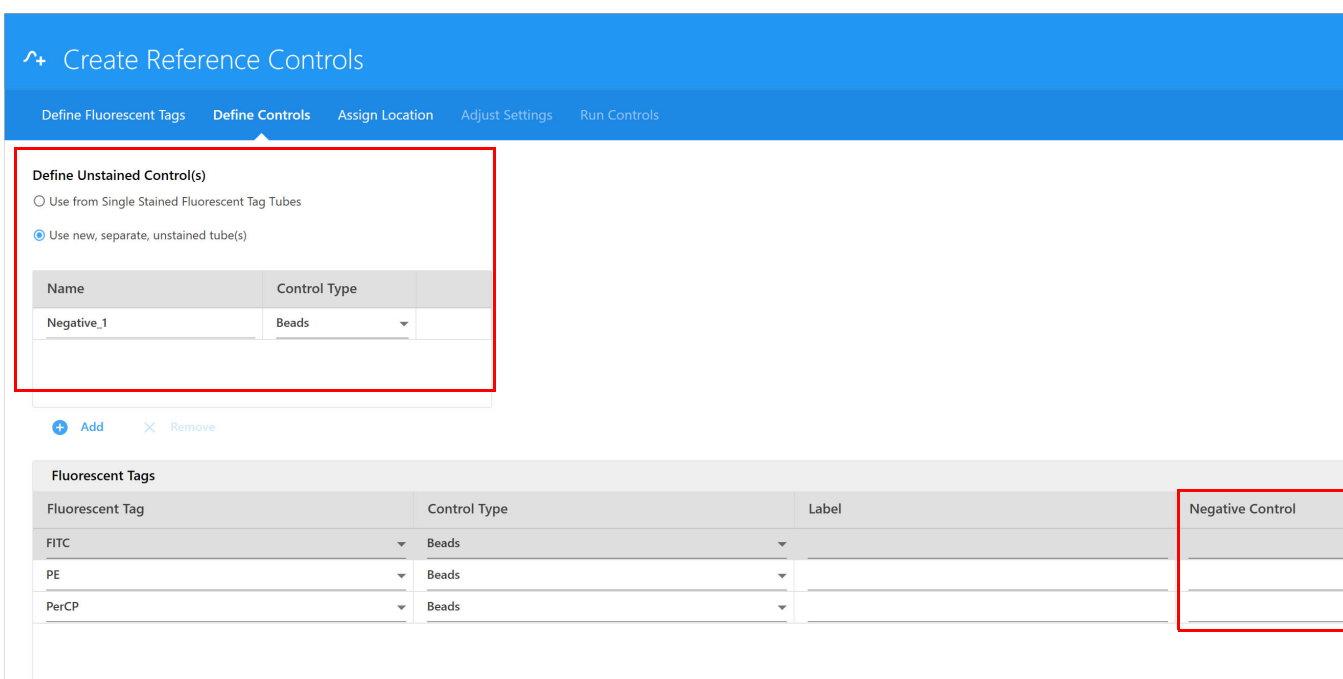
■ **NOTE:** For any fluorescent tags not already in the list, more can be added by going to the Library module. You can use the library to add fluorescent tags that are not present in the default list. See “Fluorescent Tags” on page 79 for more information.



4 Define the unstained control(s).

Choose either single-stained fluorescent tags, or new, separate, unstained for the control tubes. If using a control that has a positive population only, you will need an unstained control of the same type as the stained.

Either beads or cells can be stained and defined as control types. If you select Use new, separate, unstained tube(s), you can add more unstained tubes, as necessary. Then select the specific unstained tube in the Negative Control column of the Fluorescent Tags table below.



5 Define the control type (beads or cells) for each fluorescent tag in the Fluorescent Tags table.

6 (Optional) Enter labels associated with the fluorescent tag for identification and tracking.

7 If applicable, enter the lot number(s) of the reference controls.

■ **NOTE:** If you selected Label/Lot Specific Unmixing in the Acquisition Preferences (see [page 89](#)), during unmixing, the software will search the library and experiment reference groups for reference controls that have the same fluorescent tag, label, and lot information to use the corresponding control for unmixing.

Define Unstained Control(s)

Use from Single Stained Fluorescent Tag Tubes

Use new, separate, unstained tube(s)

Name	Control Type
Unstained_1	Beads
Unstained_2	Beads

[+](#) Add [×](#) Remove

Fluorescent Tags			
Fluorescent Tag	Control Type	Label	Lot
FITC	Beads		
PE	Beads		
PerCP	Beads		

■ **NOTE:** For reference, you can view what reference controls have already been saved in the Library by selecting the drop-down box under Available Controls in Library.

8 Once the controls have been defined, click Next.

9 Load the control sample(s).

- Tube mode: Load the appropriate control sample onto the SIP.
- Loader mode: Assign the location of each control by dragging the control (unstained and fluorescent tags) to the appropriate location on the plate or tube rack. You can use the auto-fill feature to fill the remaining wells/tubes. Click Next. Load the carrier by clicking Eject, loading the carrier on the stage, then click Load to send the stage to the acquisition position.

^+ Create Reference Controls

Define Fluorescent Tags Define Controls Assign Location Adjust Settings Run Controls

Assign Control Location

Controls	Drag Controls Onto Wells
Unstained_1 (Beads)	A1
FITC (Beads)	A2
PE (Beads)	A3
PerCP (Beads)	A4

96 U-Bottom			
	1	2	3
A	●	●	●
B	○	○	○
C	○	○	○
D	○	○	○
E	○	○	○

- Click Start to preview the sample data. This step allows you to ensure that all populations for all control samples are on scale. If necessary, adjust gain settings or select from one of the pre-optimized user settings from the drop-down menu.

Gain settings for all channels can be selected from the User Settings drop-down menu, or they can be individually adjusted for each channel using the detector gain spinboxes (V1–V16, B1–B14, YG1–YG10, R1–R8, and UV1–UV16).

■ **NOTE:** CytekAssaySetting was generated by measuring the optimal resolution of human lymphocytes stained with CD8 and CD4 labeled with various fluorochromes. These settings provide a place to start for most immunophenotyping applications.

The Adjust Settings screen allows you to view the data to ensure that the positively stained fluorescent particles are on scale. Adjust the threshold and FSC and SSC gains. FSC gain can be adjusted from 1-1,000. SSC and detector channel gains can be adjusted from 10-10,000. If the positive population is off-scale for any detector channels, lower the gain setting for that channel. If the positive population is not sufficiently separated from the negative population within a specific channel, verify that CytekAssaySetting is selected, as these settings ensure adequate resolution. If the positive population is still not clearly separated from the negative population, review the sample preparation and staining procedure.

Once gain settings have been confirmed, unstained and reference controls are ready for acquisition.

■ **NOTE:** Dim markers may not separate from the negative population regardless of how much the gain is increased.



- Preview the data for the remaining controls by clicking Stop, then:

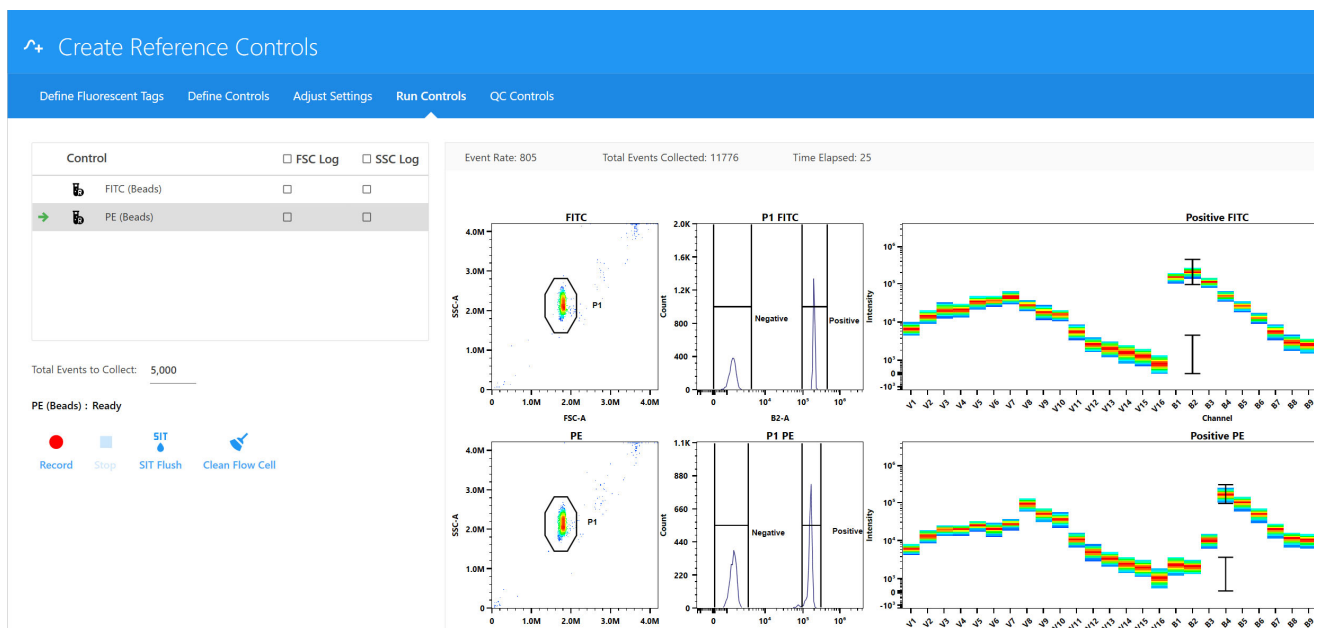
- Tube mode: Loading the next control onto the SIP and clicking Start.
- Plate mode: Selecting the next control well and clicking Start.

- 12 Select Next when you are satisfied with the gain settings. Proceed to running controls.
- 13 If you are running in Tube mode, place a tube of the appropriate single-stained particles on the SIP.
- 14 Click Record to begin acquiring.

Make sure to follow the order listed in the left-hand panel. When running in plate mode, you can select to record a single well/control or the entire plate.

During acquisition the spectra plot for each fluorescent control is displayed. The plots show all the channels across all lasers in the x-axis vs mean fluorescence intensity (MFI) of the fluorescent tag.

If the acquisition criteria is not met within 15 minutes, the run will stop.



- 15 During acquisition, obtain spectral information by moving the polygon gate on the FSC-A vs SSC-A plot to include the population of interest.

Hold down the Ctrl key while adjusting the gate to move the polygon gates for all the scatter plots at once. The gated population appears in the histogram, which is set approximately to the peak emission channel of the fluorescent tag to be acquired. The emission spectrum of the population is displayed in the spectrum plot.

Adjust the positive gate on the histogram. The software automatically displays the emission spectrum of the positive particle in the spectrum plot. SpectroFlo software sets the default gate near or on the peak emission channel. The gate can be selected manually. It is best to set the gate on the brightest emission, as this can make distinguishing the positive and negative populations easier and provides better visualization of the spectrum.

■ **NOTE:** Unmixing results are unaffected by the position of the interval gate in the spectrum plot.

Readjust the positive and/or negative gate on the histogram, if necessary.

- 16 Continue recording each control.
- 17 Select Save to save the reference controls.

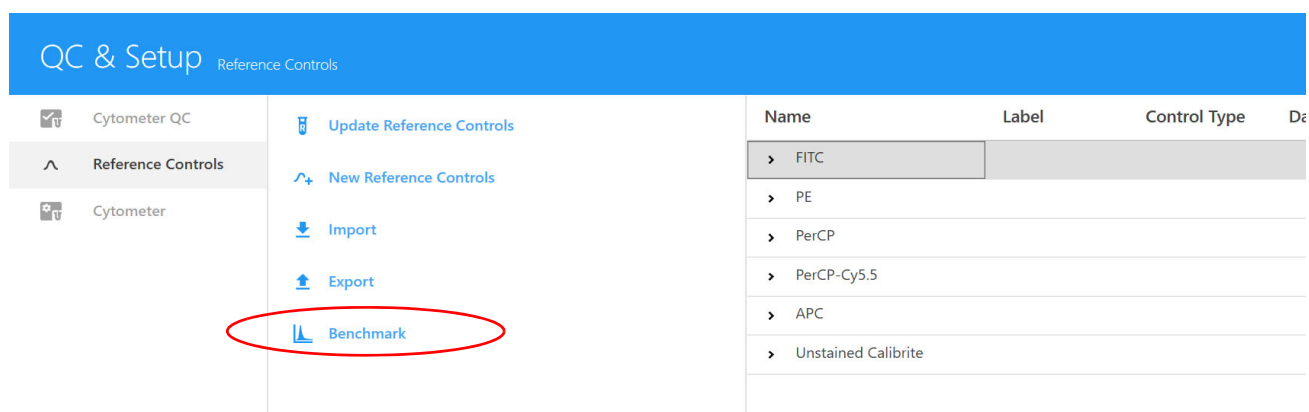
FCS files for saved reference controls are stored in the export Setup folder by default, or the folder you set as the default. See “Storage Preferences” on page 97 for information.

Setting Reference Controls as Benchmarks for Reference Control QC

You can select reference controls to be used as benchmarks for QC. The reference controls you select as benchmarks allow you to check the quality of your reference controls prior to unmixing. If a reference control is suboptimal, the benchmark will indicate whether the reference control spectra appears as expected. If you choose not to designate reference controls as benchmarks, the reference controls run during QC & Setup or during the experiment will be used as-is without a quality control check.

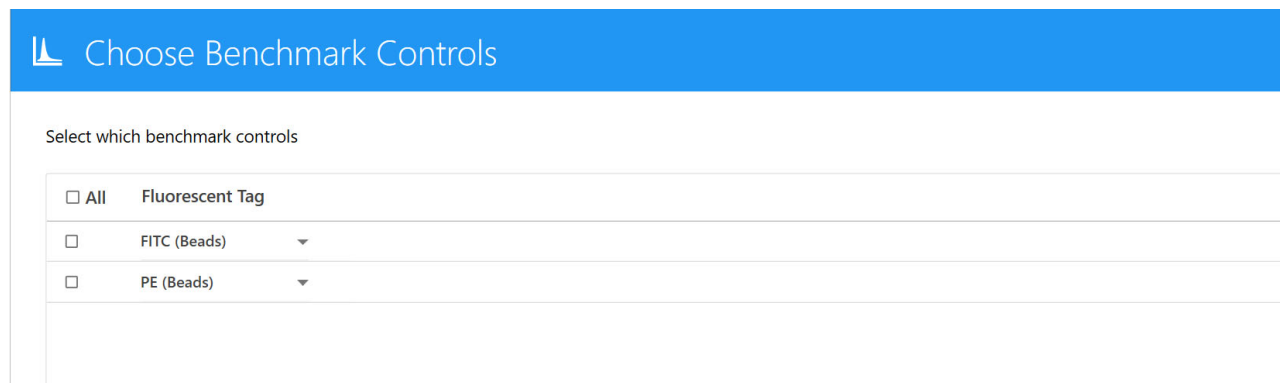
■ **NOTE:** Before saving a reference control as a benchmark, ensure that it is fully optimized.

- 1 Select Reference Controls from the QC & Setup module.
- 2 Select Benchmark from the Reference Controls tab.



- 3 Select the reference controls that will be the benchmarks.

Click All to select all the controls in the list.



- 4 Click Save.

Updating Reference Controls

You may wish to update the reference controls if any of the following occur:

- Major service performed on the instrument
- Fluorochrome exhibiting signs of instability resulting in changes in its emission spectrum
- Staining protocols change, for example different buffers or fixatives are used

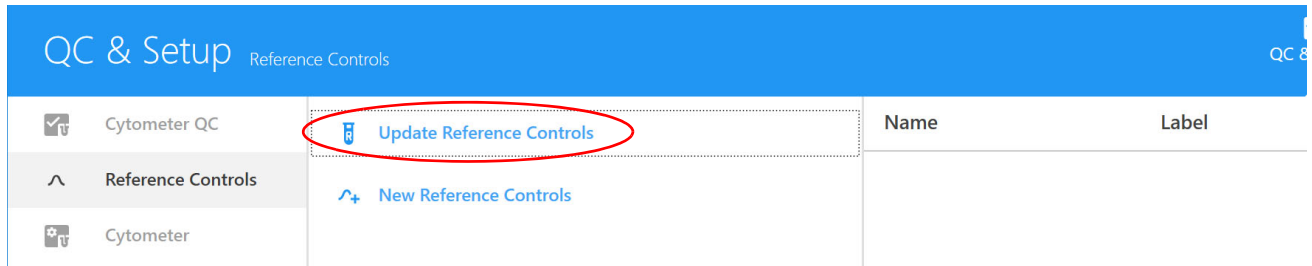
- New lot is received for any reagent

The Reference Controls tab displays the reference controls saved in the library. Click the arrow next to the control name to display the details.

To Update Reference Controls

- 1 Select Update Reference Controls from the Reference Controls tab in the QC & Setup module.

A wizard opens allowing you to update reference controls.



- 2 Follow steps 3 through 12 in “Running Reference Controls” on page 34.

Levey-Jennings Tracking

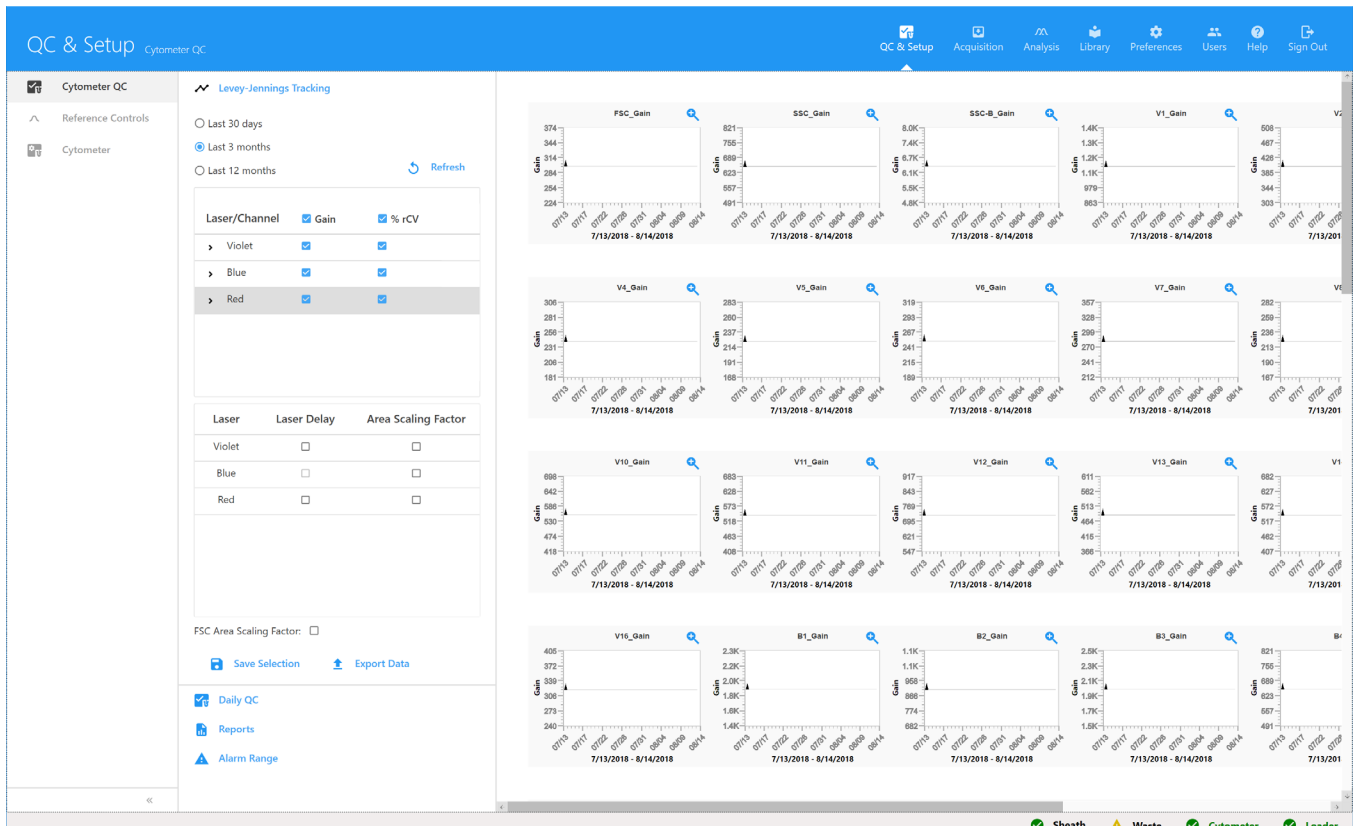
Levey-Jennings tracks the gain and CV's for all detector channels and the laser delay and area scaling factor for each laser over time. This allows you to view the system's performance. Select the parameter(s) you wish to track.

The graphs in the report show you shifts and trends in the data for each parameter. Data from the last 30 days, 3 months, or 12 months can be included in the reports.

Select a parameter checkbox to display the Levey-Jennings plot.

Use Save Selection to save the LJ tracking settings.

To export Levey-Jennings data to a .csv file, click Export Data.



Gain Settings

The amount of signal amplification applied to each detector channel can be modulated by increasing or decreasing the amount of gain applied. The gains for every detector channel can be saved and are collectively known as the user settings. User gain settings are stored as a ratio against the Daily QC. Every time Daily QC is performed, User Settings will be adjusted accordingly.

Alarm Ranges

You can set an alarm to warn you when the gain and %rCV exceeds the passing criteria that you define. This changes the outliers (shown in red) in the LJ graphs. Select Alarm Range from the Cytometer QC tab, then adjust the SD range (plus or minus) for individual detectors for each laser.

Parameter	Alarm Criteria	Min	Max
Gain	+/- 3SD	0	0
> Violet	+/- 3SD	0	0
> Blue	+/- 3SD	0	0
> Red	+/- 3SD	0	0
% rCV	+/- 3SD	0.00	0.00
> Violet	+/- 3SD	0.00	0.00
> Blue	+/- 3SD	0.00	0.00
> Red	+/- 3SD	0.00	0.00
Laser Delay	+/- 3SD	0.00	0.00
Violet	+/- 3SD	0.00	0.00
Red	+/- 3SD	0.00	0.00
Area Scaling Factor	+/- 3SD	0.10	3.00

Acquisition

Raw vs Unmixed Data

SpectroFlo software saves flow cytometry data in the FCS 3.1 format. Data is saved in both raw and unmixed formats. Raw data contains all the fluorescence information from each detector (ie, V1, V2, V3, etc). Each detector channel is designated by its excitation laser and position in the array. For example, B3 is the third channel of the blue laser detector array.

Unmixed data contains all the fluorescence information from each fluorescent tag in the experiment. To unmix data, single stained controls (or reference controls) for each of the fluorescent tags (as well as an unstained control) are required. During unmixing, an Ordinary Least Squares (OLS) calculation is used for the decomposition of the fluorescent components in the sample using the reference controls. Parameters in unmixed data will display as the fluorescent tag name along with their associated labels.

The Acquisition module provides the tools that allow you to create an experiment. An experiment is a set of tubes, instrument settings, acquisition criteria (stopping rule), fluorescent tags, labels, and worksheets designed for the acquisition of samples. See [“About Experiments” on page 18](#).

New and saved experiments can be created or accessed in the Experiments tab of the Acquisition module.

Unmixing and Compensation

Raw FCS files can be spectrally unmixed in the following ways:

- Reference group from the experiment – Reference controls collected as FCS files within the experiment can be used to unmix using the Unmixing wizard in the Acquisition module.
- Reference controls run in QC & Setup module – Reference controls run in the QC & Setup module can be used to unmix using the Unmixing wizard in the Acquisition module.
- Unmixing from the Extra Tools module – FCS files collected from different experiments can be unmixed in the Extra Tools module. FCS files can be imported and unmixed in this module.

Raw FCS files can also be compensated with the conventional method using the Virtual Filters tab in the Extra Tools module. Detector channels can mimic the analysis of the data as if it were acquired using a filter. See [“Virtual Filters” on page 74](#) for more information.

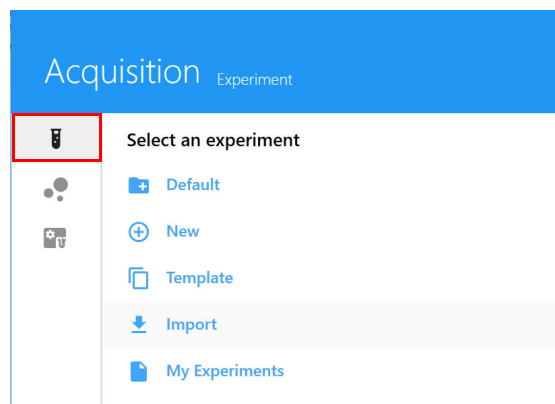
Setting Up an Experiment

An experiment can be saved as a template or created for one time use. Setting up the experiment in SpectroFlo software involves:

- 1 (Optional) Providing a name and description for the experiment. A default name is provided.
- 2 Specifying the fluorescent tags used in the experiment.
- 3 Defining the reference group with associated reference tags, labels, and lot numbers, as needed.
- 4 Adding labels and lot numbers to each of the fluorescent tags.
- 5 Adding custom keywords. Custom keywords can be defined in the Library.
- 6 Selecting an acquisition worksheet—either new or a template.
- 7 Defining acquisition criteria (stopping rule based on events, time, or volume).

Acquisition Experiment Overview

The Acquisition module provides the necessary elements for data collection within the experiment. Click the Experiment icon in the far left pane to open a template, the default, or a new experiment using the wizard.



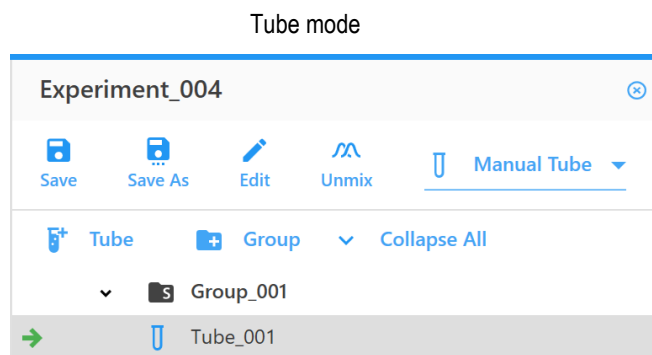
Experiment Display

The experiment display in the Acquisition module includes the following panes. To show, hide, or undock (float) these panes from the experiment panel, click the corresponding icons in the top-right corner of the pane.

Group-Tube List and Hierarchy

The samples are listed in the upper left of the screen. Samples can be organized into groups. Use the (+) Tube and (+) Group icons to add tubes and groups. If running from a Loader, click Add Plate or Rack (ASL only) to add a new sample carrier. Click Plate View to display a graphic image of the carrier instead of the list of groups.

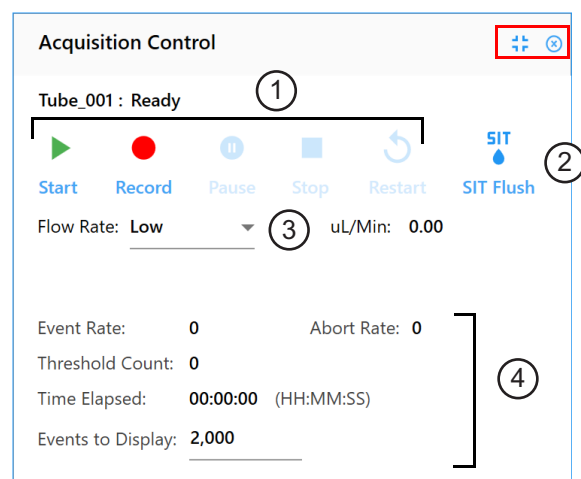
Click **Save** to save changes to the experiment, or click **Save As** to save an experiment template. Click **Edit** to edit the experiment. Worksheets can be applied to the experiment, groups, or individual tubes.



Acquisition Control

The Acquisition Control pane allows you to start, stop, choose flow rate, pause acquisition, record data, and restart acquisition counters. The acquisition controls are enabled when a tube is present on the SIP or when in plate mode. To show, hide, or undock (float) this pane from the experiment panel, use the dock/undock and hide icons in the top-right corner.

For information on the Loader Acquisition Controls when in plate mode, see “[Loader Acquisition Controls](#)” on page 124.



The following table describes the controls in the Acquisition Control pane.

No.	Control	Description
1	Start/Record/Pause/Stop/Restart	<p>Start and Record are enabled when a tube is present on the SIP. Select Start to start acquisition</p> <p>Select Record to record data. Record can also start acquisition.</p> <p>Select Pause to pause recording. While paused you can adjust the flow rate. Select Record again to continue.</p> <p>Select Stop to stop acquisition.</p> <p>Select Restart to restart the acquisition counters. All events and results displayed are refreshed.</p> <p>Stop and Restart are enabled once Start is selected.</p> <p>Stop and Pause are enabled once Record is selected.</p>

No.	Control	Description
2	SIT Flush	Select to perform a SIT Flush
3	Flow Rate	Select Low (15 µL/min), Medium (30 µL/min), or High (60 µL/min). The exact flow rate is displayed.
4	Event Rate, Abort Rate, Threshold Count, Time Elapsed	Displays the real-time counts during acquisition.
5	Events to Display	Enter the number of events to display during acquisition.

Instrument Control

The Instrument Control pane consists of the Gain, Threshold, Signal, and Lasers tabs for use in adjusting the instrument.

User Settings allow you to select CytekAssaySetting, Default, or any saved user settings for the experiment. We recommend using CytekAssaySetting as a starting point. This setting provides the optimal resolution for each channel, accommodates bright signals, and minimizes spread. While using CytekAssaySetting, you will need to only adjust FSC, SSC gains, and Threshold.

Instrument Control

User Settings: **CytekAssaySetting**

GAIN THRESHOLD SIGNAL LASERS

FSC: 299, SSC: 656, SSC-B: 456 (1)

V1: 1,153, V2: 406, V3: 335, V4: 243
V5: 225, V6: 254, V7: 283, V8: 224
V9: 259, V10: 561, V11: 548, V12: 735
V13: 491, V14: 544, V15: 844, V16: 322

All Channels %: 0

THRESHOLD SIGNAL LASERS

Threshold Operator: Or And

Channel	Threshold
FSC	100,000 (2)

SIGNAL LASERS

Scatter Channels

FSC: Area Height Width (3)

SSC: Area Height Width

SSC-B: Area Height Width

LASERS

Window Extension: 2.00

FSC Area Scaling Factor: 0.87

Laser	Area Scaling Factor
Violet	1.19 (4)
Blue	0.93
Red	0.99

Laser	Area	Height	Width
Violet	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> V9
Blue	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> B8
Red	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> R5

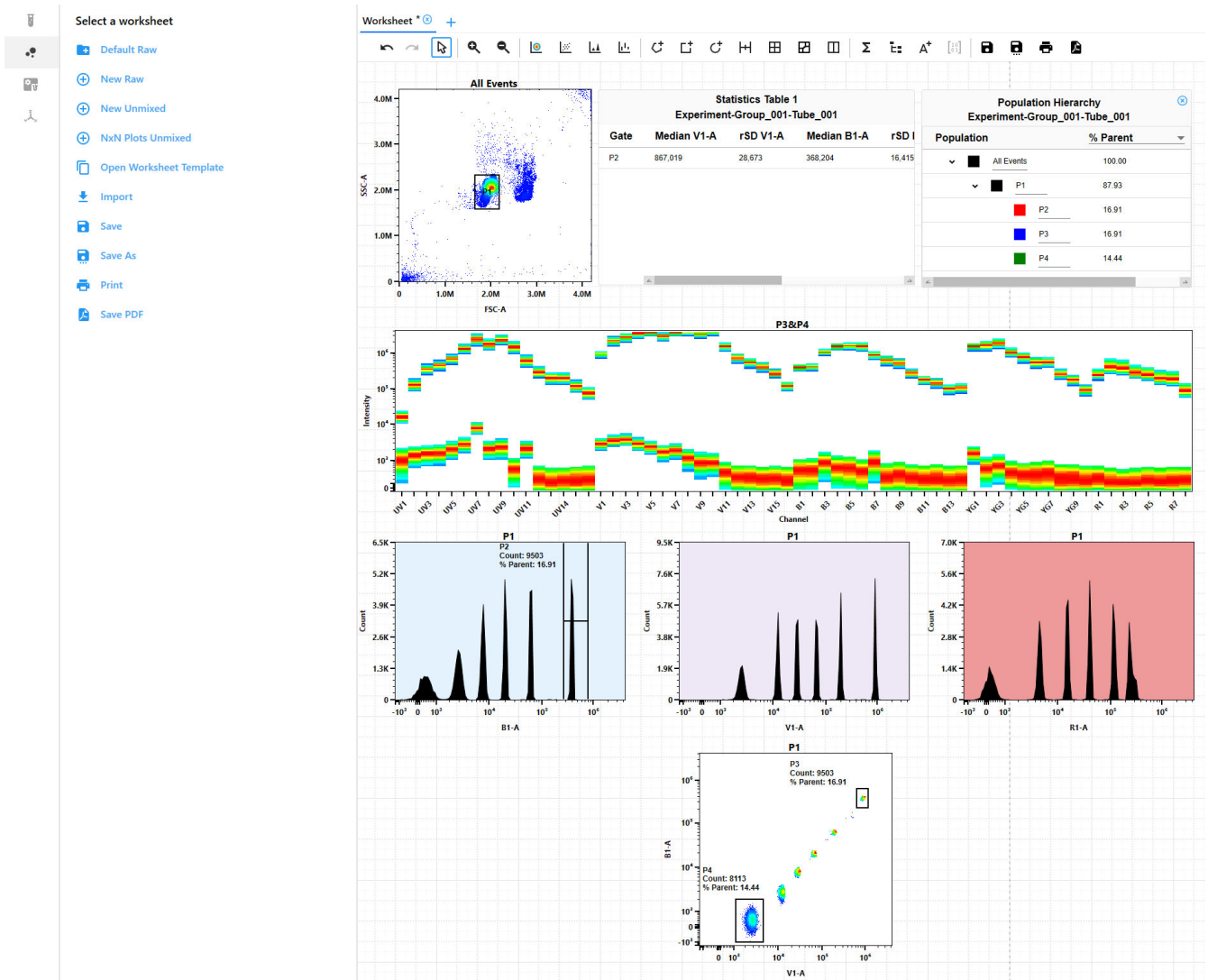
Laser	Laser Delay
Violet	-24.33
Blue	0.00
Red	28.75

The following table describes the tabs in the Instrument Control pane.

No.	Tab	Description
1	Gain	Gains can be adjusted for all detector channels for all lasers using the gain spinboxes. FSC gain can be adjusted from 1–1,000. SSC and fluorescence detector gains can be adjusted from 10–10,000. To change the value that the gain increments, see “Acquisition Preferences” on page 88 . Use All Channels % to increase/decrease all gains for a selected laser by the percentage you select.
2	Threshold	Use the Threshold tab to set the threshold parameter and minimum threshold channel value. Multiple parameters can be set as a threshold using either the AND or OR operator. Use OR when at least one parameter is available.
3	Signal	Use the Signal tab to select area, height, or width for each signal. Area and height can be selected for all channels. Width can be selected for only one channel per laser.
4	Lasers	Use the Lasers tab to set the area scaling factor and laser delay. These values are automatically set and updated in all user settings upon completion of the Daily QC. ■ NOTE: If you run large cells and the lowest FSC gain setting is not low enough to see your cells, lower the FSC area scaling factor (for example, 0.5).

Worksheets

The worksheet allows you to view the data in plots and create plots, statistics, population hierarchy, and gates. Click the worksheet icon in the far left pane to select, import, save, and print worksheets.



Worksheet Toolbar

A toolbar at the top of the worksheet area allows you to undo/redo, zoom; create plots, gates, statistics, population hierarchy, annotations; and save, print, and save a PDF of the worksheet. Hover the cursor over an icon to see a description and keyboard shortcut.



Plots

Four plot types can be created in the worksheet:

- dot plots
- pseudocolor plots (density plots)
- histogram plots
- spectral plots

To change the properties of a plot, right-click the plot and select Properties. You can select the plot type, parameters, scale, background color, and labels.

Plot Properties

General

Plot Gate: **Lymphocytes** ▼

Plot Type: **Pseudocolor Plot** ▼

Parameters

X Axis Parameter: **CD3 cFluor V420-A** ▼

X Axis Scale: **Biexponential** ▼

Auto X Axis Scale

Manual X Axis Scale **-2,000** ▼

Y Axis Parameter: **SSC-A** ▼

Y Axis Scale: **Linear** ▼

Layout

Width **280** Height **280**

Density Plot Options

Density Levels: **15** ▼

Miscellaneous

Background Color:

Include Plate Name

Include Group Name

Include Tube Name

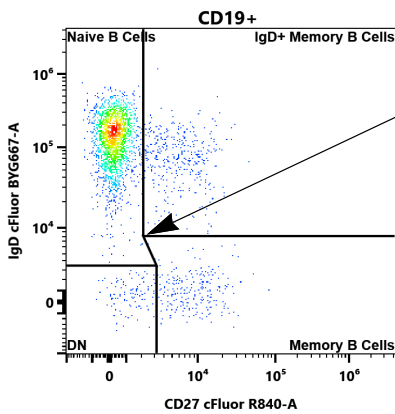
Include Population Name

Include Custom Title

Gates

Gates types include:

- Rectangle
- Ellipse
- Polygon
- Interval
- Quadrants and Hinged Quadrants (select and drag an offset handle to move the quadrant segment up or down)
- Binary



Gate Properties

Gate properties can be changed by right-clicking on the gate and selecting gate properties. You can change the name of the gate, the color, and gate boundary line weight. You can also select whether to display the count and/or the % parent events within the gate, as well as the gate parameters.

Gate Properties ⊙

Gate Name: P2 _____

Gate Color: ■

Count % Parent

Gate Boundary Line Weight: **Normal** ▾

Parameters

X Axis Parameter: FSC-A _____

Y Axis Parameter: SSC-A _____

Boolean Gates

Select multiple gates in the Population Hierarchy window and right-click to open a menu to:

- Intersect the gates with the AND operator – events that are present in all of the selected gates are part of the intersected gate population.
- Join the gates with the OR operator – events that are present in at least one of the gates are part of the joined gate population.

Population Hierarchy Experiment_009-Group_001-Tube_001		
Population	% Parent ▾	Count
▼ ■ All Events	N/A	N/A
▼ ■ P1	N/A	N/A
■ P2	N/A	N/A
■ P3	N/A	N/A

Delete Gate

Intersect (And) Gates

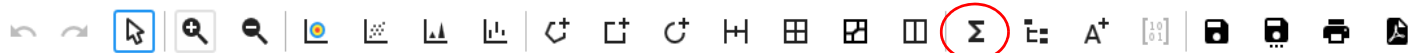
Join (Or) Gates

Bring to Front

Gate Properties

Statistics

To create a statistics box, click the Statistics icon in the worksheet toolbar, then click in the worksheet area.



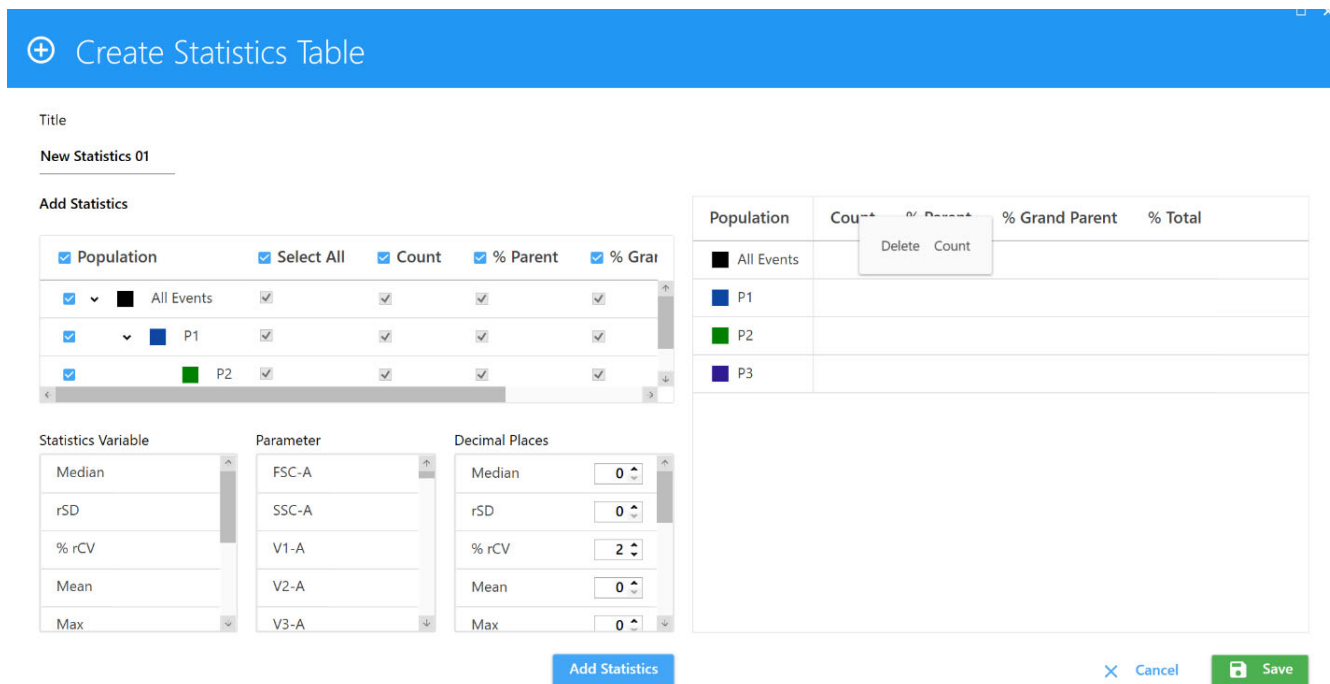
Select the population checkbox next to the populations that have stats to display. To add a statistic, select the statistic from the Statistics Variable list.

Select the parameter you would like to add for the statistics. Multiple parameters can be selected at once.

The software offers a counts/μL statistic that can be calculated for any gate. The Absolute Count statistic will only show a value when a dilution factor has been set in the Keywords Section, from the Experiment Editor.

To adjust the precision of the statistics, select the decimal place in the Decimal Places table. To remove a statistic, right-click the column header and select Delete.

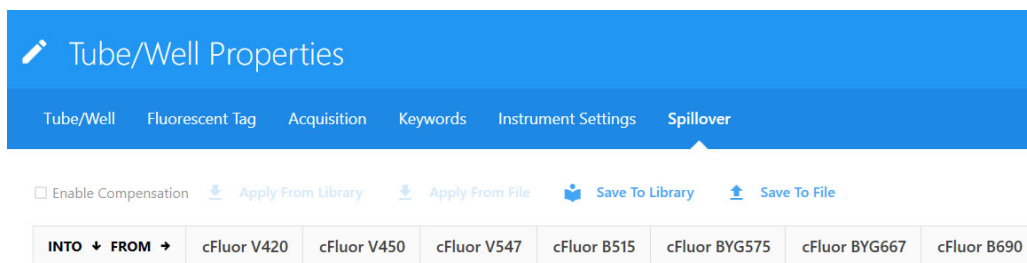
Once the statistics are complete, you can export the stats as a CSV file to the location you choose. Statistics output can be appended or overwritten if you export the stats into the same CSV file. You can also export the statistics for multiple samples at once by selecting the desired tubes or wells and choosing Batch Analysis and then selecting either the CSV or PDF file format.




Adjusting Spillover

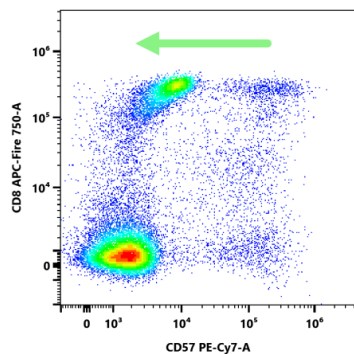
You can adjust the fluorescence spillover for a selected tube/well.

- 1 Ensure the green arrow is next to the tube/well and right click, then select Edit Properties in the group-tube hierarchy list.
The Tube/Well Properties window opens.
- 2 Select the Spillover tab.
- 3 Click the Enable Compensation checkbox to activate. The Adjust Spillover icon in the toolbar is now enabled.



- 4 Leaving the Tube/Well Properties window open, click the Adjust Spillover icon , then click and drag in the plot in the direction you want to adjust.

Changes are reflected in Tube/Well Properties window.



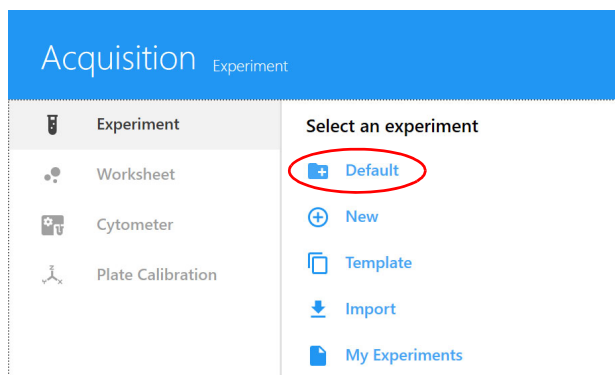
- 5 Click Save to save the changes. To discard the changes, close the Tube/Well Properties window and click No in the confirmation window, or click Discard changes in the tube/well properties window.

■ **NOTE:** Spillover adjustments only apply to the selected tube or well. To apply the same adjustments to multiple samples, you can copy and paste the Spillover to other tubes and wells. You can also save the Spillover to the Library, or export it as an Excel file for use across experiments.

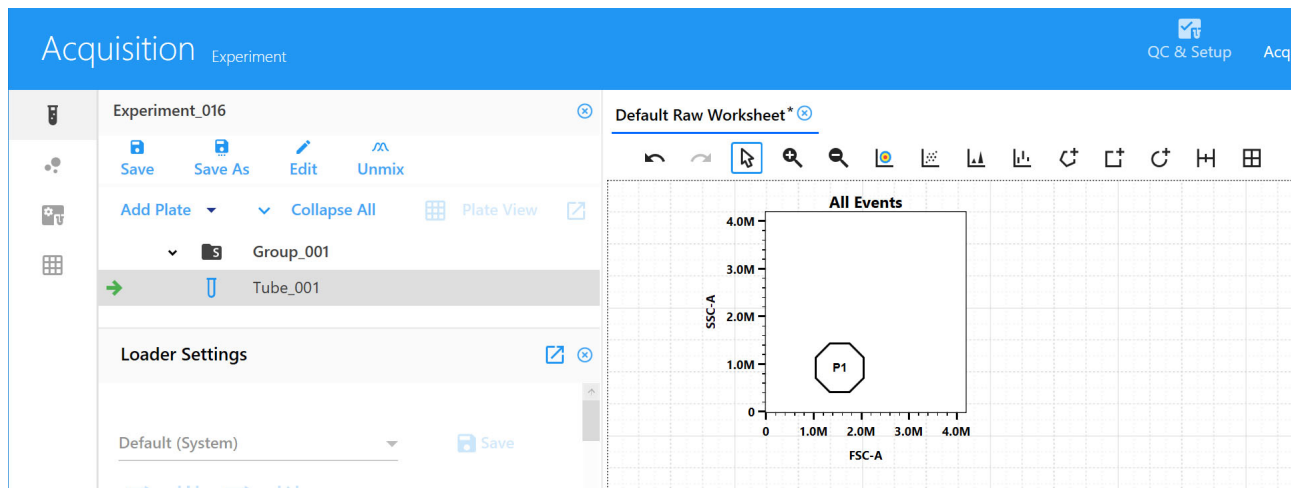
Creating a Default Experiment

Use the default experiment option to quickly begin an experiment. The default experiment contains a set of fluorescent tags, however, all parameters are user configurable.

- 1 Click Default in the Acquisition Experiment menu.



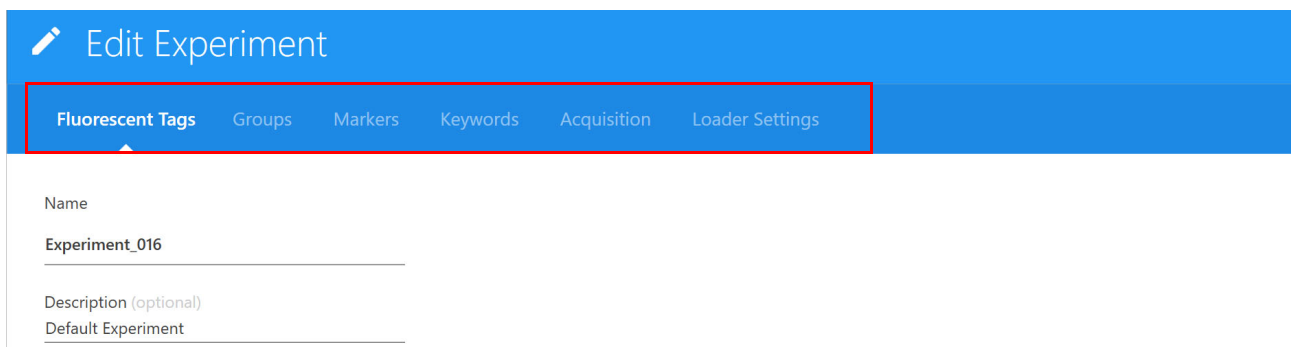
The default experiment opens with a default raw worksheet.



2 Click Edit.

The same wizard appears as when creating a new experiment. Follow the steps to select the fluorescent tags, add groups, and define makers, keywords, acquisition settings/worksheets, and Loader settings.

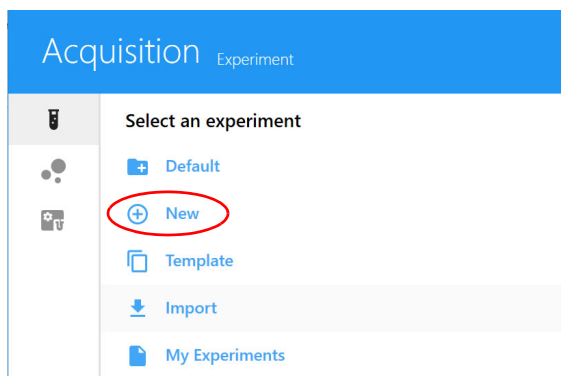
See “Creating a New Experiment” on page 53 for details on defining the information in the experiment wizard.



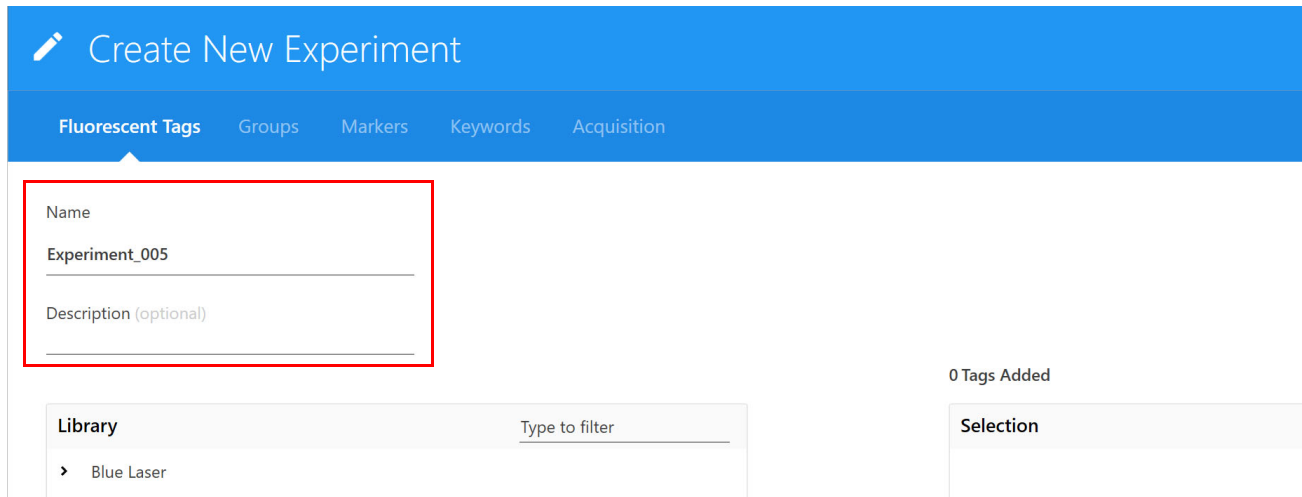
Creating a New Experiment

Selecting New in the Experiment menu opens the New Experiment wizard. The wizard walks you through the steps to create a new experiment.

1 Click New in the Acquisition Experiment menu.



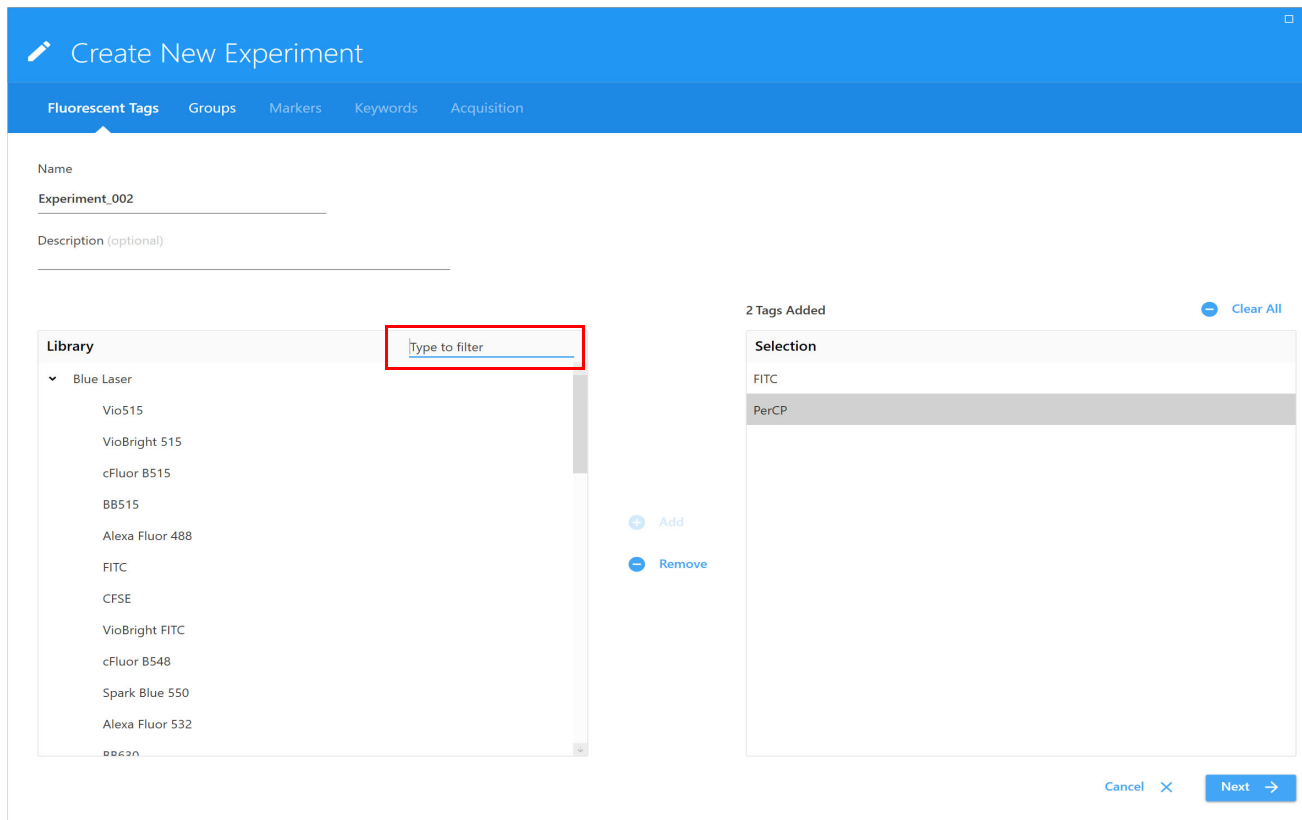
- 2 The Create New Experiment wizard opens. Specify a name for the experiment or use the default name. (Optional) Type in a description.




- 3 Click the arrow to the left of the group name (laser) in the Library pane on the left to display the list of its fluorescent tags. Select the fluorescent tags used in the experiment and click (+) Add to add them to the Selection list on the right. You can also double-click the tag to add it to the Selection list.

To quickly find a fluorescent tag, type the tag name in the Type to filter text box. A default list of fluorescent tags for each group is available in the library. See “Fluorescent Tags” on page 79.

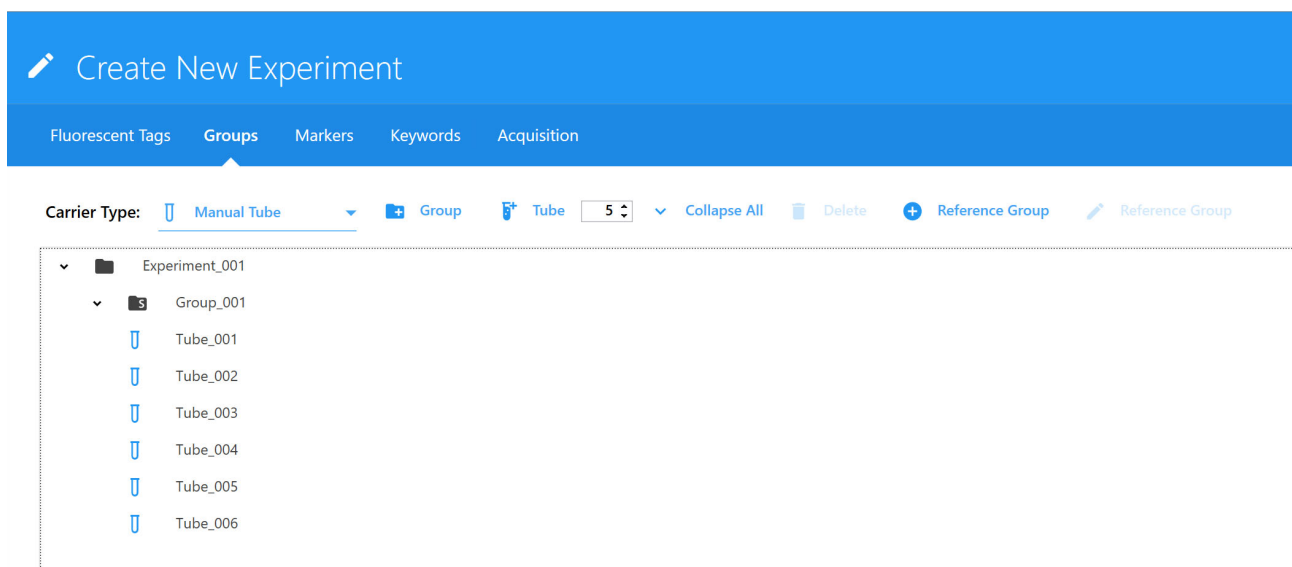
You must select all fluorescent tags present in the experiment, as this will determine which reference controls are to be used during spectral unmixing.




To remove individual fluorescent tags from the Selection list, click to select the tag, then click Remove. To remove all fluorescent tags, click Clear All.

- Once all fluorescent tags have been chosen from the Library list, confirm the list in the selection pane, then click Next.
- Ensure the correct Carrier Type (Manual Tube) is selected, then create groups for your samples by selecting  Group. Add tubes to the groups.

■ **NOTE:** In order to minimize carryover, especially if running sticky samples in a plate, we recommend adding cleaning wells between samples to thoroughly clean the mixing probe. For example, add two wells, one with 10% bleach and the next with DI water. At the end of a plate, consider adding a group of four wells, two with 300 µL of 10% bleach and two with 300 µL of DI water. Program a long mix (15 seconds at 1500 rpm) to thoroughly clean the mixing probe.



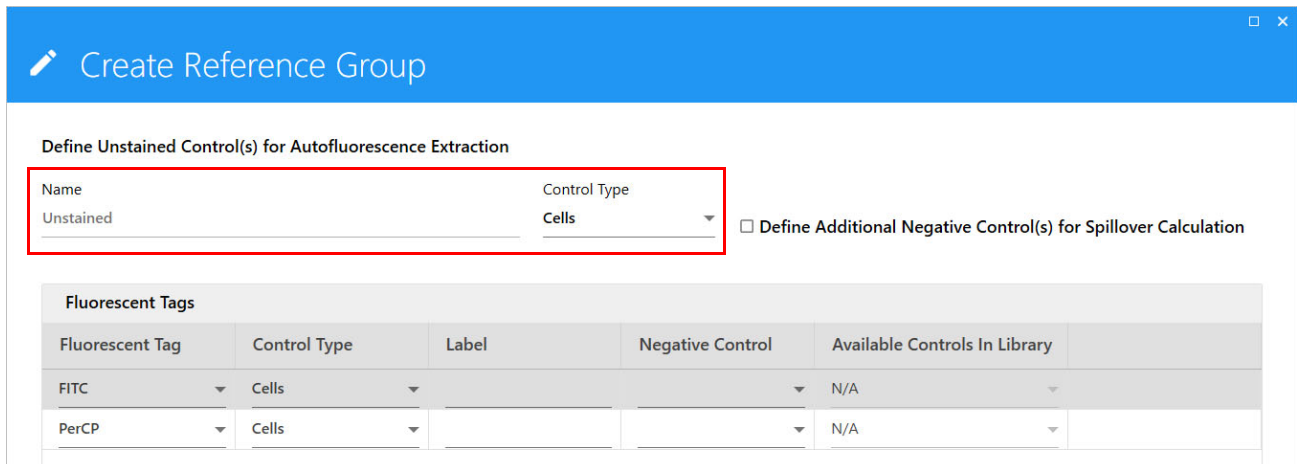
- Select  Reference Group if you are intending to unmix with all or some controls acquired in this experiment.

This creates a list of reference control tubes for each fluorescent tag specified as part of the experiment.

■ **NOTE:** If you plan to unmix the samples using only reference controls run in QC & Setup, step 6 is not necessary.

■ **NOTE:** When using controls from the reference library and running controls live, you will delete the controls to be used from the library and run the other controls. When unmixing, you will add the controls from the library to unmix all the controls.

- 7 **IMPORTANT:** Define an unstained control for autofluorescence by selecting its control type (beads or cells). The unstained control needs to be of the same type and prepared in the same way as the samples, as this will ensure accurate unmixing and autofluorescence quantitation.



Create Reference Group

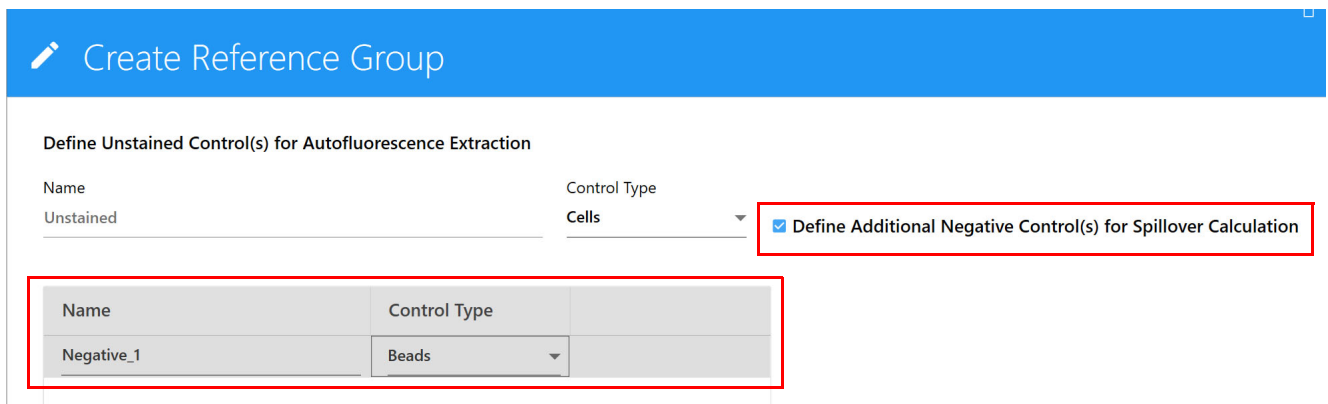
Define Unstained Control(s) for Autofluorescence Extraction

Name: Unstained Control Type: Cells Define Additional Negative Control(s) for Spillover Calculation

Fluorescent Tags				
Fluorescent Tag	Control Type	Label	Negative Control	Available Controls In Library
FITC	Cells			N/A
PerCP	Cells			N/A

- 8 If applicable, select Define Additional Negative Control(s) for Spillover Calculation to use a different unstained control to calculate spillover for your reference controls. Then enter a name and control type for this extra negative control.

For example, if test samples are cells and the reference controls are beads, all with only positive peaks, you will need to run a separate tube of negative beads for the spillover calculation. An extra negative control is not needed if your unstained autofluorescence control (and sample) is the same type as the reference controls. If you need to have additional negative controls, see “Negative/Unstained Controls” on page 63.



Create Reference Group

Define Unstained Control(s) for Autofluorescence Extraction

Name: Unstained Control Type: Cells Define Additional Negative Control(s) for Spillover Calculation

Name	Control Type
Negative_1	Beads

- 9 Select the control type (beads or cells) for the single-stained reference controls.
- 10 (Optional) Enter the label (for example, CD nomenclature) that is conjugated to the fluorescent tag.
- 11 If applicable, enter the lot number(s) of the reference controls.
- **NOTE:** If you selected Label/Lot Specific Unmixing in the Acquisition Preferences (see page 89), the software will search the library and experiment reference groups for reference controls that

have the same fluorescent tag, label, and lot information in order to use the corresponding control for unmixing.

■ **NOTE:** Use the red trash can icon to delete an individual tube from the reference group. This may be necessary if you wish to mix and match references acquired in this experiment with reference controls run in QC & Setup. Any stored controls you plan to use should be deleted from the reference group. For reference, you can view what reference controls are currently in QC & Setup by selecting the drop-down box under Available Controls in Library.

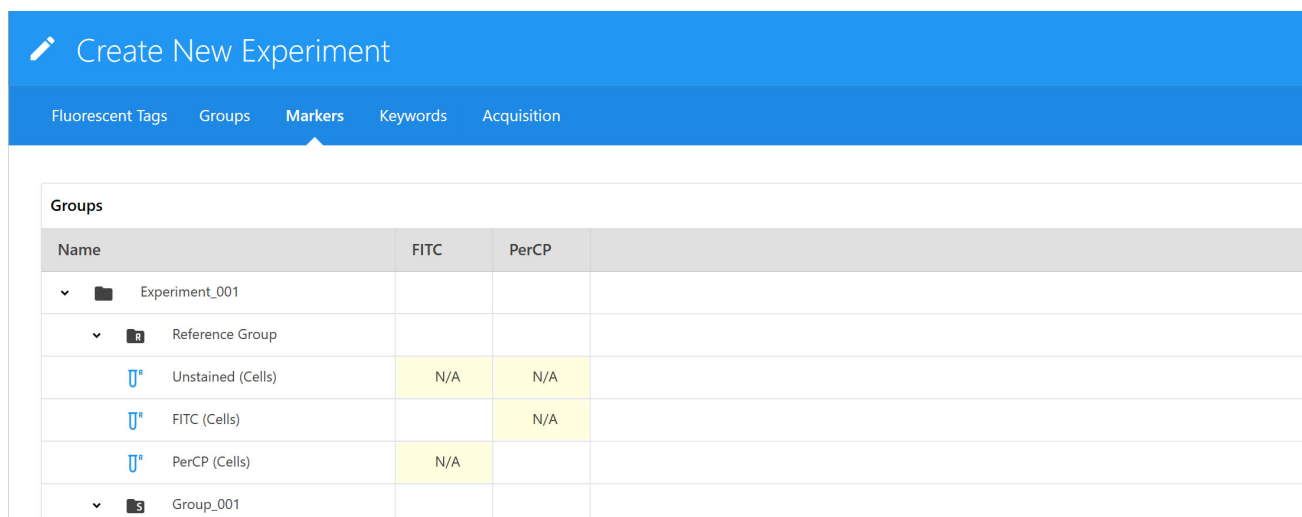
12 Click Save.

Once the reference group has been created, entries for each of the references will be displayed. Each of the reference group tubes/wells will have an icon with the letter R associated with it under the reference group.

13 If necessary, continue adding tubes/wells, click Next when all tubes are created.

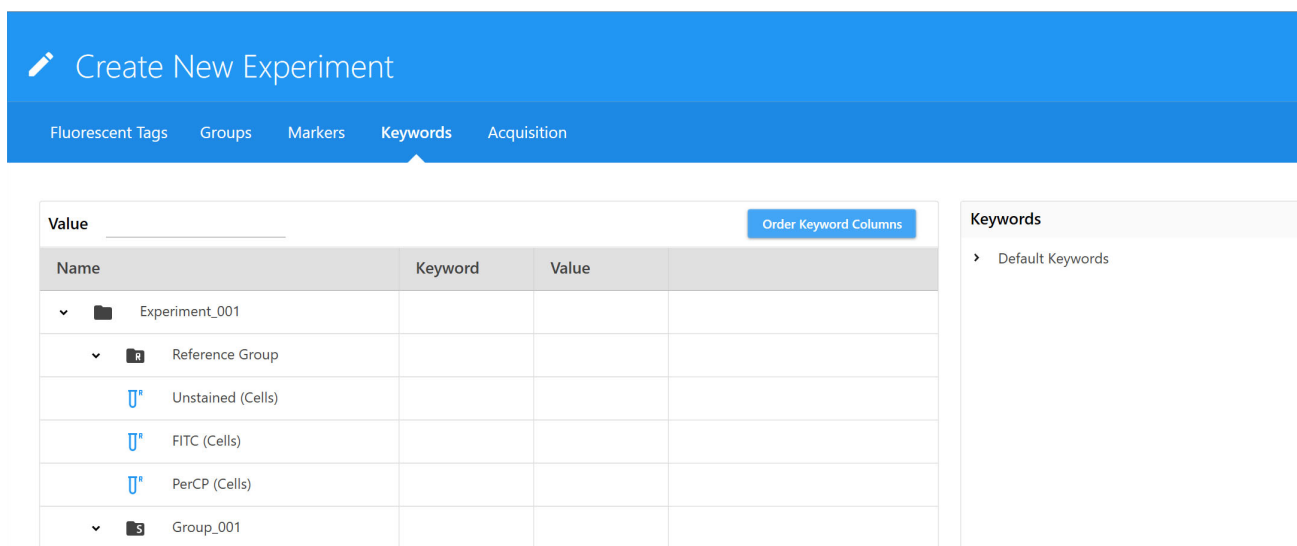
14 Add markers/labels to the remaining sample tubes before continuing. They can be chosen from the Labels list on the right, typed directly into the table, or copied and pasted. Labels can be added at the group or tube level and can be applied to multiple cells selected at once. Labels

are required for reference controls if you selected Label/Lot Specific Unmixing in the Acquisition Preferences (see [page 89](#)). Click **Next** when all the tubes are labeled.



15 (Optional) Enter custom keywords and click **Next**.

Custom keywords can be added at the experiment, group, or tube level. You must define the custom keywords in the Library before you can add them to an experiment (see [“Keywords” on page 81](#) for information). Drag and drop the keywords from the Keywords list on the right to the experiment, group, or tube and enter keywords values as needed. You can also copy and paste custom keywords across different tubes in this wizard.



16 Select the acquisition settings and worksheet(s). The worksheet menu lists all the worksheets for the given user.

- Select the Default Raw Worksheet (Raw) for the Reference Group and for the sample groups if you plan to perform post-acquisition unmixing.
- Select the Default Unmixed Worksheet (Unmixed) or any user-created unmixed worksheet for your sample groups if you are performing live unmixing. Worksheets can be selected at the experiment, group, or tube level.

Select the stopping gate, storage gate, number of events to record, stopping time (in seconds), or stopping volume (in μL). Acquisition stops when the first of the stopping criteria is met (time,

volume, number of events). These criteria can be selected at the experiment, group, or individual level.

- If acquiring beads, we recommend collecting 5,000 singlet events.
- If acquiring cells, we recommend collecting 10,000 to 20,000 events of the desired population.

■ **NOTE:** If running in plate mode, when selecting worksheets and acquisition settings, select the top level (group or experiment) to apply the settings to all wells within the group or experiment.

■ **NOTE:** The number of events to acquire depends on the target population. For example, you may need to acquire 10,000 to 20,000 events to get 2,000 of the desired population. Approximately 1,000 to 2,000 events is needed in both the negative and positive populations of each control for accurate unmixing.

Name	Worksheet	Stopping Gate	Storage Gate	Events To Record
Experiment_001	Default Raw Worksheet (Raw)	All Events	All Events	5,000
Reference Group	Default Raw Worksheet (Raw)	All Events	All Events	5,000
Unstained (Cells)	Default Raw Worksheet (Raw)	All Events	All Events	5,000
FITC (Cells)	Default Raw Worksheet (Raw)	All Events	All Events	5,000
PerCP (Cells)	Default Raw Worksheet (Raw)	All Events	All Events	5,000
Group_001	Default Raw Worksheet (Raw)	All Events	All Events	5,000
Tube_001	Default Raw Worksheet (Raw)	All Events	All Events	5,000

Select Tube/Well Specific User Settings if you want to apply specific user settings to individual tubes/well. If left unchecked all tubes/wells in the experiment will use the same experiment user settings. For more information on user settings, see “User Settings” on page 84.

Name	Worksheet	Stopping Gate	Storage Gate	Events To Record	Stopping Time (sec)	Stopping Volume (ul)	User Setting
Experiment_001	Default Raw Worksheet (Raw)	All Events	All Events	5,000	10,000	3,000	CytekAssaySetting (Cytek)
Reference Group	Default Raw Worksheet (Raw)	All Events	All Events	5,000	10,000	3,000	CytekAssaySetting (Cytek)
Unstained (Cells)	Default Raw Worksheet (Raw)	All Events	All Events	5,000	10,000	3,000	CytekAssaySetting (Cytek)
FITC (Cells)	Default Raw Worksheet (Raw)	All Events	All Events	5,000	10,000	3,000	CytekAssaySetting (Cytek)
PerCP (Cells)	Default Raw Worksheet (Raw)	All Events	All Events	5,000	10,000	3,000	CytekAssaySetting (Cytek)
Group_001	Default Raw Worksheet (Raw)	All Events	All Events	5,000	10,000	3,000	CytekAssaySetting (Cytek)
Tube_001	Default Raw Worksheet (Raw)	All Events	All Events	5,000	10,000	3,000	CytekAssaySetting (Cytek)
Tube_002	Default Raw Worksheet (Raw)	All Events	All Events	5,000	10,000	3,000	CytekAssaySetting (Cytek)

17 If running in plate mode, define the Loader settings. See “Defining Loader Settings” on page 128.

- 18** Once the worksheet and stopping criteria have been defined, click **Save and Open** to open the new experiment.
To make any changes to the experiment, click **Edit** above the group/tube hierarchy.
- 19** To acquire controls and samples and perform live unmixing, see [“Live Unmixing” on page 64](#).
- 20** If running in Plate mode, calibrate the SIT.

Unmixing and Compensation

Spectral Unmixing

Spectral unmixing is an important concept to understand how data is generated and analyzed using the Aurora flow cytometer with SpectroFlo software. Spectral unmixing is used to identify the fluorescence signal for each fluorophore used in a given experiment.

Understanding Full Spectrum Flow Cytometry

Because fluorophores emit light over a range of wavelengths, optical filters are typically used to limit the range of frequencies measured by a given detector. However, when two or more fluorophores are used, the overlap in wavelength ranges often makes it impossible for optical filters to isolate light from a given fluorophore. As a result, light emitted from one fluorophore appears in a non-primary detector (a detector intended for another fluorophore). This is referred to as spillover. In conventional flow cytometry spillover can be corrected by using a mathematical calculation called compensation. Single-stained controls must be acquired to calculate the amount of spillover into each of the non-primary detectors.

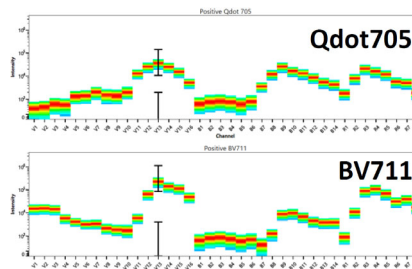
The Aurora's ability to measure a fluorophore's full emission spectra allows the system to use a different method for isolating the desired signal from the unwanted signal. The key to differentiate the various fluorophores is for those to have distinct patterns or signatures across the full spectrum. Because the system is looking at the full range of emission of a given fluorophore, and not only the peak emission, two dyes with similar emission but different spectral signatures can be distinguished from each other. The mathematical method to differentiate the signals from multiple fluorophores/dyes is called spectral unmixing and results in an unmixing matrix that is applied to the data. While not mathematically identical to conventional compensation, the overall principal is the same. Just as for compensation, single-stained controls, identified in SpectroFlo software as reference controls, are still necessary, as they provide the full fluorescence spectra information needed to perform spectral unmixing.

One advantage of unmixing is the ability to extract the autofluorescence of a sample and treat it as a separate parameter. This is especially useful when running assays with particles that have high autofluorescence and for which that high background has an impact in the resolution of the fluorescent signals. Per experiment, you can define one unstained control or multiple unstained controls (one per group), depending on whether the multicolor samples have the same or different autofluorescence signatures.

Spectrum plots from conventional spectrum viewer shows heavy overlap between Qdot™ 705 and BV711 peak emission spectra.



Spectrum plots from Aurora show distinct signatures for Qdot™ 705 and BV711.



Unmixing Workflows

Unmixing Overview

There are three unmixing workflows available in SpectroFlo software—two in the Acquisition module and one in the Extra Tools module:

- live unmixing during acquisition
- post-acquisition unmixing (in the Acquisition module)
- post-acquisition unmixing (in the Extra Tools module)

When data is acquired with live unmixing, references are acquired as raw data either in the experiment as part of the reference group or previously acquired in the QC & Setup module as reference controls. References for *all* fluorescent tags used in a given experiment must be present in the system in order for live unmixing of multicolor samples to occur. The live unmixing functionality allows you to visualize unmixed data during acquisition.

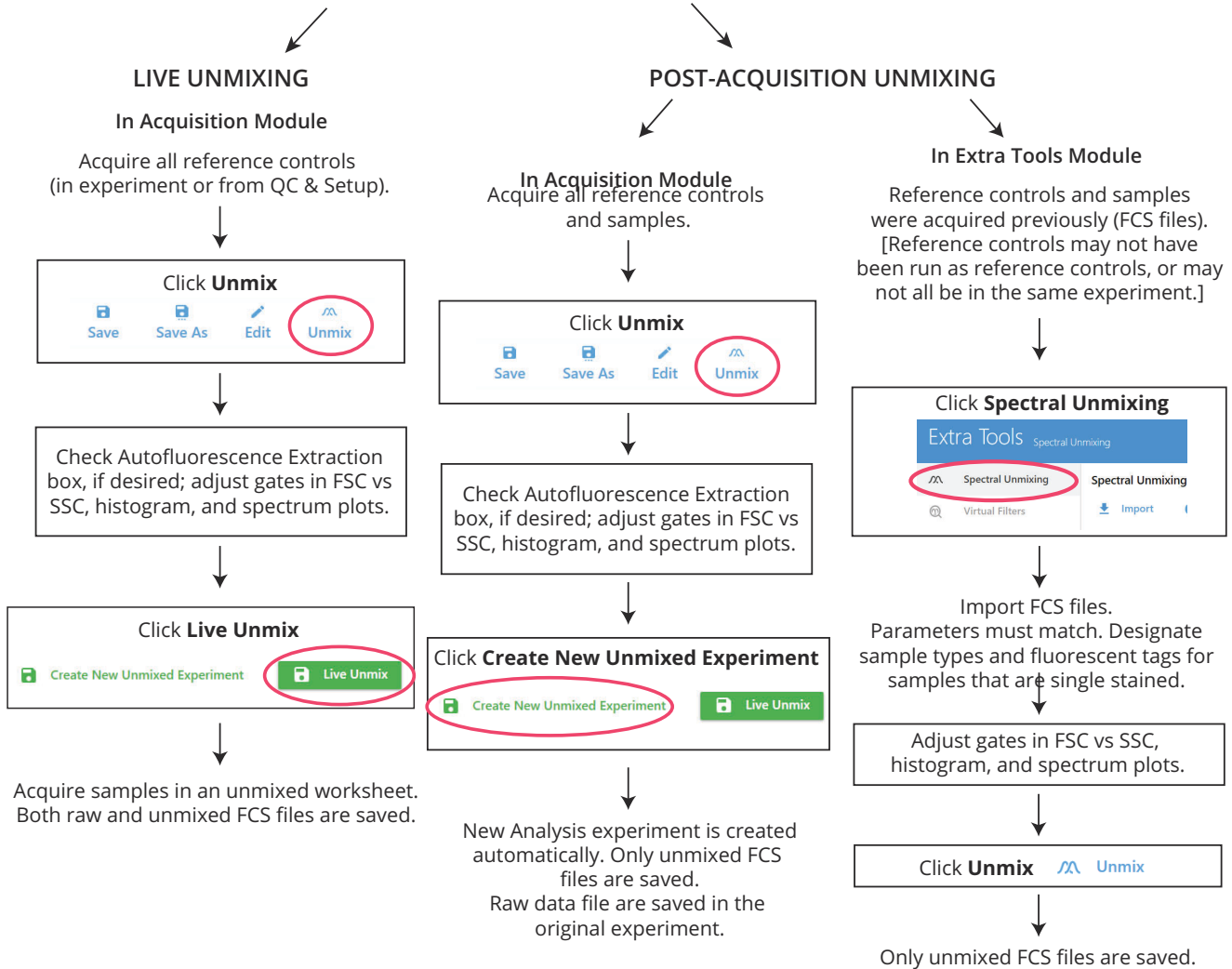
Reference Controls for Unmixing

Depending on when you unmix the data, you will use the following controls for unmixing.

Unmixing	Reference Controls
Live unmixing	Reference controls run in the experiment or reference controls run in QC & Setup
Post-acquisition unmixing in Acquisition module	Reference controls run in the experiment or reference controls run in QC & Setup
Post-acquisition unmixing in Extra Tools module	Any FCS files from samples run in any experiment

Multicolor samples can be acquired as raw data and unmixed post acquisition as well. This can be done in either the Acquisition module or the Extra Tools module.

Unmixing Workflows

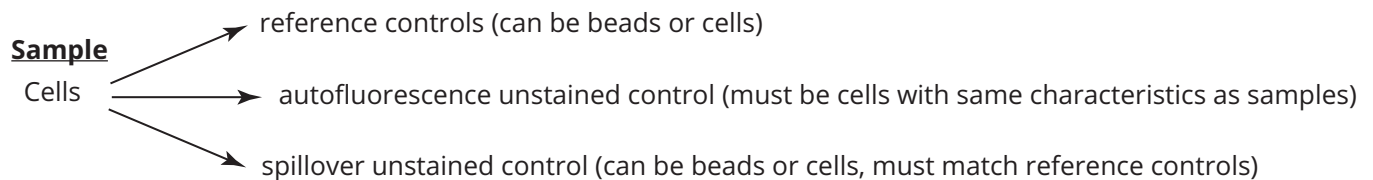


Negative/Unstained Controls

In addition to positive reference controls needed for spectral unmixing, an unstained control is also necessary to assess **autofluorescence**. The unstained control needs to be of the same type and prepared in the same way as the samples, as this will ensure accurate unmixing and autofluorescence extraction, if desired. Ideally, your reference controls, negative control, and samples will all be the same sample type and prepared in the same way.

In addition to assessing autofluorescence, **fluorescence spillover** must also be determined. To correct for spillover, the unstained autofluorescence control can be used if it matches the sample and reference control type. However, if your reference controls do not match your sample type and do not contain a negative population in each tube (have only positive peaks), you must use a separate spillover unstained control that matches your reference control type.

Controls



Live Unmixing

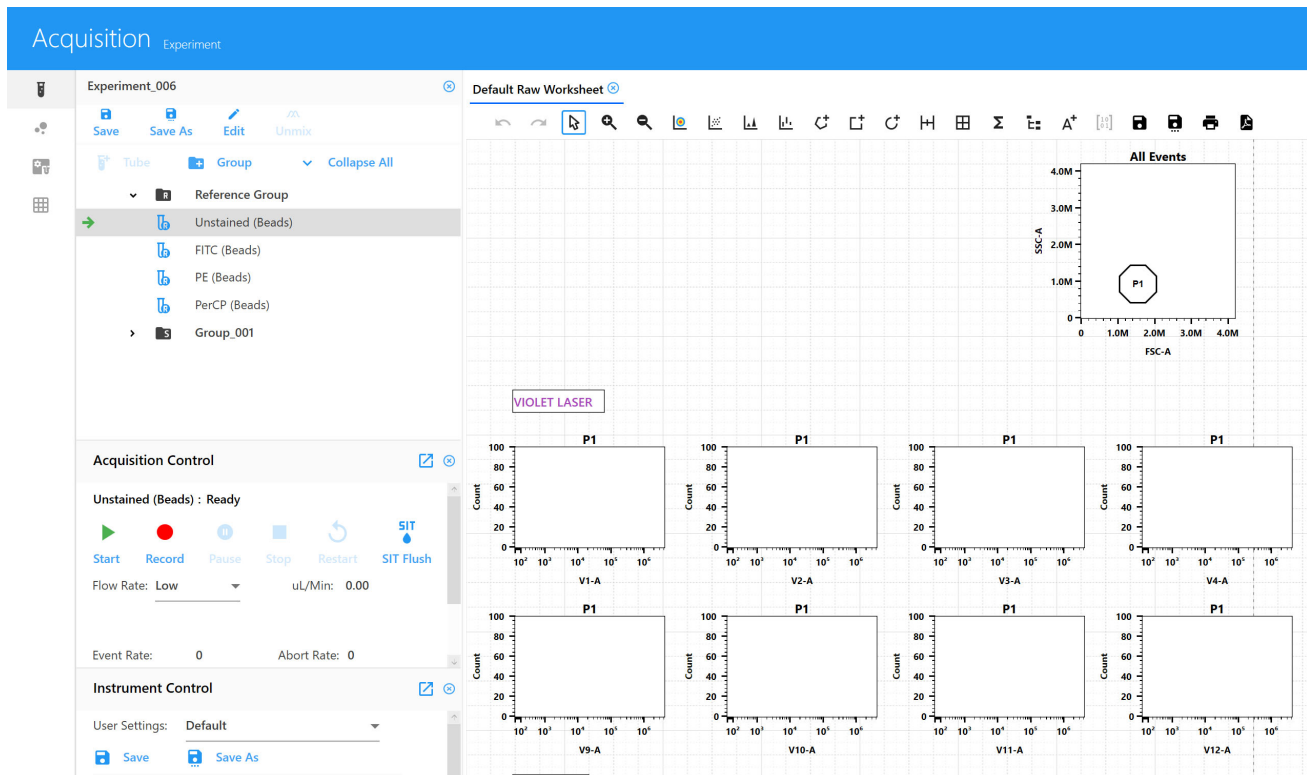
Samples can be unmixed during acquisition. Live unmixing can be performed with the reference group acquired during the experiment, the reference controls (run during QC & Setup and stored in the system), or a combination of both.

For each sample tube that is live unmixed, two FCS files are generated, one that is composed of raw data and one that is composed of unmixed data.

Live unmixed data can be analyzed in unmixed worksheets in the Acquisition module. Unmixed worksheets are different from raw worksheets, as they only display fluorescence information categorized into the defined fluorescent tags for each of the experiments.

To Perform Live Unmixing

- 1 Create a new experiment with fluorescent tags defined. Create a reference group in the experiment with the fluorescent tags, if there are any that have not already been stored as reference controls. See “Creating a New Experiment” on page 53 for details.



- 2 To view the data for the reference control tubes, make sure CytekAssaySetting is selected, then click Start. If necessary, use the Instrument Controls to adjust the settings so that all events are on scale. View all the controls, as well as the multi-color tube, and make any instrument adjustments to ensure populations are on scale before you begin recording.

To edit the acquisition criteria, click Edit at the experiment level and select the Acquisition tab. Or, to edit the properties of a single tube, right-click a tube and select Tube Properties.

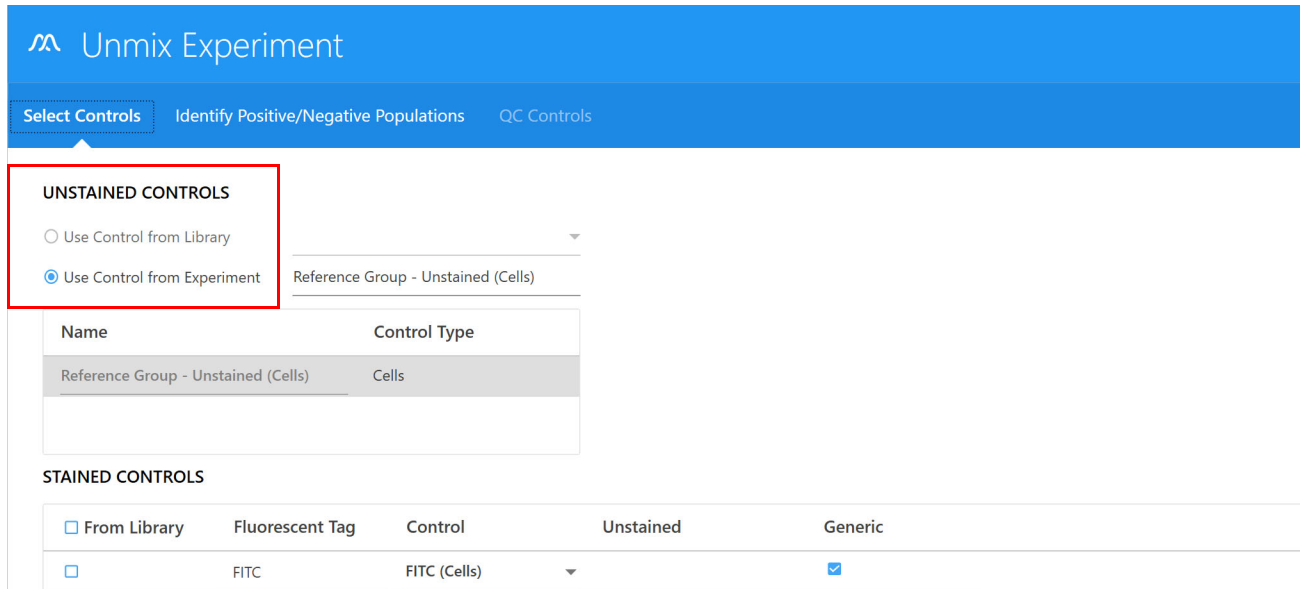
■ **NOTE:** Keep in mind the more events you acquire, the longer it takes to unmix the data.

- 3 Click Record when you are ready to begin acquisition. Acquisition stops when the first stopping criterion is met.

■ **NOTE:** If necessary, you can pause to change the flow rate.

- 4 When all reference controls are acquired, click Unmix in the upper-left toolbar.
- 5 For the negative controls, we recommend selecting Use Control from Experiment if unmixing with controls you acquired in the experiment.
- 6 If using reference controls from the Library in QC & Setup, select Use Controls from Library.

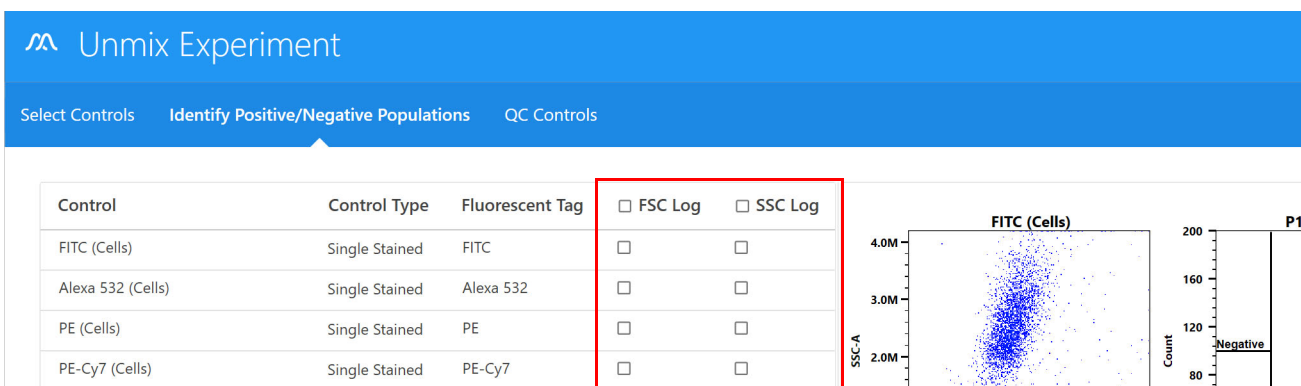
Checkmarks appear for those controls coming from QC & Setup. The checkbox is only active if reference controls for those fluorescent tags are already saved with the reference controls from the QC & Setup module.



- 7 Click Next.
- 8 Use the Identify Positive/Negative Populations tab to include the positive and negative populations for each fluorescent tag in the appropriate gate.

Only the data plots for the samples you acquired are displayed, not for reference controls that you chose to use from the library.

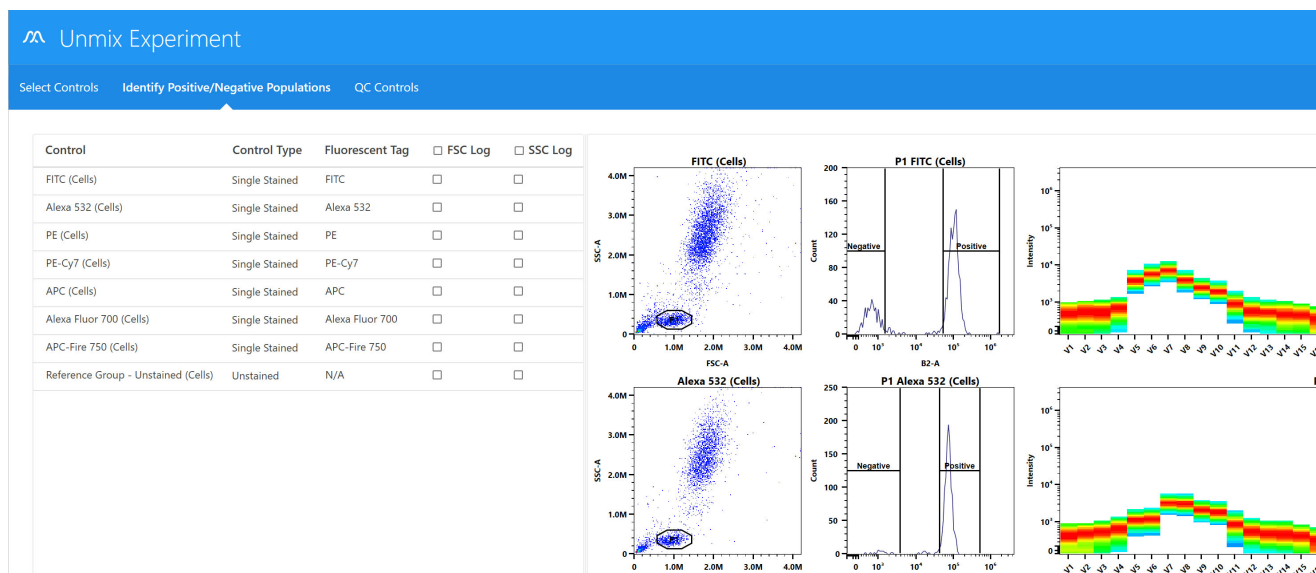
■ **NOTE:** If you need to set the FSC and/or SSC axis to a log scale, select the Log checkbox.



- a. Move the polygon gate in the FSC vs SSC plot on the left to include the singlet population. Hold down Ctrl to move all the polygon gates at once.

- b. Move the positive interval gate in the histogram to include the positively stained population. Move the negative interval gate to include the negative population if not using a separate negative control.
- c. Move the interval gate on the spectrum plot on the right to select the channel that exhibits the brightest fluorescence intensity. This channel is the peak emission channel for the fluorescent tag.

■ **NOTE:** If one of the controls is questionable or does not contain sufficient data, you can reacquire it or append to it, then unmix again.



- 9 (Optional) To see how the reference controls run in the experiment compare to the benchmark reference controls, click Next.

■ **NOTE:** For information on creating benchmarks, see [“Setting Reference Controls as Benchmarks for Reference Control QC”](#) on page 39.

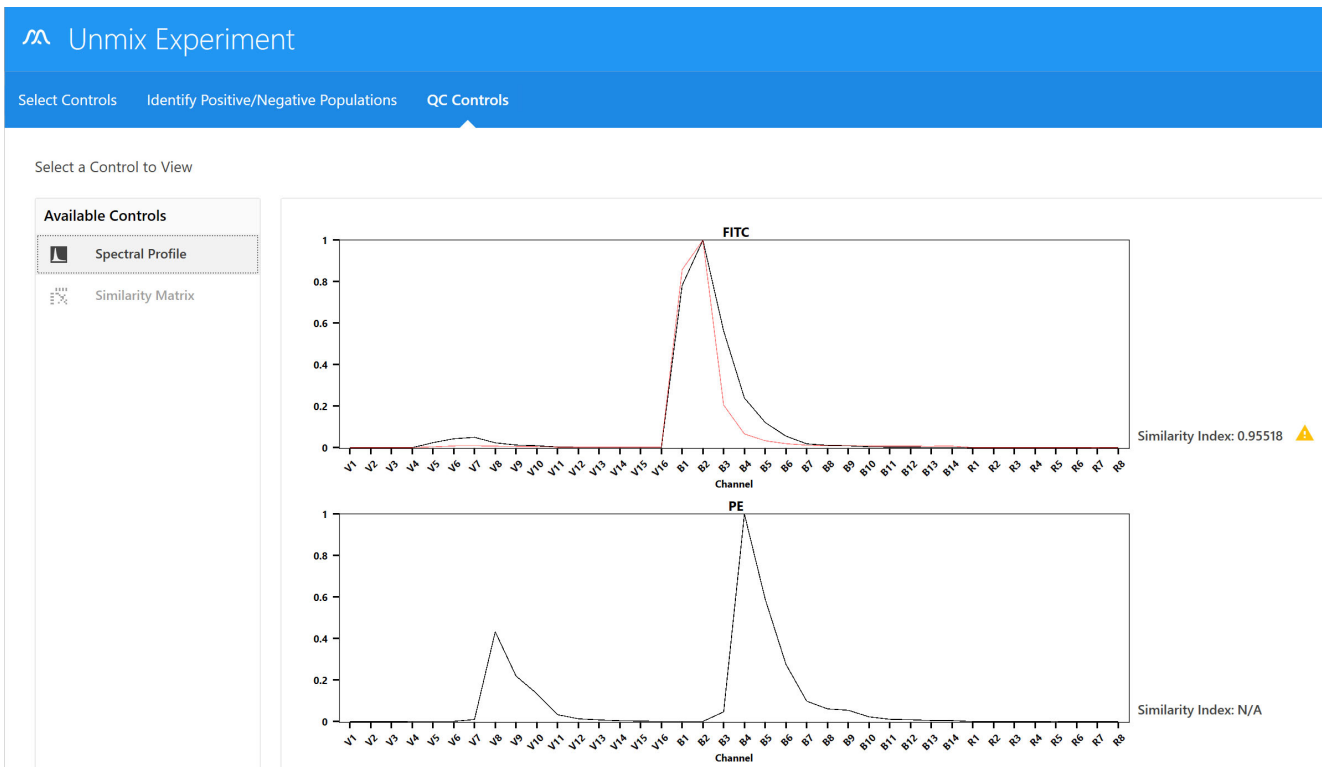
Two options allow you to view how the two reference controls compare—spectral profile and Similarity™ Index.

- Spectral Profile displays the emission spectrum of the unmixing controls against benchmark spectra designated by the user. The benchmark reference control spectra appear in red and the reference controls appear in black.

A Similarity Index appears to the right of the plots. A value closer to 1 indicates similar spectral signatures, while a value closer to 0 indicates spectral signatures that are not similar. For comparison to benchmarks, the value should be close to 1. If the value is below 0.97, it will be flagged with a yellow warning symbol. This indicates a mismatch of the unmixing control spectra with the benchmark spectra. If the Similarity Index falls below this value, it is imperative to check the unmixing control against the reference spectra provided in the fluorochrome guideline found in the Help menu. See [“Similarity Matrix”](#) in the following section.

The Similarity Index can also be used when viewing and comparing the full spectral signatures of any two dyes. Dyes with similar spectral signatures can be challenging to resolve. In this case, it is best to use dyes with a Similarity Index ≤ 0.98 . See spectrum.cytekbio.com for a full spectrum viewer tool.

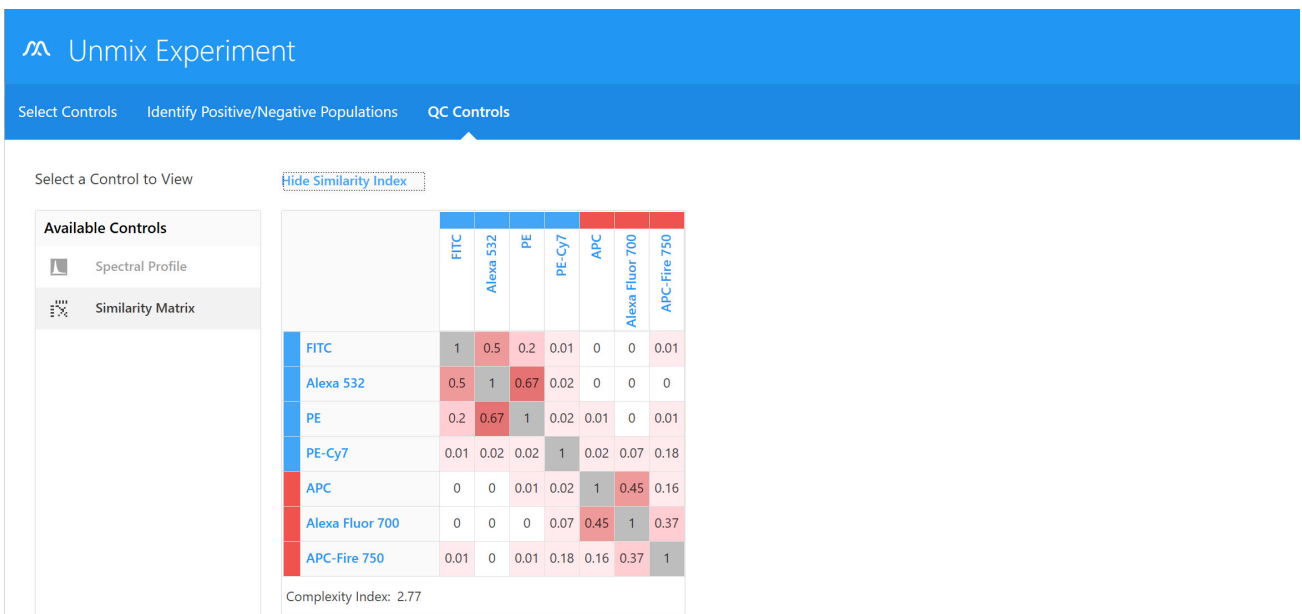
If no benchmark control is established for a particular dye, that plot will only display a black line that represents the spectrum of the unmixing control. The Similarity Index will display N/A.



- Similarity Matrix displays a Similarity Index matrix and a Complexity™ Index value.

Click View Similarity Index above the matrix to display the indices for each dye. The Similarity Matrix will display the Similarity Index for each dye against itself and all the other dyes to be unmixed in the experiment.

The Complexity Index is a measure of how distinguishable a collection of spectral signatures are from each other when unmixed together. It calculates this by looking at the ratio of the Similarity Index of the worst overlapping combination of signatures to the best overlapping combination of signatures.

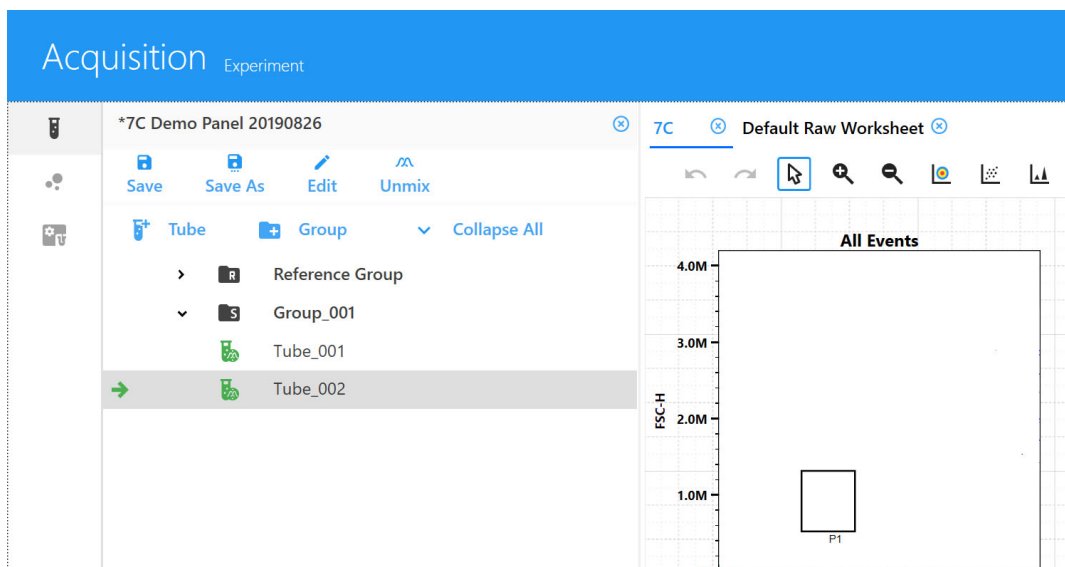


10 Click Live Unmix.

Create New Unmixed Experiment

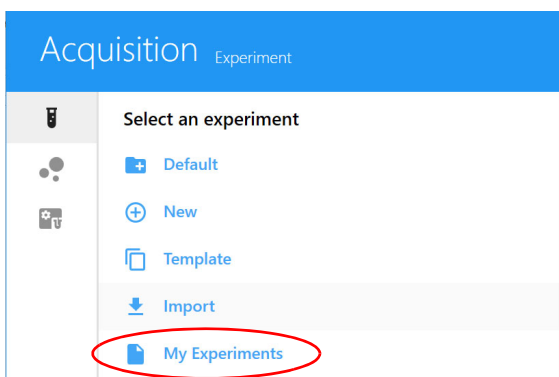
Live Unmix

11 The wizard closes and the experiment reappears. The reference group now has the unmixed icon to the left of the tube(s). Select an unmixed worksheet to view the unmixed data.



12 Select the sample tube you wish to acquire. The green arrow indicates the tube is selected. Click Start, then Record.

Use My Experiments to open experiments you ran if you wish to review the data or acquire more samples.



FCS files are stored in the Export folder by default, or the folder you set as the default. See ["Storage Preferences" on page 97](#) for information. FCS files for live unmixed data are saved as both raw data and unmixed data.

Analyzing Data Offline

To analyze data offline, you can click **My Experiments**, select the experiments you want to export, right-click and select **Export**. This will export the entire experiment as a ZIP file with all of the FCS files and worksheet templates contained inside. This experiment can be imported into other instances of SpectroFlo software, or unzipped to access the FCS files for analysis using other analysis software.

Post-Acquisition Unmixing

Samples can be acquired as raw data and then unmixed after acquisition is complete. This can be done through two methods:

- post-acquisition unmixing in the Acquisition module (see below)
- post-acquisition unmixing in the Extra Tools module (see [page 70](#))

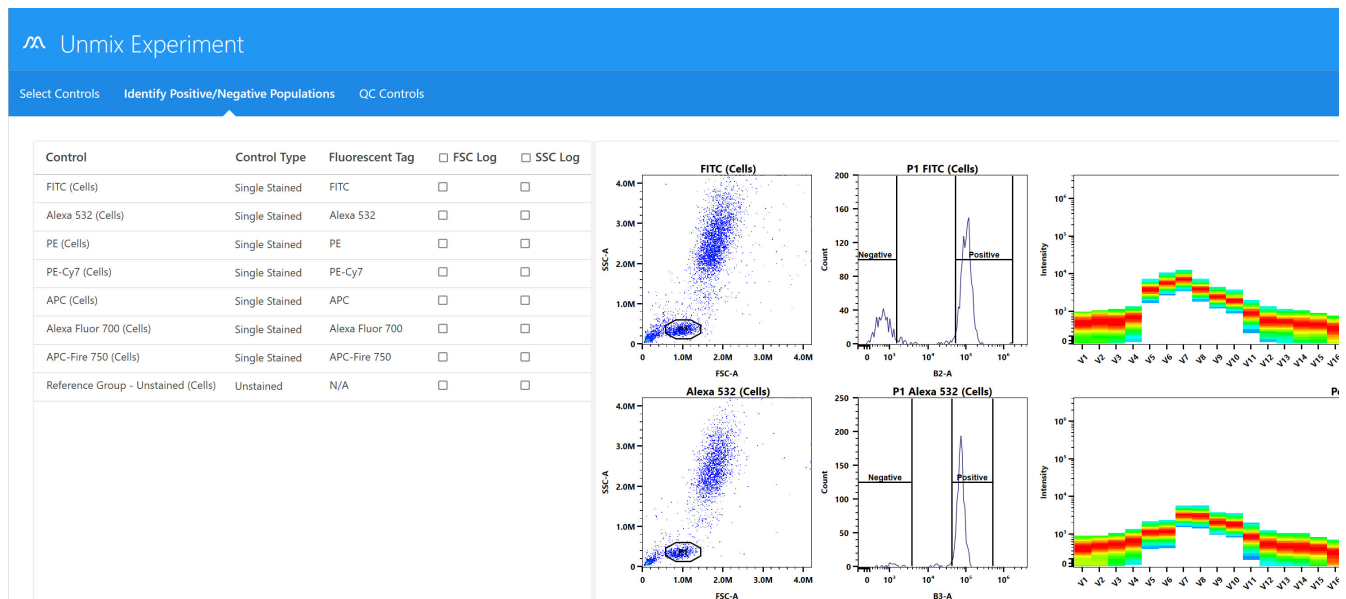
Post-Acquisition Unmixing in the Acquisition Module

The unmixing wizard in the Acquisition module limits reference controls to those coming from the reference group in the experiment or reference controls run in QC & Setup.

To perform post-acquisition unmixing in the Acquisition module, perform the same workflow as live unmixing.

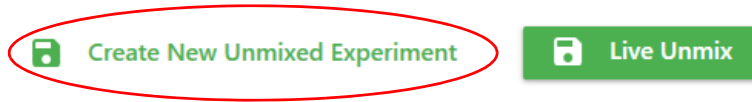
■ **NOTE:** Steps 1 and 2 are the same as live unmixing. Step 3 is used to create a new unmixed experiment.

- 1 Acquire all reference control tubes and sample tubes prior to selecting the Unmix button in the upper-left pane.
- 2 Examine the spectral plots by doing the following, if needed:
 - a. Move the polygon gate in the FSC vs SSC plot on the left to include the singlet population. Hold down Ctrl to move all the polygon gates at once.
 - b. Move the positive interval gate in the histogram to include the positively stained population. Move the negative interval gate to include the negative population.
 - c. Move the interval gate on the spectrum plot on the right to select the channel that exhibits the brightest fluorescence intensity. This channel is the peak emission channel for the fluorescent tag.



- 3 Click Create New Unmixed Experiment.

A new experiment opens with a new unmixing worksheet.



Post Acquisition Unmixing in the Extra Tools Module

When performing post-acquisition unmixing in the Extra Tools module, you can pick and choose which FCS files to unmix (for example, controls coming from different experiments, reference controls run during QC & Setup, or single-stained controls that were not run as part of the reference group).

FCS files can be designated into three categories:

- Single Stained
- Unstained
- Sample

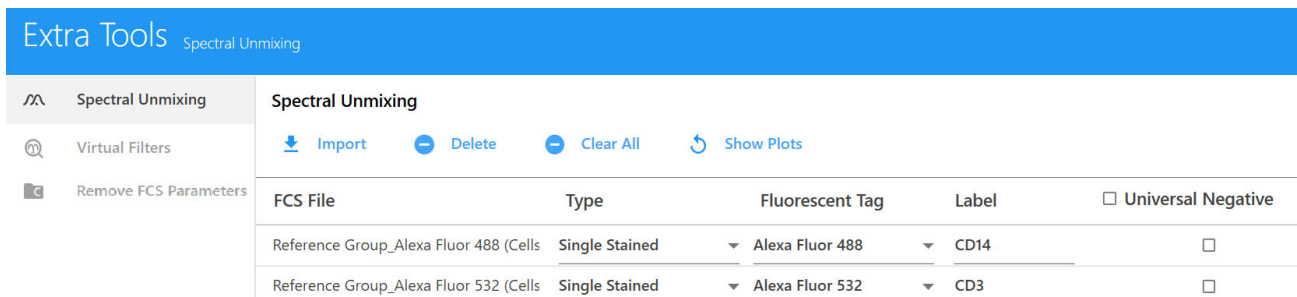
■ **NOTE:** There must be at least one single-stained FCS file and one unstained FCS file in the file list. Otherwise, unmixing cannot be performed.

■ **NOTE:** The parameters need to match in order for this to work.

In addition, raw FCS files can also be conventionally compensated in this module through the Virtual Filters tab. This function can simulate the presence of filters and can compensate data using conventional compensation methods (see “Virtual Filters” on page 74).

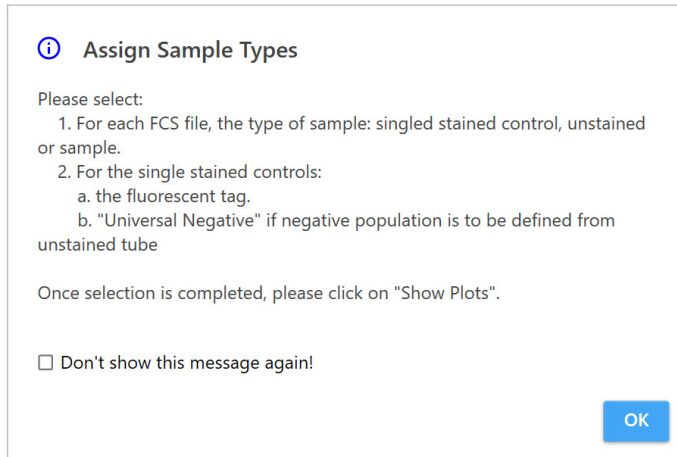
To Unmix Raw Data Files:

- 1 Select Spectral Unmixing from the Extra Tools module.
- 2 Click Import to import raw FCS files for unmixing.

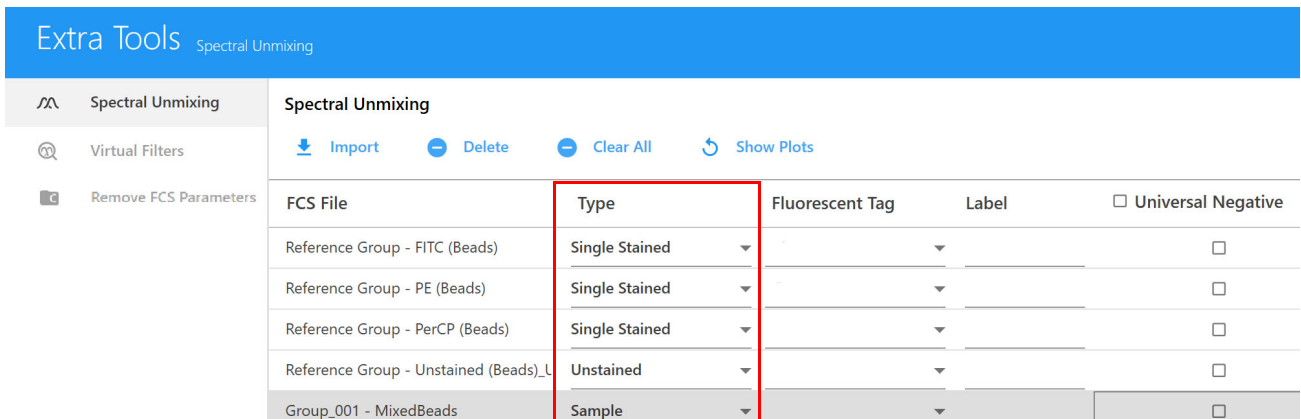


- 3 Select the files. Select multiple files using either the Shift or Ctrl key. Click **Open**.

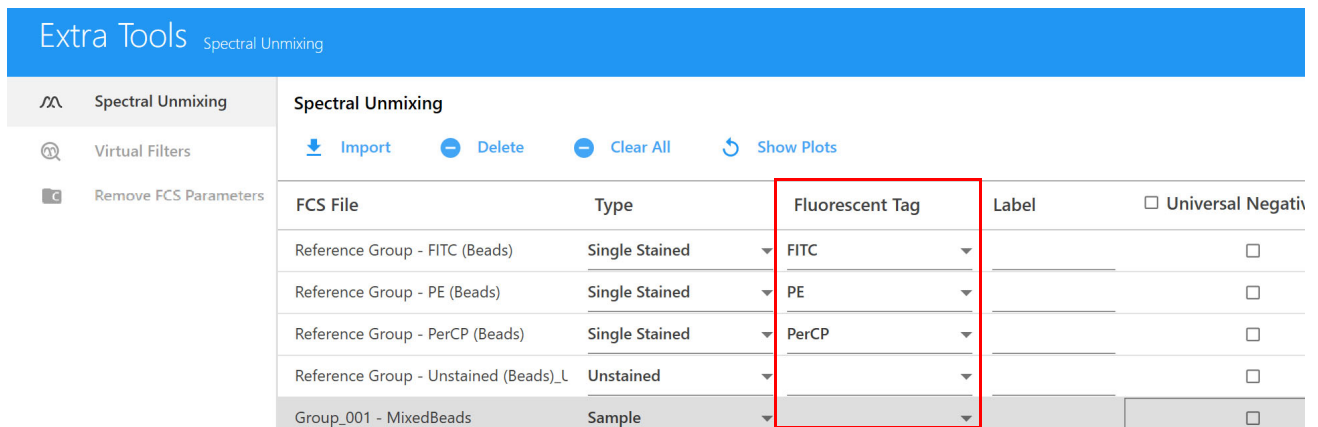
- 4 Upon importing, a dialog box on how to assign sample types appears. Read the instructions and click OK.



- 5 Once FCS files have been imported, select the sample type for each FCS file as Single Stained, Unstained, or Sample. The software will automatically designate the type based upon the file name. You can manually modify these if the automatic designation is incorrect.



- 6 FCS files designated as single-stained will require a fluorescent tag designation to specify what reference spectrum will be provided for unmixing.



7 Enter a label for each single-stained control and sample.

Extra Tools QC Beads

Spectral Unmixing

Import Delete Clear All Show Plots

FCS File	Type	Fluorescent Tag	Label	<input type="checkbox"/> Universal Negative
Reference Group - FITC (Beads)	Single Stained	FITC	CD4	<input type="checkbox"/>
Reference Group - PE (Beads)	Single Stained	PE	CD8	<input type="checkbox"/>
Reference Group - PerCP (Beads)	Single Stained	PerCP	CD3	<input type="checkbox"/>
Reference Group - Unstained (Beads)_L	Unstained			<input type="checkbox"/>
Group_001 - MixedBeads	Sample		4/8/3	<input type="checkbox"/>

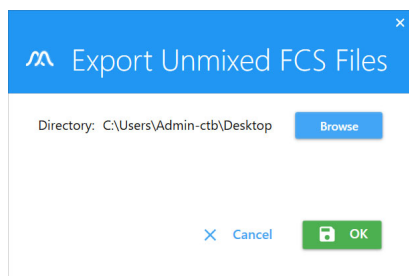
- 8 Select **Universal Negative** for single-stained FCS files that do not contain a negative population, and the unstained control will be used for the negative population. In the bottom left of the screen, check whether Auto Fluorescence will be used as a fluorescent tag.
- 9 Click **Show Plots** to display the data in the FSC vs SSC plot, peak emission channel histogram, and spectrum plots.
- 10 The positive and negative populations need to be identified through the appropriate placement of the existing gates. Click **OK** to adjust the gates.
 - a. Move the polygon gate in the FSC vs SSC plot to include the singlet population.
 - b. Move the interval gate in the histogram labeled *Positive* to include the positively stained population. Move the interval gate in the histogram labeled *Negative* to include the negative population. Do not adjust the negative gate when using the Universal Negative.

- c. Move the interval gate on the spectrum plot on the right to select the channel that exhibits the brightest fluorescence intensity. This channel is the peak emission channel for the fluorescent tag.



11 Click Unmix.

12 Select the directory to which the unmixed FCS files are exported or leave the default. Click OK.

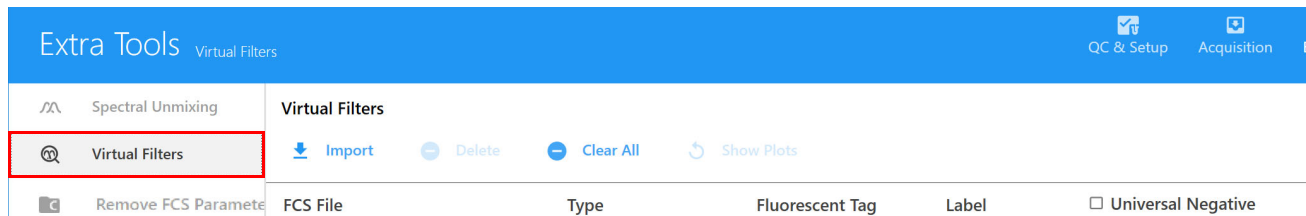


These FCS files can then be imported to an experiment for analysis or analyzed using third-party software.

Virtual Filters

The Virtual Filters option in the Extra Tools module allows you to compensate raw FCS data using conventional compensation methods.

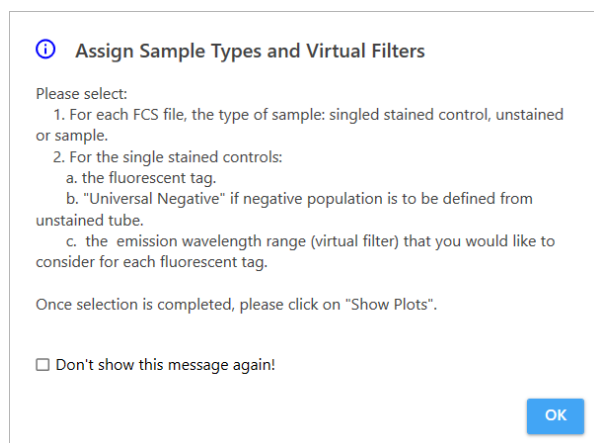
- 1 Click the Virtual Filters tab in the Extra Tools module.



- 2 Click Import to import raw FCS files for virtual filter analysis.

These FCS files can be single-stained reference controls, unstained controls, and/or sample files. However, you must include an unstained control FCS file.

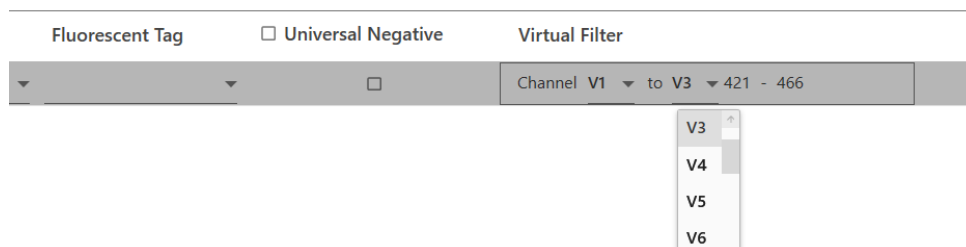
- 3 Upon importing, a dialog box on how to assign sample types appears. Read the instructions and click OK.



- 4 Once FCS files have been imported, the sample type for each FCS file needs to be designated as Single Stained, Unstained, or Sample. The software will automatically designate the type based upon the file name. You can manually modify these if the automatic designation is incorrect.
- 5 FCS files designated as single stained require a fluorescent tag designation. Select the fluorescent tag for each single-stained sample.

If there is no negative population in the single-stained FCS file(s), select Universal Negative, and the unstained control will be used for the negative population.

The virtual filter is automatically assigned by the software based upon the fluorescent tag designation. (Optional) To increase the bandwidth of the virtual filter, use the channel pull-down menus to select the desired range. See the following table for wavelength ranges.



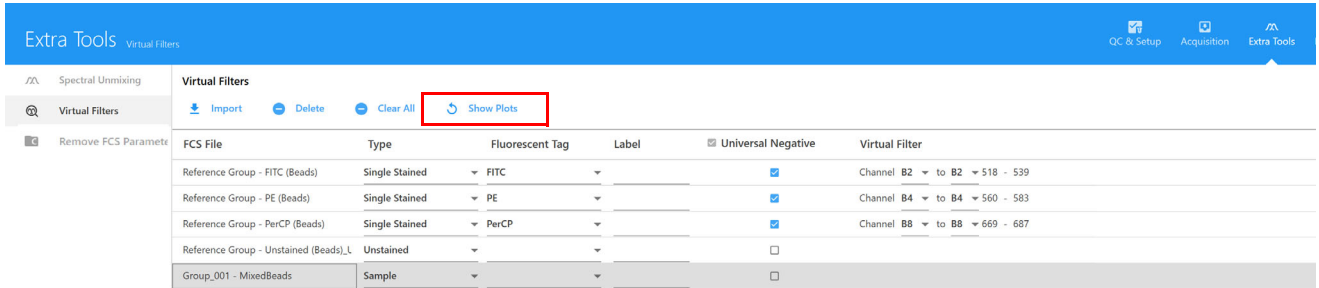
The following table shows the system's filter bandwidths.

Laser	Channel	Center Wavelength (nm)	Bandwidth (nm)	Wavelength Start (nm)	Wavelength End (nm)
Ultraviolet	UV1	373	15	365	380
	UV2	388	15	380	395
	UV3	428	15	420	435
	UV4	443	15	436	451
	UV5	458	15	451	466
	UV6	473	15	466	481
	UV7	514	28	500	528
	UV8	542	28	528	556
	UV9	582	31	566	597
	UV10	613	31	597	628
	UV11	664	27	651	678
	UV12	692	28	678	706
	UV13	720	29	706	735
	UV14	750	30	735	765
	UV15	780	30	765	795
	UV16	812	34	795	829
Violet	V1	428	15	420	435
	V2	443	15	436	451
	V3	458	15	451	466
	V4	473	15	466	481
	V5	508	20	498	518
	V6	525	17	516	533
	V7	542	17	533	550
	V8	581	19	571	590
	V9	598	20	588	608
	V10	615	20	605	625
	V11	664	27	651	678
	V12	692	28	678	706
	V13	720	29	706	735
	V14	750	30	735	765
	V15	780	30	765	795
	V16	812	34	795	829

Laser	Channel	Center Wavelength (nm)	Bandwidth (nm)	Wavelength Start (nm)	Wavelength End (nm)
Blue	B1	508	20	498	518
	B2	525	17	516	533
	B3	542	17	533	550
	B4	581	19	571	590
	B5	598	20	588	608
	B6	615	20	605	625
	B7	661	17	653	670
	B8	679	18	670	688
	B9	697	19	688	707
	B10	717	20	707	727
	B11	738	21	728	749
	B12	760	23	749	772
	B13	783	23	772	795
	B14	812	34	795	829
Yellow-Green	YG1	577	20	567	587
	YG2	598	20	588	608
	YG3	615	20	605	625
	YG4	661	17	653	670
	YG5	679	18	670	688
	YG6	697	19	688	707
	YG7	720	29	706	735
	YG8	750	30	735	765
	YG9	780	30	765	795
	YG10	812	34	795	829
Red	R1	661	17	653	670
	R2	679	18	670	688
	R3	697	19	688	707
	R4	717	20	707	727
	R5	738	21	728	749
	R6	760	23	749	772
	R7	783	23	772	795
	R8	812	34	795	829

6 (Optional) Select a label for the single-stained controls and samples.

7 Click Show Plots to display the plots.

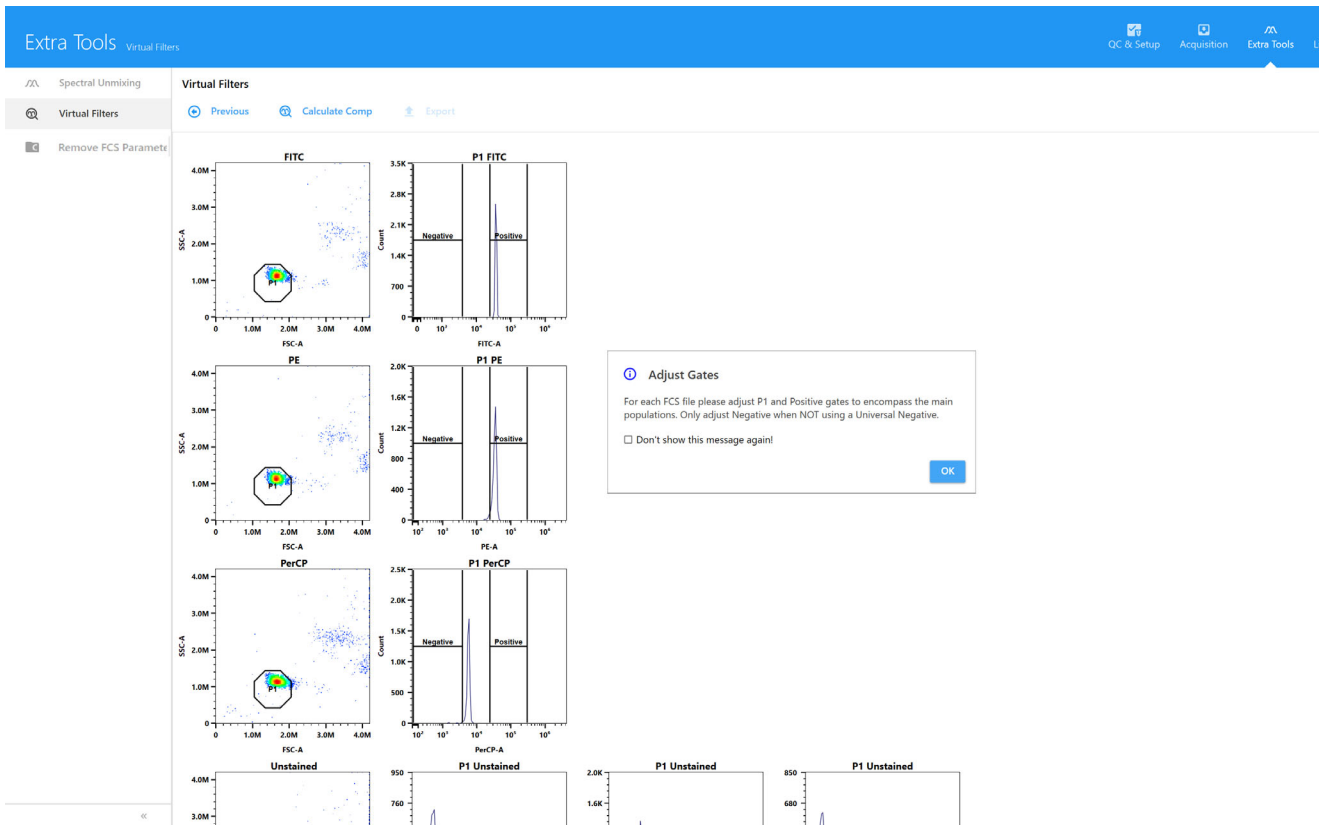


The data is displayed in the FSC vs SSC plot and fluorescent tag histogram plot.

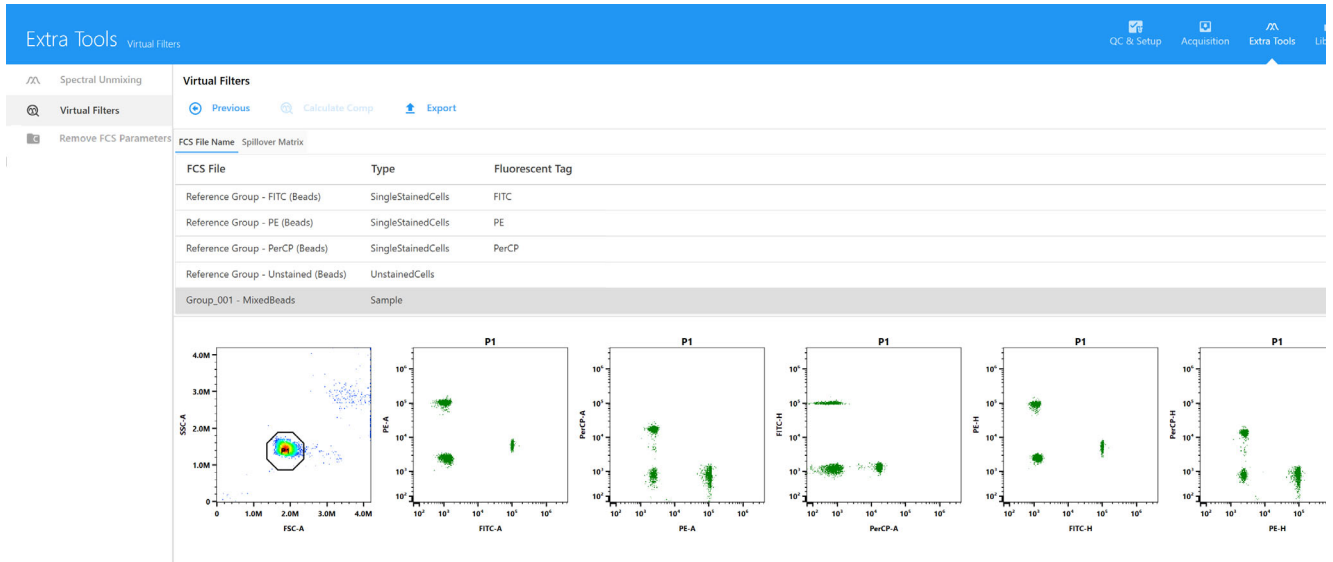
8 The positive and negative populations need to be identified through the appropriate placement of the gates. Click OK to adjust the gates.

- Move the polygon gate in the FSC vs SSC plot to include the singlet population. Hold down Ctrl to move all the polygon gates at once.
- Move the interval gate in the histogram labeled *Positive* to include the positively stained population. Move the interval gate in the histogram labeled *Negative* to include the negative population. Do not adjust the negative gate when using the Universal Negative.

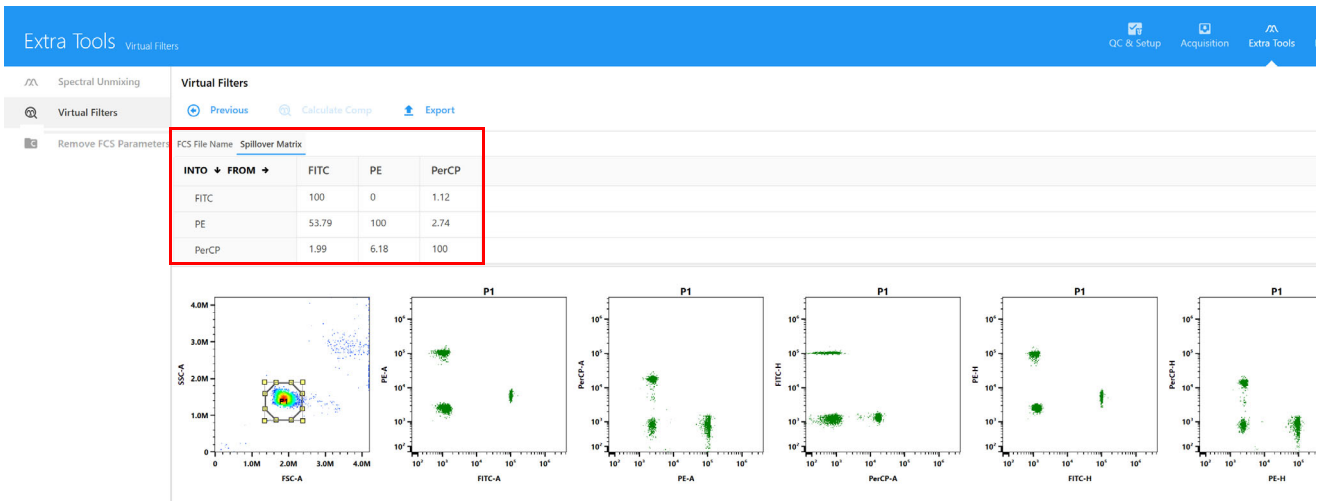
The histogram x-axes are labeled with the fluorescent tag instead of the channel/detector.



- Click Calculate Comp once gates have been set correctly. The conventionally compensated data is displayed. To view the data for a specific FCS files, select the file.



The spillover matrix is also calculated. Click Spillover Matrix to view the spillover values.



- Click Export and select the location where you wish to export the conventionally compensated data. The files are exported to a folder named Compensated followed by the current date and time. Files can then be imported back into an experiment to analyze in SpectroFlo software.

Library, Preferences, and Users

Library

The library contains information for various elements used for the experiments. Information saved in the library includes SpectroFlo QC bead lots, fluorescent tags, labels, user settings, worksheet templates, experiment templates, keywords, and Loader settings. Information stored in the library can be saved, exported, and imported for reuse.

QC Beads

SpectroFlo QC bead lot IDs and expiration dates can be imported, exported, or removed from the library. The QC bead lot for the beads used for Daily QC must be imported into the library. Select QC Beads to see a list of QC bead lots.

Library <small>QC Beads</small>		Import	Export	Delete
QC Beads				
Fluorescent Tags				
Labels				
Keywords				
Spillovers				
	Lot ID	Expiration Date		
	✓ 2002	December 31, 2026		
	1002	December 31, 2025		

Fluorescent Tags

Fluorescent tags are the designation given to each distinct fluorescent molecule that can be detected by the system. This includes for example, fluorophores, fluorescent proteins, and fluorescent viability dyes. Each unique fluorophore run on the instrument must be given a fluorescent tag name.

By default, several groups of fluorescent tags are pre-installed with the software—Blue Laser, Red Laser, Violet Laser, Yellow-Green Laser, Ultraviolet Laser, Fluorescent Proteins, and Viability dyes.

These groups contain the most commonly used fluorophores excited by the system's on-board lasers. Additional tags can be added to these groups.

Library Fluorescent Tags

	Fluorescent Tag Groups				Current Group: B
Fluorescent Tags	Import	Export	New	Edit	Delete
Labels	Name	Created By	Date Created	Date Modified	Name
Keywords	Blue Laser	System	August 20, 2019 - 10:14 AM	February 26, 202	Vio515
Spillovers	Red Laser	System	August 20, 2019 - 10:14 AM	February 26, 202	VioBright 515
User Settings	Violet Laser	System	August 20, 2019 - 10:14 AM	February 26, 202	cFluor B515
Loader Settings	Fluorescent Proteins	System	August 20, 2019 - 10:14 AM	February 26, 202	BB515
	Viability	System	August 20, 2019 - 10:14 AM	February 26, 202	Alexa Fluor 488

You can create groups or individual fluorescent tags by selecting Add. Both groups and individual fluorescent tags can be imported or exported. Note: Selecting New will create a new group while selecting Add will allow you to add an individual fluorescent tag to a group.

To edit the properties of a fluorescent tag that you added, select the fluorescent tag of interest and select Edit. Properties that can be edited include fluorescent tag name, laser excitation wavelength, emission wavelength, and display name. The default tags that are included with the software cannot be edited or deleted. However, they can be exported and imported across different systems as long as you are using the same version of SpectroFlo software.

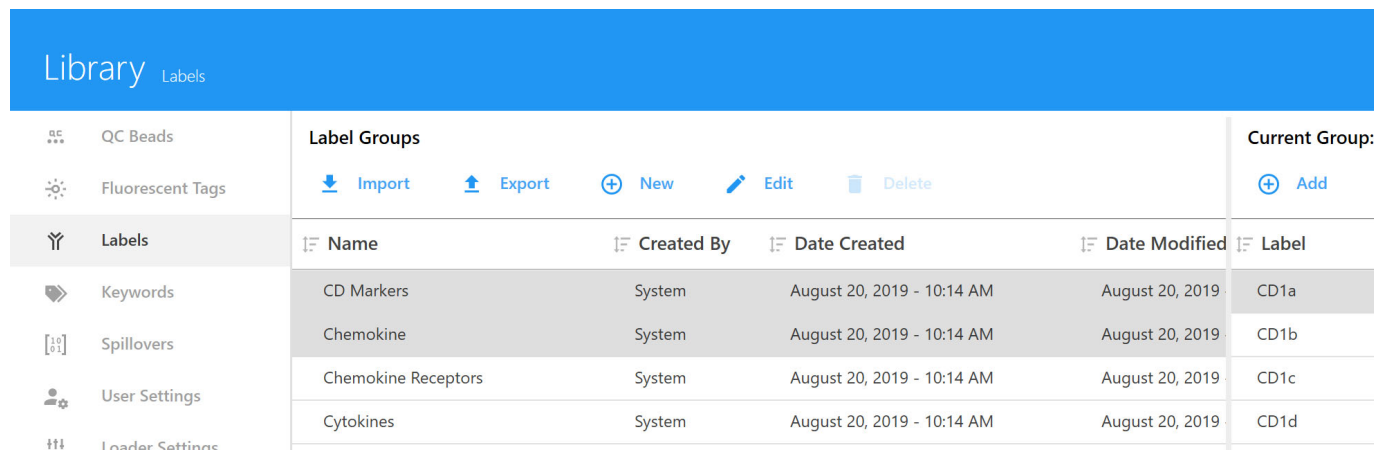
If the fluorophore is known by another name or identified by a different spelling, those additional names or spellings can be added as synonyms.

Any groups that you created can also be edited in this window. The default groups cannot be edited or deleted.

Labels

Fluorescent tags can be conjugated or attached to proteins that can specifically bind to other proteins on the cell surface or within the cytoplasm. They can also be inherently fluorescent, such as fluorescent proteins that can be fused to a variety of cellular proteins using molecular cloning techniques. The proteins that are either bound or attached to fluorescent tags can be designated as labels. The software comes with an initial set of pre-installed labels that are categorized as CD

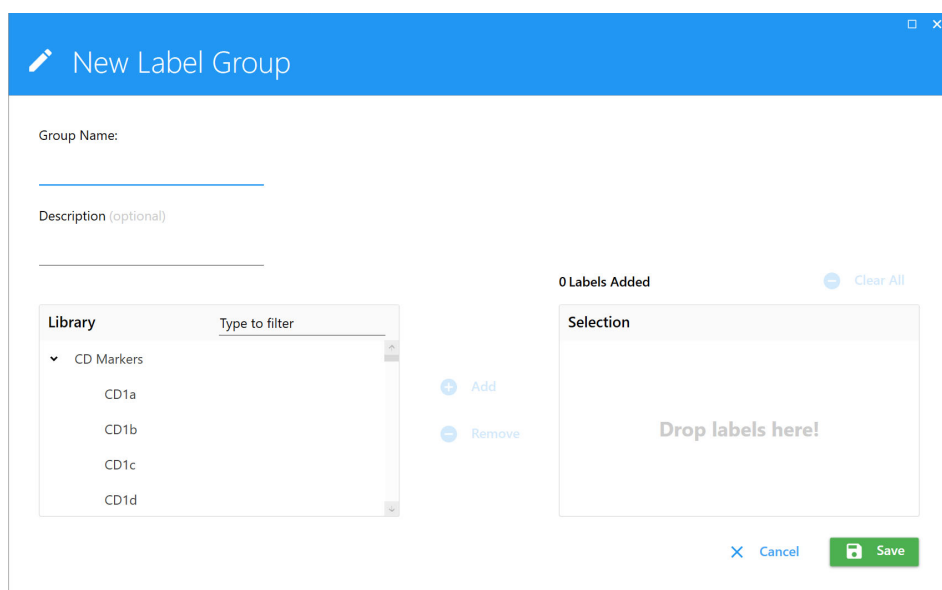
Markers, Chemokines, Chemokine Receptors, and Cytokines. Additional labels can be added by using Add in the right pane.



The screenshot shows the 'Library Labels' interface. On the left is a sidebar with navigation options: QC Beads, Fluorescent Tags, Labels (selected), Keywords, Spillovers, User Settings, and Loader Settings. The main area is titled 'Label Groups' and contains a table with columns: Name, Created By, Date Created, Date Modified, and Label. Below the table are buttons for Import, Export, New, Edit, and Delete. On the right, there is a 'Current Group:' section with an 'Add' button.

Name	Created By	Date Created	Date Modified	Label
CD Markers	System	August 20, 2019 - 10:14 AM	August 20, 2019	CD1a
Chemokine	System	August 20, 2019 - 10:14 AM	August 20, 2019	CD1b
Chemokine Receptors	System	August 20, 2019 - 10:14 AM	August 20, 2019	CD1c
Cytokines	System	August 20, 2019 - 10:14 AM	August 20, 2019	CD1d

New label groups can be created by clicking New. Label groups can also be imported and exported for use on other systems. The default groups and labels cannot be edited or deleted.



The 'New Label Group' dialog box has a blue header with a pencil icon and the title 'New Label Group'. It contains a 'Group Name:' text input field, a 'Description (optional)' text input field, and a 'Library' section. The 'Library' section has a search bar 'Type to filter' and a list of labels: CD Markers (expanded), CD1a, CD1b, CD1c, and CD1d. To the right of the list are 'Add' and 'Remove' buttons. A 'Selection' box on the right is empty and contains the text 'Drop labels here!'. Above the selection box is a '0 Labels Added' status and a 'Clear All' button. At the bottom are 'Cancel' and 'Save' buttons.

Keywords

Keywords allows you to type, import, or export user-defined, custom FCS keywords by group. These keywords can be assigned in an experiment at the experiment, group, or tube level and are exported with the FCS files.

The following types of keywords can be created:

- Numeric
- String
- Boolean
- Selectable numeric

- Selectable string

The screenshot shows the 'Library Keywords' interface. On the left is a sidebar with navigation options: QC Beads, Fluorescent Tags, Labels, and Keywords (selected). The main area is titled 'Keyword Groups' and contains a table with columns: Name, Created By, Date Created, Date Modified, and Name (Current Group). The table has a toolbar with 'Import', 'Export', 'New', 'Edit', and 'Delete' buttons. A single row is visible in the table with the following data: Name: Cytek Defined, Created By: System, Date Created: February 26, 2021 - 11:51 AM, Date Modified: February 26, 2021, Current Group: Sample ID.

Standard Keywords

The following table describes the standard FCS 3.1 keywords found in SpectroFlo FCS files.

Keyword	Description
\$FIL	Tube or well name
\$PLATENAME	Plate name
\$WELLID	Well ID
\$VOL	Total sample volume (microliters)
\$DATE	Date that the FCS data was acquired
\$BTIM	Beginning time of data acquisition
\$ETIM	End time of data acquisition
\$OP	Operator name
\$INST	Institution name
\$CYT	Name of cytometer (Aurora)
\$CYTSN	Cytometer serial number
\$SPILLOVER	Spillover matrix

Custom Keywords

The following table describes the custom keywords found in SpectroFlo FCS files. Custom keywords are not required as part of the FCS 3.1 standard.

Keyword	Description
APPLY COMPENSATION	True or False to indicate whether compensation is enabled when FCS file is loaded into SpectroFlo
CHARSET	Encoding. UTF8.
CREATOR	Software name and version
FSC ASF	FSC area scaling factor
GROUPNAME	Plate name

Keyword	Description
LASER{x}DELAY	Laser delay for each laser
LASER{x}ASF	Area scaling factor for each laser
LASER{x}NAME	Name for each laser
P{x}DISPLAY	Preferred display scale
PLATEROWS	Number of rows of the plate
PLATECOLS	Number of columns of the plate
THRESHOLD	Threshold channel and value
TUBENAME	Name of sample tube
WINDOW EXTENSION	Window extension used to record the tube/well
USERSETTINGNAME	The user setting name used to record the tube/well

You can change the value of a custom keyword, then select Auto Update for that keyword to update the keyword in subsequent experiments.

New Edit Delete

				Current Group: Cytek Defined			
				+ Add	✎ Edit	🗑 Delete	
Created By	Date Created	Date Modified	Name	Suffix	Type	Value	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Auto Update
System	February 26, 2021 - 11:51 AM	February 26, 2021	Sample ID		String	0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
			Age		Numeric	0	<input type="checkbox"/>
			Sample Type		String		<input type="checkbox"/>

Spillovers

Spillovers shows the spillover matrices saved during experiments. These saved matrices can be used for other experiments. For more information on the spillover matrix, see [“Adjusting Spillover”](#) on page 51.

Library Spillovers

- 🔍 QC Beads
- 🌈 Fluorescent Tags
- 🏷 Labels
- 🔑 Keywords
- 📄 Spillovers

📥 Import 📤 Export 🗑 Delete

Spillover Matrix:

Name	Created By	Date Created	Description

User Settings

User Settings are the set of gain settings, threshold, and signal type for all detector channels. The date when it was created and modified, as well as the name of the user who created it are also saved. The settings are saved from the Instrument Control Pane in the Acquisition module. The name and description can be modified in this tab.

Select a user(s) to view the user settings created by that user(s). Click the pen tool to edit the description of the selected user settings. Administrators can check the Shared checkbox to allow all users to see and use the settings created by other users. SuperUsers can view, import, and export user settings, but cannot delete settings created by other users.

To delete user settings that are no longer needed, select it, then click Delete.

Library User Settings						
Users				Import	Export	
	User	Full Name	Role	Status		Name
<input type="checkbox"/>	Admin	Administrator	Administrator	Enabled		CytekAssaySetting
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Operator	Op	User	Enabled		CytekAssaySetting
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Janelle S	Janelle S	User	Enabled	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	CytekAssaySetting
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Alex Z	Alex Z	User	Enabled		CytekAssaySetting
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Patty T	Patty T	User	Enabled		Default

Loader Settings

Loader settings can be saved and are stored in the library. The settings name, date the settings were created, version, as well as the name of user who created them are displayed. Click Description to add information about the settings.

Loader settings include mix time and speed, stage temperature setting, sample return, number of SIT flushes, and record data delay time.

For more information on Loader settings, see [“Loader Settings” on page 125](#).

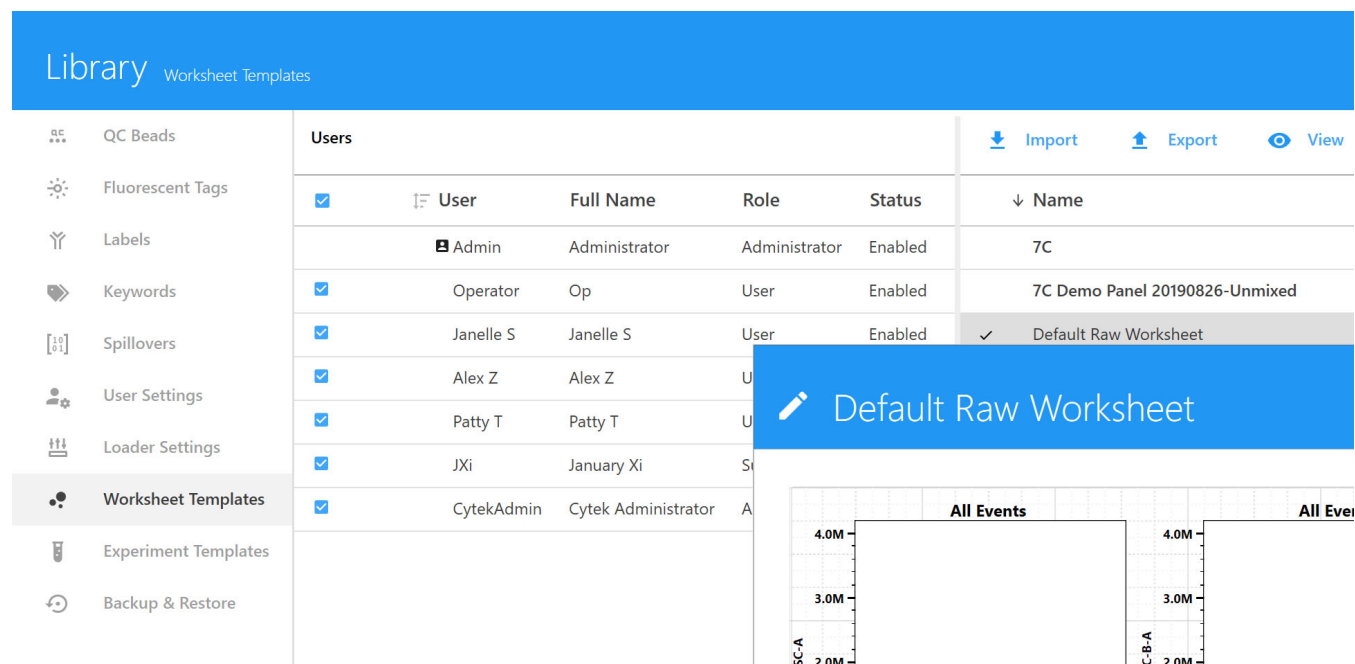
Library Loader Settings					
		Import	Export	Delete	
Name	Created By	Date Created	Version	Description	

Worksheet Templates

All worksheets created in the Acquisition module are saved in the library and can be accessed through the Worksheet Templates tab. Worksheets can be exported as WTM files and imported for re-use. For more information on worksheets, see [“About Worksheets” on page 21](#).

Select a user(s) to view the worksheet templates created by that user(s). Click the pen tool to edit the description of the selected worksheet. Administrators can check the Shared checkbox to allow all users to see and use the worksheet templates created by other users. SuperUsers can view, import, and export worksheet templates, but cannot delete templates created by other users.

To view a worksheet, select it, then click View. To delete a worksheet that is no longer needed, select it, then click Delete. The default worksheets cannot be deleted. You can also set the default raw and unmixed worksheets back to their original defaults by selecting the worksheet, then clicking Restore Default.



The screenshot displays the 'Library Worksheet Templates' interface. On the left is a navigation menu with options like 'QC Beads', 'Fluorescent Tags', 'Labels', 'Keywords', 'Spillovers', 'User Settings', 'Loader Settings', 'Worksheet Templates', 'Experiment Templates', and 'Backup & Restore'. The main area shows a table of users with columns for 'User', 'Full Name', 'Role', 'Status', and 'Name'. A blue overlay with a pencil icon and the text 'Default Raw Worksheet' is positioned over the row for 'Janelle S'. Below the table, two graphs are shown, each with a y-axis labeled 'SC-A' and 'SC-B-A' ranging from 2.0M to 4.0M. The graphs are titled 'All Events' and 'All Even'.

Experiment Templates

Experiment templates contain the key elements of an experiment without the data. They can be saved and stored in the library for future use. The name, creation date and time, description, and creator information is displayed. Experiment templates can also be imported and exported from this tab. For more information on experiments, see [“About Experiments” on page 18](#).

Select a user(s) to view the experiment templates created by that user(s). Click the pen tool to edit the description of the selected worksheet. Administrators can check the Shared checkbox to allow all users to see and use the experiment templates created by other users. SuperUsers can view, import, and export experiment templates, but cannot delete templates created by other users.

To delete an experiment template that is no longer needed, select it, then click Delete. The default experiment template cannot be deleted.

Library Experiment Templates					
Users					
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	User	Full Name	Role	Status	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Admin	Administrator	Administrator	Enabled	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Alex Z	Alex Z	User	Enabled	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	CytekAdmin	Cytek Administrator	Administrator	Enabled	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Janelle S	Janelle S	User	Enabled	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	JXi	January Xi	SuperUser	Enabled	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Operator	Op	User	Enabled	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Patty T	Patty T	User	Enabled	

Experiment Templates	
Import	Export
Name	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Default

If you have enabled the optional Worklist module during installation of SpectroFlo, you can also find experiments saved as Assays in the Experiment Templates tab. You can delete, export, and import Assays here.

Backup & Restore

Users and SuperUsers can back up selected data from their accounts directly from SpectroFlo software. This includes experiments, experiment templates, worksheets, user settings, Loader settings, daily QC results, and reference controls. Administrators have the additional ability to back up selected data from the different User and SuperUser accounts.

- 1 To back up data, click **Backup** in the right pane.
- 2 Choose a timeframe (day, week, month, or custom timeframe) that includes the data, select the user(s).

Library Backup & Restore			
Backup			
Day	Week	Month	Custom
Start: 3/2/2021		End: 3/2/2021	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	User	Full Name	Role
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Admin	Administrator	Administrator
<input type="checkbox"/>	Operator	Op	User
<input type="checkbox"/>	Janelle S	Janelle S	User
<input type="checkbox"/>	Alex Z	Alex Z	User

3 Select the data type you want to back up, and click Backup.

Name	Role	
Administrator	Administrator	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Data
	User	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Experiments
	User	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Experiment Templates/Assays
	User	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Worklists
	User	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Worksheets
	User	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> User Settings

To restore these settings, click Restore and browse to the location where the settings are saved.

Preferences

The Preferences module allows you to change various functionality and display elements of the software user interface. Each user has the ability to change their own preferences. The following sections describe the options that can be changed in the Preferences module. Each section within the Preferences can be restored to its default settings by selecting Restore Default Preferences.



Acquisition Preferences

In the Acquisition tab, you can change the number of events displayed on plots during acquisition, the number of SIT flushes, the preview time before recording begins, and the value that the gain settings increment when you click the spin-box arrow during acquisition. You can also enter default prefixes for tube, group, plate, tube rack, and experiment names. A label/lot specific unmixing feature allows you to choose specific reference controls for unmixing. The Batch Analysis options allow you to choose the output file type and tube/well results contained in the PDF.

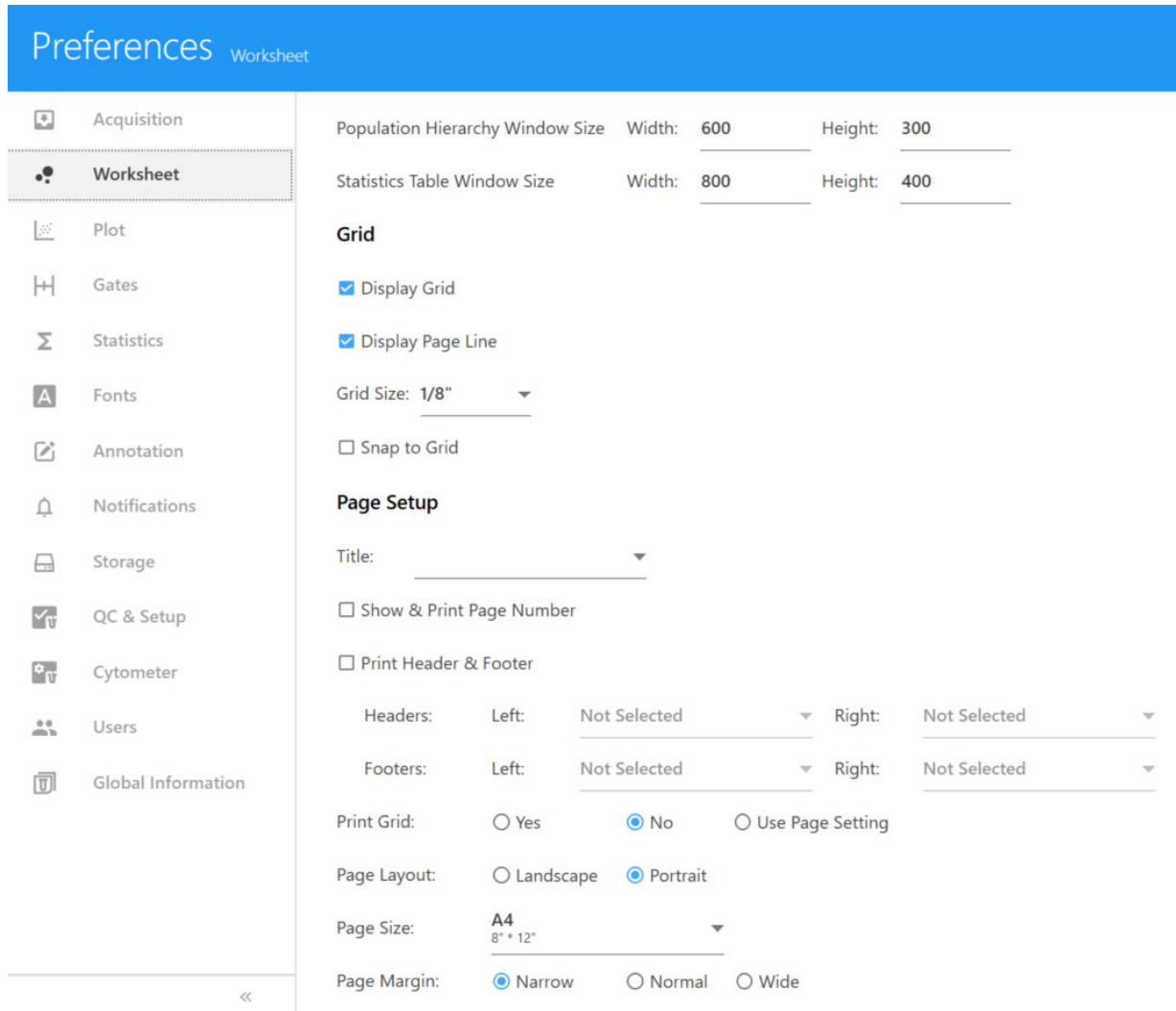
The following table describes the options in the Acquisition preferences.

Item	Description
Number of Events to Display on Plots	The number of events displayed in the pseudocolor plots, dot plots, and histograms. The default is 2,000 events.
Number of Automatic SIT Flush After Tube Unload	Choose the number (0–2) of SIT Flushes that will be performed once a tube is removed from the SIP.

Item	Description
Data Review Time (Sec) After Tube Recorded	The number of seconds that elapse before the tube pointer moves to the next tube after the current tube is finished recording.
Record Data Delay Time (Sec) for Manual Tube	The number of seconds before it begins recording after you click Record.
Gain Spinbox Up/Down Increment (Ctrl key Held)	Increments the gain for each detector channel by the amount indicated when you hold the Ctrl key and select the up and down arrows of the Gain spinbox.
Experiment	<p>Enter the default name for tubes, groups, plates, tube racks (ASL only), and experiments. Edit the default name and/or append to the existing names.</p> <p>Select the default user settings for experiments.</p> <p>Ref Controls Ordered by Control Type allows you to order reference controls by type (beads or cells). If unchecked, reference controls are ordered by excitation laser, then by peak emission.</p>
Unmixing Feature	<p>Label/Lot Specific Unmixing allows you to use lot-specific reference controls for unmixing when appropriate. If this option is selected, the software will search the library and experiment reference groups for reference controls that have the same fluorochrome, label, and lot information in order to use the corresponding control for unmixing.</p> <p>Select the preferred SSC channel for unmixing (SSC for the signal from the violet laser (default), or SSC-B for the signal from the blue laser).</p>
Batch Analysis	<p>Select the default output file type for batch analysis reports (PDF, CSV, or both).</p> <p>Choose to create a single PDF for all tubes/wells, or individual PDF files for each tube/well.</p>

Worksheet Preferences

The Worksheet tab allows you to change the way elements are displayed in the worksheet. Header and footer properties are also adjusted in the Worksheet tab.



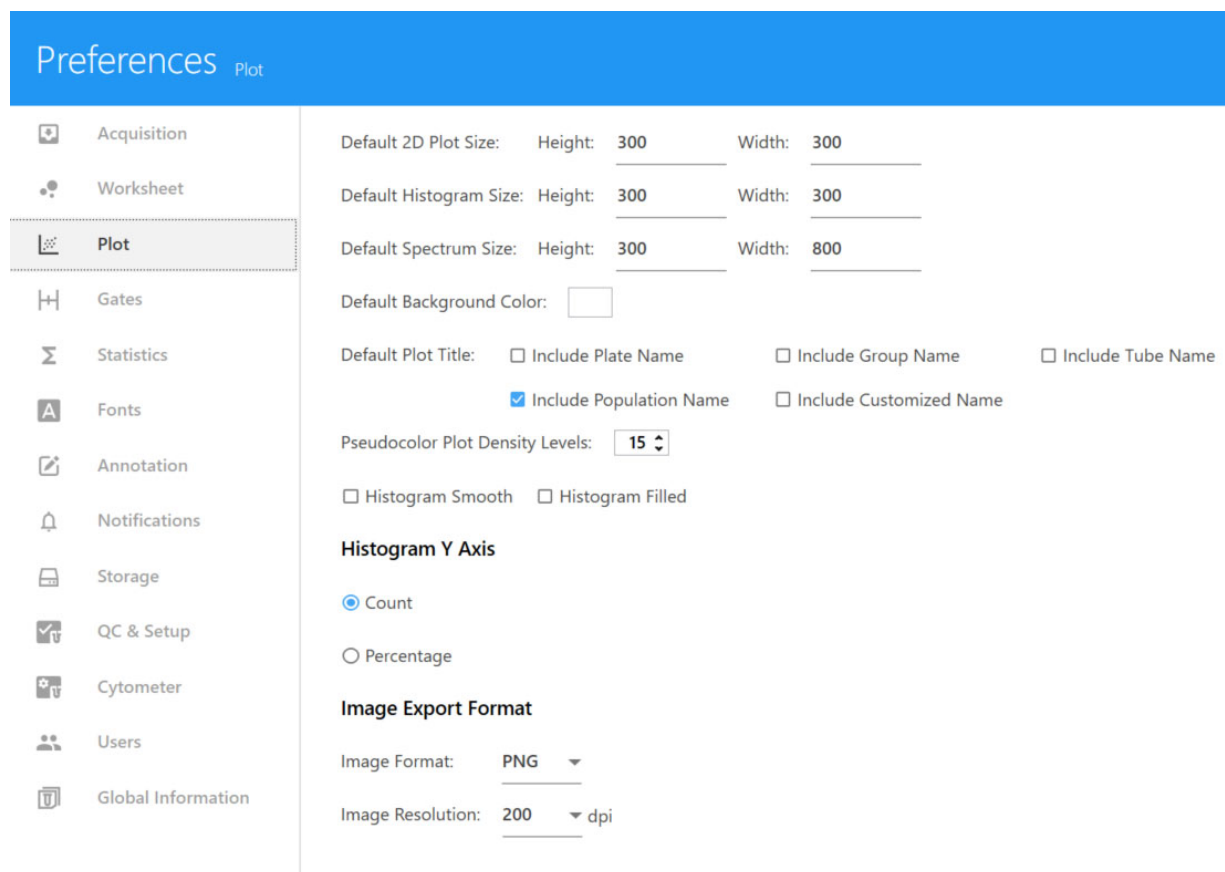
The following table describes the options in the Worksheet preferences.

Item	Description
Population Hierarchy Window Size	Sets the default height and width for the population hierarchy experiment element.
Statistics Table Window Size	Sets the default height and width for the statistics table.
Grid	<p>Display Grid – Toggles on/off the display of grid lines in the worksheet.</p> <p>Display Page Line – Toggles on/off the page break line in the worksheet.</p> <p>Grid Size – Modifies the size of the grid squares. Options include 1\", 1/2\", 1/4\", and 1/8\".</p> <p>Snap to Grid – Toggles on/off the ability for the worksheet elements to snap to and line up with the grid lines on the worksheet.</p>

Item	Description
Page Setup	<p>Title – Select a worksheet title from a list of default titles. The title is shown when the worksheet is printed or exported as a PDF.</p> <p>Show & Print Page Number – Toggles whether the page number is shown and printed.</p> <p>Print Header & Footer – Toggles whether the header and footer are printed. Allows you to select the text that is displayed in the left and right headers and footers.</p> <p>Print Grid – Toggles whether the grid is printed. Can also be set to use Page Setting.</p> <p>Page Layout – Toggles between landscape and portrait.</p> <p>Page Size – Sets the page size according to standard paper sizes.</p> <p>Page Margin – Sets the margins of the page to Narrow, Normal, or Wide.</p>

Plot Preferences

The display properties of pseudocolor, dot, and histogram plots can be adjusted in the Plot tab.



Preferences Plot

- Acquisition
- Worksheet
- Plot**
- Gates
- Statistics
- Fonts
- Annotation
- Notifications
- Storage
- QC & Setup
- Cytometer
- Users
- Global Information

Default 2D Plot Size: Height: 300 Width: 300

Default Histogram Size: Height: 300 Width: 300

Default Spectrum Size: Height: 300 Width: 800

Default Background Color:

Default Plot Title: Include Plate Name Include Group Name Include Tube Name
 Include Population Name Include Customized Name

Pseudocolor Plot Density Levels: 15

Histogram Smooth Histogram Filled

Histogram Y Axis

Count
 Percentage

Image Export Format

Image Format: PNG

Image Resolution: 200 dpi

The following table describes the options in the Plot preferences.

Item	Description
Default 2D Plot Size	Set the default height and width of the pseudocolor plots and dot plots in pixels.
Default Histogram Size	Set the default height and width of histograms in pixels.
Default Spectrum Size	Set the default height and width of spectrum plots in pixels.
Default Background Color	Set the default background color for all plots. Click to select from the available colors.
Default Plot Title	Customize the title of all plots to include the plate name, group name, tube name, population name, and/or a custom name.
Pseudocolor Plot Density Levels	Increase or decrease the number of density levels displayed in the pseudocolor plot.
Histogram Smooth	Set whether histogram distributions are smoothed.
Histogram Filled	Set whether histogram distributions are filled.
Histogram Y Axis	Set the scale of the histogram y-axis to count or percentage.
Image Export Format	Select the format and resolution (96, 200, 300, or 500 dpi) for exported images.

Gates Preferences

Gate properties can be adjusted in the Gates tab.

Gate	Color
1	Red
2	Blue
3	Green
4	Purple
5	Yellow
6	Cyan
7	Olive
8	Magenta
9	Brown
10	Grey

The following table describes the options in the Gates preferences.

Item	Description
Default Name Location	Select where the gate name is displayed with respect to the gate itself.
Show % of Parent together with Gate Name	Toggles on/off the display of the % of Parent with the gate name.
Show Count together with Gate Name	Toggles on/off the display of the population count with the gate name.
Gate Boundary Line Weight	Sets the thickness of the line drawn by the gate.
Default Colors for First X Gates	Set the number of gates (1–10) that will follow the color scheme detailed in the gate color table. The order in which the colors appear can be changed.
Interval Gate Default Color	Toggles on/off whether the population captured by the interval gate has a default color.

Item	Description
Quadrant Gate Default Color	Select whether the population captured by the quadrant gate has a default color, and if so if each quadrant has a different color.
Binary Gate Default Color	Select whether the population captured by the binary gate has a default color.

Statistics Preferences

The default degree of precision (number of decimal places) of the statistics displayed in the worksheet can be modified in the Statistics tab.

The precision for the following statistics can be adjusted: Mean, rSD, % rCV, Mean, Max, Min, SD, % CV, % Total, % Parent, % Grand Parent, % Specified Gate, Count/ μ L, and Absolute Count.

Preferences Statistics

- Acquisition
- Worksheet
- Plot
- Gates
- Statistics**
- Fonts
- Annotation
- Notifications
- Storage
- QC & Setup
- Cytometer
- Users
- Global Information

Decimal Places

Statistics Variable	Decimal Places
Median	0 <input type="text"/>
rSD	0 <input type="text"/>
% rCV	2 <input type="text"/>
Mean	0 <input type="text"/>
Max	0 <input type="text"/>
Min	0 <input type="text"/>
SD	0 <input type="text"/>
% CV	2 <input type="text"/>
% Total	2 <input type="text"/>
% Parent	2 <input type="text"/>
% Grand Parent	2 <input type="text"/>
% Specified Gate	2 <input type="text"/>
Count/ μ L	2 <input type="text"/>
Absolute Count	2 <input type="text"/>

Fonts Preferences

The Fonts tab allows you to change the font properties of each display element.

The following table describes the options in the Fonts preferences.

Item	Description
Font Locations	Select which display element's font to modify.
Text Settings	Font Family – Select the font family. Font Size – Select the font size. Color – Select the font color. Font Style – Toggles between normal and italic. Font Weight – Select normal, bold, or semibold.
Sample Text	Shows a preview of the text with the properties set in the Text Settings.

Annotation Preferences

You can adjust the text properties for annotation text.

Select the font family, size, style, weight, and alignment, as well as the foreground, background, and border colors. Selected text options appear under Sample Text.

The screenshot shows the 'Preferences' dialog box with the 'Annotation' tab selected. The left sidebar lists various settings categories: Acquisition, Worksheet, Plot, Gates, Statistics, Fonts, Annotation (highlighted), Notifications, Storage, and QC & Setup. The main area is divided into 'Text Settings' and 'Sample Text'. Under 'Text Settings', there are dropdown menus for 'Default Font Family' (set to Arial) and 'Default Font Size' (set to 12). Below these are radio buttons for 'Default Font Style' (Normal selected, Italic unselected) and 'Default Font Weight' (Normal selected, Bold unselected). There are also color pickers for 'Default Foreground Color' (black), 'Default Border' (black), and 'Default Background Color' (checkered). At the bottom, there are three icons for 'Default Text Alignment' (left, center, right). The 'Sample Text' area shows the text 'Sample Text' in the selected font and size.

Notifications Preferences

The Notifications tab allows you to change certain notification settings in the Acquisition and Extra Tools modules.

The screenshot shows the 'Preferences' dialog box with the 'Notifications' tab selected. The left sidebar lists various settings categories: Acquisition, Worksheet, Plot, Gates, Statistics, Fonts, Annotation, Notifications (highlighted), Storage, and QC & Setup. The main area is divided into three sections: 'Acquisition Module', 'Extra Tools Module', and 'Window Sizes and Locations'. Under 'Acquisition Module', there are four checked checkboxes: 'Display "Save Changes" popup window when closing Experiment', 'Display "Save Changes" popup window when closing Worksheet', 'Display "Save Changes" popup window when leaving current User Setting', and 'Display "Confirmation" message when cancel experiment wizard'. Under 'Extra Tools Module', there are two checked checkboxes: 'Display "Adjust Gates" popup window after clicking Show Plots' and 'Display "Assign Sample Types" popup window after importing FCS files'. At the bottom, there is a 'Restore Default' button.

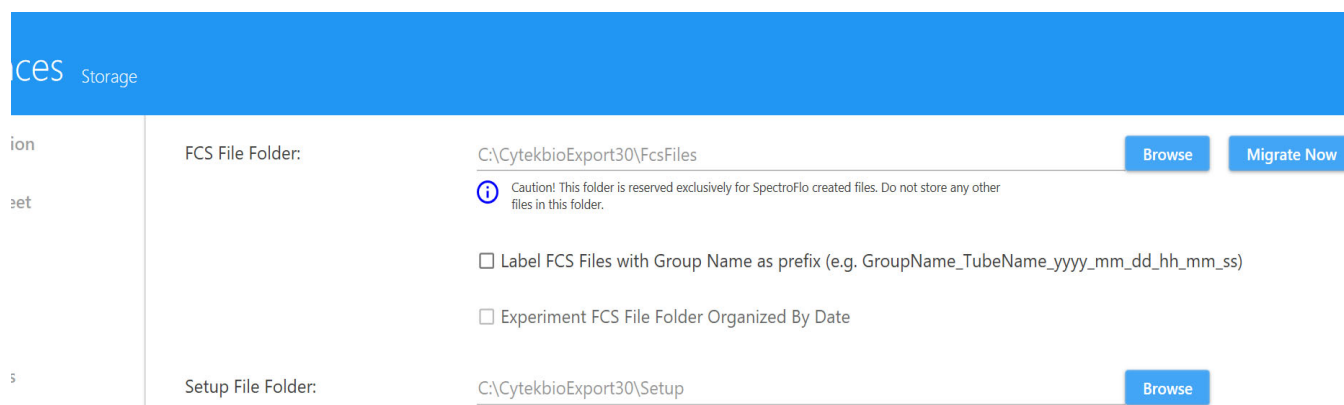
The following table describes the options in the Notifications preferences.

Item	Description
Acquisition Module	Toggles whether to display the Save Changes pop-up window when closing an Experiment, Worksheet, and User Settings, as well as whether to display a confirmation message when canceling the experiment wizard.
Extra Tools Module	Toggles whether to display the instructional dialog boxes in the Extra Tools module.
Window Sizes and Locations	Select Restore Default to set pop-up window sizes and locations to the defaults.

Storage Preferences

The Storage tab allows administrators to set the default storage locations for the experiment FCS files and setup FCS files. This option is available only for administrators.

■ **NOTE:** Do not move files stored in these folders.



The following table describes the options in the Storage preferences.

Item	Description
FCS Files Folder	<p>Select the folder where FCS files are saved. FCS files from experiments where only raw data was acquired, as well as FCS files from experiments where live unmixing was performed are stored here. For experiments where live unmixing is performed, both raw and unmixed FCS files are saved.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> You can select to label FCS files with group names as the prefix. Note that you can set the default group name in Acquisition preferences. You can select to organize FCS file folders by date. If not selected, FCS files are ordered by experiment name, without a parent folder indicating the date. <p>If you change the default folder where FCS files are saved and want to move existing experiments to the specified folder, click Migrate Now.</p>

Item	Description
Setup FCS Files Folder	Select the folder where FCS files generated by QC & Setup procedures are saved.

QC Setup Preferences

The QC Setup tab allows you to select the days/months of QC reports to display in the Reports section of the Cytometer QC menu in the QC & Setup module.

Preferences QC & Setup

- Acquisition
- Worksheet
- Plot
- Gates
- Statistics

Display Daily QC Reports

- Last 30 days
- Last 3 months
- Last 12 months

Cytometer Preferences

The Cytometer tab allows you to select the default carrier type (manual tube, 96-well plate, 96-well deep-well plate, or tube rack) and select how bubbles and clogs are handled by the system. These

selections are for systems configured with a loader. Carrier configuration settings allow you to set SIT lift distance for tubes and plates and select a throughput option for plates.

Default Carrier Type:

Fluidics

Skip Fluidics Boost when Starting Acquisition for High and Medium Flow Rates

Enable Bubble/Clog Detection

In Case of Bubble

Move to next target after SIT flush

Stop immediately after SIT flush

In Case of Clog

Move to next target after SIT flush

Stop immediately after SIT flush

Cytometer Warm Up

Enable data collection during system warm up

Sample Carrier Configuration

Name	Enable	SIT Lift Distance	Default Loader Setting
Manual Tube	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	0.75	
96 U-Bottom	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	1.5	Default
96 V-Bottom	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	1.7	Default
96 Flat-Bottom	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	1.5	Default

The following table describes the options in the Acquisition preferences.

Item	Description
Default Carrier Type	Choose the carrier type for sample delivery method – Manual Tube for manual sample delivery, or the appropriate 96-well plate, 96-well deep-well plate, or tube-rack if you are using a Loader.

Item	Description
Fluidics	<p>Skip Fluidics Boost when Starting Acquisition – select this feature if you wish to skip the boost that quickly delivers sample from a tube/well to the flow cell at the start of acquisition.</p> <p>NOTE: The Skip Fluidics Boost feature works only for Medium and High flow rates.</p> <p>Enable Bubble/Clog Detection – allows you to choose how you want to proceed in the event of a bubble or a clog when running a plate. You can either move to the next well or stop immediately after a SIT flush.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If two consecutive clogs are detected when acquiring from a plate, acquisition stops immediately, regardless of how the Bubble/Clog Detection option is set. • Disabling SIT Flush (see Number of Automatic SIT Flush After Tube Unplugged in Acquisition preferences) also disables the SIT flush step during clog detection. For proper functionality, ensure the automatic SIT Flush is enabled when Bubble/Clog Detection is enabled.
Sample Carrier Configuration	<p>Select (enable) the sample carrier – If using a Loader, you must have Manual Tube and at least one other carrier type selected.</p> <p>SIT Lift Distance – The distance in millimeters from the tip of the SIT to the bottom of the well or tube.</p> <p>Default Loader Setting – Choose the default, high-throughput, or low carryover setting when using a Loader.</p>

Users Preferences

The Users tab allows you to select if and when (daily, weekly, monthly) to automatically export the login sessions. The auto-exported login session files are exported to C:\CytekbioExport\LoginSessions. For more information on exporting login sessions, see “Use Time” on page 103.

The screenshot shows the 'Users' preferences window. On the left, a sidebar lists categories: Acquisition, Worksheet, Plot, Gates, and Statistics. The 'Users' category is active. The main area is titled 'Auto Export Login Sessions' and contains four radio button options: Monthly, Weekly, Daily, and Never. The 'Never' option is selected, indicated by a blue dot.

Global Information

Enter information for your department in the Global Information tab.

Preferences Global Information

- Acquisition
- Worksheet
- Plot
- Gates
- Statistics
- Fonts
- Annotation
- Notifications

Global Information

Department: _____

Workstation Information: _____

Director: _____

Phone Number: _____

Fax Number: _____

Email: _____

Address: _____

Users

User accounts can be managed in the Users module. User account information and use time are stored in the module.

There are three types of user accounts (roles)—Administrator, Super User, and User. Only Administrators can manage user accounts.

Managing Users

Administrators can add, delete, edit, and disable user accounts from the Users tab. User passwords can also be changed/reset. The Users tab lists all users and displays the role and status of each.


Users User

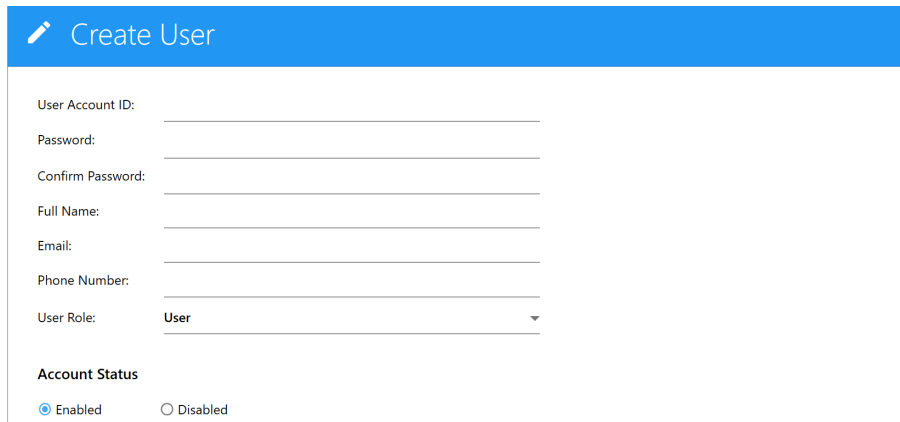
- User
- Use Time
- User Role
- User Policy

[Add New](#) [Edit](#) [Delete](#)

User	Full Name	Role	Status	Email
Admin	Administrator	Administrator	Enabled	
JXi	January X	Administrator	Enabled	
GReinin	Gil R	SuperUser	Enabled	
PToth	Patty T	User	Enabled	

Adding a New User Account

- 1 Click  Add New in the User tab of the Users module.
This option is available only for administrators.



- 2 Enter a user account ID and password, then enter the password again to confirm.
■ NOTE: The user account ID appears in the user name filed in the User's tab.
- 3 (Optional) Enter the user's full name, email, and phone number.
- 4 Select the user role—Administrator, SuperUser, or User.
- 5 Select the account status—enabled or disabled.
- 6 Click Save.

Editing a User Account

- 1 Select the user from the User tab of the Users module, then click Edit.

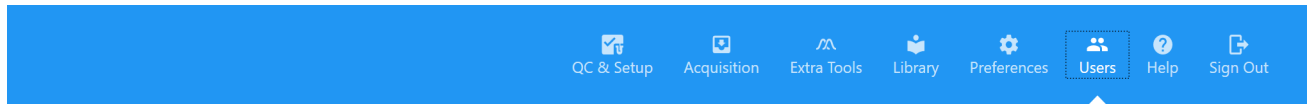


- 2 You can edit or add a user name, email, and/or phone number. You can also change the user role and account status.
- 3 Click Save.

Resetting a User Password

An administrator can change their or another administrator's password and reset an operator's password.

- 1 Select the user from the User tab of the Users module.
- 2 Click Reset Password.



Status	Email	Phone Number	Password
Enabled			Change Password
Enabled			Reset Password
Enabled			Reset Password

- 3 Click Yes to confirm resetting the password.
- 4 A dialog opens displaying the new password.
- 5 Make note of the password and click OK.

Deleting a User Account

To delete a user account, select the user from the User tab of the Users module, then click Delete. When you remove a user account all the account information and that data acquired by that user is deleted. The FCS files saved by the user are retained.

Use Time

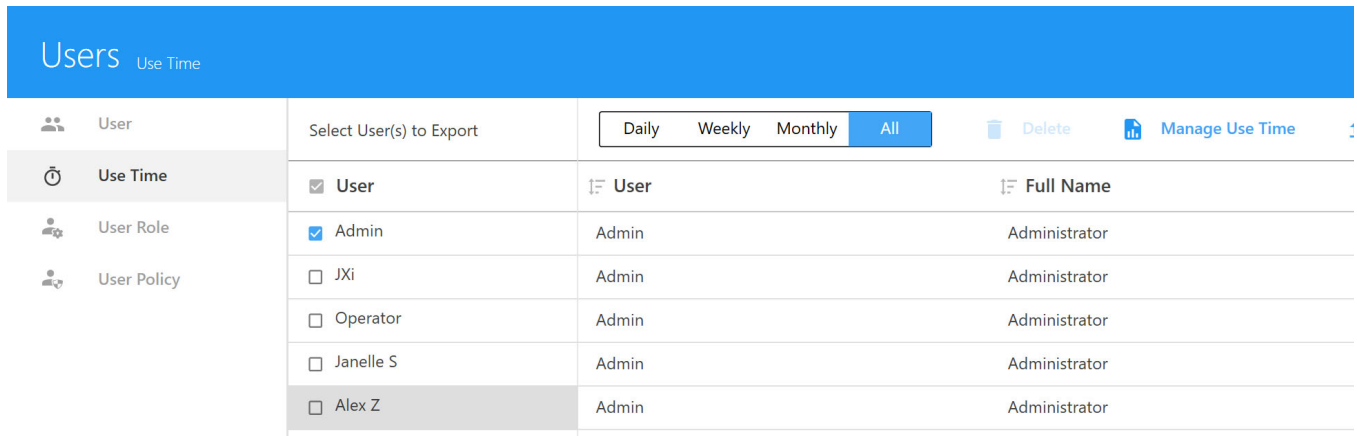
Use Time shows the total daily, weekly, and monthly use time (duration) and number of sessions that each user is on the system. Select a user(s) to view and export the use times for the selected user account(s). Click on the checkbox next to the user in the Select User(s) section to be able to view the sessions for use time to export. Select the session or all the sessions for export.

Select User(s) to Export			
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> User	<input type="checkbox"/> User	<input type="checkbox"/> Full Name	<input type="checkbox"/> Day
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Admin	Admin	Administrator	2021-02-
<input type="checkbox"/> Operator	Admin	Administrator	2021-02-
<input type="checkbox"/> Janelle S	Admin	Administrator	2021-01-
<input type="checkbox"/> Alex Z	Admin	Administrator	2020-01-

To see a comprehensive list of every login session for selected user(s), select All. The log on (start) and log off (end) times for each session, as well as the session duration are displayed.

Administrators can manage the list of login sessions by deleting all sessions before a specified date. To delete sessions, select the user(s) or click User to select all users, click Manage Use Time, select the date, and click Delete. Manage Use Time appears when you select All.

■ **NOTE:** Only accounts with an Administrator role are able to delete Use Times.



The screenshot shows the 'Users Use Time' interface. On the left is a navigation menu with 'User', 'Use Time', 'User Role', and 'User Policy'. The main area has a header 'Select User(s) to Export' and radio buttons for 'Daily', 'Weekly', 'Monthly', and 'All'. Below this is a table with columns for 'User', 'Full Name', and 'Administrator'.

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> User	User	Full Name
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Admin	Admin	Administrator
<input type="checkbox"/> JXi	Admin	Administrator
<input type="checkbox"/> Operator	Admin	Administrator
<input type="checkbox"/> Janelle S	Admin	Administrator
<input type="checkbox"/> Alex Z	Admin	Administrator

Administrators can export daily, weekly, monthly, or all use times and login sessions to .csv files by selecting the user(s) and session dates and clicking **Export Selected**, or selecting user(s) and clicking **Export All** to export all use times and login sessions.

User Role

Administrators can edit the privileges for User and SuperUser user roles. Administrators can also create and edit new custom user roles. Administrator privileges cannot be changed.

Editing a User Role

- 1 Select User Role from the Users tab, then select the user name (role) you wish to edit.
The default user roles (and names) are Administrator, SuperUser, and User. The Administrator role cannot be edited.
- 2 Click Edit to edit the selected user role.
- 3 Edit the user role privileges, then click Save.

See “User Role Privileges” in the following section.

- 4 If you wish to restore user role privileges to the defaults, click Restore Default in the Edit User Role window.

User Role Privileges

The following table shows the privileges for the three default user types (Administrator, SuperUser, and User). Administrators can edit the privileges for the SuperUser and User. Administrator privileges cannot be edited.

Privileges	User	SuperUser	Administrator
Instrument Control			
Change fluorescence gains		✓	✓
Customize parameters (signal types)		✓	✓
Window extension		✓	✓
Area scaling factors	✓	✓	✓
Change laser delay		✓	✓
Library Documents			
Manage QC bead lot		✓	✓
Create fluorescent tags	✓	✓	✓
Create label	✓	✓	✓

Privileges	User	SuperUser	Administrator
Create reference controls	✓	✓	✓
User Management			
Manage users		✓	✓
Manage all user types			✓
Create user role			✓

Creating a User Role

Administrators can create new user roles based on the privileges of the three default roles.

- 1 Select User Role from the Users tab.
- 2 Click New.
- 3 Enter a name for the new user role.
- 4 Select the base type for new role. Base types are Administrator, SuperUser, and User.

The new role can have the same privileges as the selected base type. You can remove some privileges but you cannot grant more privileges than the base type has. For example, if you want the new user role to manage QC bead lot information, select SuperUser as the base type, as the User base type does not have this privilege.

Create User Role

Role Name:

Base Type:

Description:

Privileges

Instrument Control: Gains of Fluorescent Channels Customize Parameters (Signal Types)
 Window Extension Area Scaling Factors
 Change Laser Delay

Documents: Manage QC Bead Lot Create Fluorescent Tag
 Create Label Create Reference Control

Assay: Create Assay Approve Assay

User Management: Manage User Manage All User Types
 Create User Role

- 5 (Optional) Enter a description.
- 6 Click Save.

The new user role appears in the Name list.

Deleting a User Role

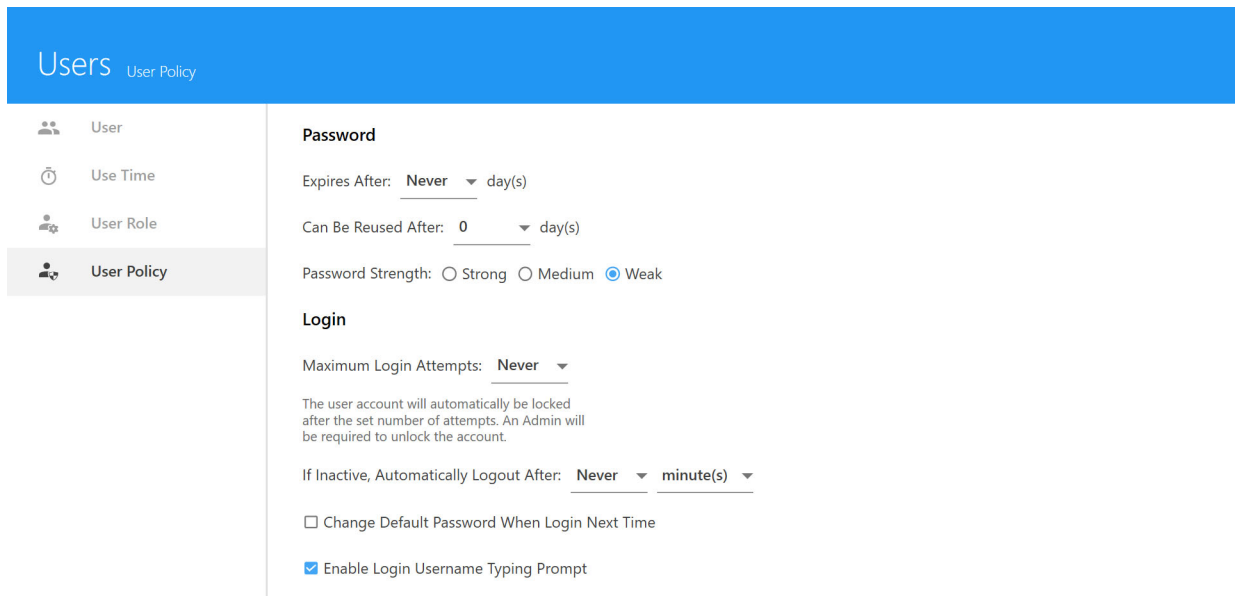
Administrators can delete a custom user role.

- 1 Select User Role from the Users tab.
- 2 Click Delete.
- 3 Click Delete to confirm deletion.

User Policy

Administrators can configure general password and login security policies.

- 1 Select User Policy from the Users tab to display the user policies.



The screenshot shows the 'Users' tab with 'User Policy' selected. The left sidebar contains navigation options: User, Use Time, User Role, and User Policy. The main content area is divided into 'Password' and 'Login' sections. The 'Password' section includes: 'Expires After: Never' (dropdown), 'Can Be Reused After: 0' (dropdown), and 'Password Strength: Strong, Medium, Weak' (radio buttons, with 'Weak' selected). The 'Login' section includes: 'Maximum Login Attempts: Never' (dropdown), a note about account locking, 'If Inactive, Automatically Logout After: Never' (dropdown) and 'minute(s)' (dropdown), 'Change Default Password When Login Next Time' (checkbox), and 'Enable Login Username Typing Prompt' (checkbox, checked).

- 2 Select the following:

- if and when passwords expire
- if and when passwords can be reused
- password strength
 - strong is 8–20 characters with upper-case and lower-case letters, at least one number, and at least one special character
 - medium is 6–20 characters with letters and numbers
 - weak has no restrictions
- if and when a maximum number of login attempts fail (users are locked out of SpectroFlo after the selected number of unsuccessful login attempts is reached)
- if and when users are automatically logged out if inactive for the selected time (1 minute to 45 hours, in various increments)
- change default password when login next time (if the default password Rainbow is set, the user will be prompted to create a new password)
- enable login username typing prompt (as you begin to type when logging in, a list of user names with matching characters appears)

Worklist

■ **NOTE:** The Worklist module is optional, chosen at the time of installing SpectroFlo. It is meant for running locked-down assays with fixed reports, primarily used in GXP environments. It provides policies and workflows to control the integrity and analysis of data generated in this module.

Create or open a worklist

- 1 In the Worklist module, click New in the toolbar to create a new worklist. The existing worklists are displayed below the Worklist toolbar.
- 2 Select a desired Worklist and double-click, or click Open at the bottom to open the worklist.

The screenshot shows the Worklist module interface. At the top, there is a blue header with the text "Worklist" and "Worklist" below it. Below the header is a toolbar with three buttons: "Import" (with a download icon), "Export" (with an upload icon), and "New" (with a plus icon). Below the toolbar, there are three worklist cards. Each card displays the worklist name, "Created By" (Admin), "Date Created", "Date Modified", and an "Open >" link.

Worklist Name	Created By	Date Created	Date Modified	Action
TNBK001	Admin	June 09, 2021 - 10:16 AM	June 10, 2021 - 09:35 AM	Open >
Worklist_002	Admin	June 09, 2021 - 09:47 AM	June 09, 2021 - 10:07 AM	Open >
Worklist_001	Admin	June 08, 2021 - 16:38 PM	June 09, 2021 - 09:37 AM	Open >

Add tasks

After opening a worklist, click the Add button, or click the drop-down arrow in the Task column in the Worklist to add tasks.

Worklist_002						
+ Add Ref Controls Unmix Control Lot Options Approve All Export CSV Export PDF Print						
No.	Sample ID	Task	Status	Signed By		
1		Daily QC				
1.1		QC Tube (2002)				
2	Sample_001	7C TBNK MT	To Be Acquired			
2.1		7C B				
3	Sample_002	7C TBNK MT	To Be Acquired			
3.1		7C B				
4		Fluidics Shutdown				
4.1		Fluidics Shutdown Tube 1				
4.2		Fluidics Shutdown Tube 2				
4.3		Fluidics Shutdown Tube 3				
4.4		Fluidics Shutdown Tube 4				

- 1 Click Add to bring up the Add Task dialog box.
- 2 Select the Assay Task or Fluidics Task you want to add.

+ Add Task

Sample ID Start With: Start number of Sample ID:

Assay Task	Carrier	Created By	Date Created	Description
7C TBNK MT	Manual Tube	Admin	June 22, 2021 - 14:48 PM	CytekAssaySetting
7C B MT	Manual Tube	Admin	June 22, 2021 - 14:44 PM	WB-LNW setting, Preview 10S, Med Flow rate
6C B TR	40 Tube Rack	Admin	June 16, 2021 - 00:01 AM	10S delay, Med Rate, 3000 Lym, 15 uL
6C B MT	Manual Tube	Admin	June 15, 2021 - 23:40 PM	Mid Rate Manual

Fluidics Task	Description
Daily QC	Daily QC
SIT Flush	SIT Flush
Clean Flow Cell	Clean Flow Cell
Fluidics Shutdown	Fluidics Shutdown

✕ Close + Add

- 3 Enter the required number of samples in the quantity box in the lower right corner, and click the Add button.
- 4 When finished, click the Close button to close the dialog box.

Note that some fluidic tasks can only be added to specific carrier types. When adding a task, the software will automatically select the sample carrier required for the test and perform the default sample position layout on the carrier.

- 5 (Optional) Print the Tube/well location table. Click on Print and select Print Tube/Well Location Mapping Table.

Reference controls

You can choose to use the reference controls saved in the library or create reference controls in the worklist.

- 1 Click Ref Controls and the Create Reference Control dialog box will pop up. The software will generate a reference control list according to the Assays added to the Worklist.
 - **NOTE:** The Ref Controls icon will be grayed out until you add the assay you will be running.
- 2 Click the Add button to add additional reference controls.

Define Unstained Control(s) for Autofluorescence Extraction

Name: Unstained Control Type: Cells Define Additional Negative Control(s) for Spillover Calculation

Fluorescent Tag	Control Type	Label	Lot	Negative Control
FITC	Cells	CD3		
PE	Cells	CD16+56		
PE-Cy5	Cells	CD19		
PE-Cy7	Cells	CD4		
PE-Dazzle594	Cells	CD8		
PerCP-Cy5.5	Cells	CD45		


+ Add - Remove

Cancel Save Next

- 3 Click Acquisition or click Next to select worksheet, stopping criteria, and instrument setting for data collection.

If multiple assays in the Worklist use different user settings, all user setting plus CytekAssySetting will be listed in the drop-down menu.

CytekAssySetting will always be the default setting. The reference control data should be collected before the sample data.

 Create Reference Controls

Reference Group Acquisition

User Setting: 6CB ▾

Name	CytekAssySetting (Cytek)	Sheet	Stopping Gate	Storage Gate	Events To Record	Stopping Volume (ul)	Stopping Criteria
Reference Group	6CB	Raw Worksheet (Raw) ▾	All Events ▾	All Events ▾	5,000	3,000	<input type="checkbox"/> Count & Volume
Unstained (Cells)	Default Raw Worksheet (Raw) ▾	All Events ▾	All Events ▾	5,000	3,000	<input type="checkbox"/> Count & Volume	
CD45 FITC (Cells)	Default Raw Worksheet (Raw) ▾	All Events ▾	All Events ▾	5,000	3,000	<input type="checkbox"/> Count & Volume	
CD56 PE (Cells)	Default Raw Worksheet (Raw) ▾	All Events ▾	All Events ▾	5,000	3,000	<input type="checkbox"/> Count & Volume	
CD8 PE-Dazzle594 (Cells)	Default Raw Worksheet (Raw) ▾	All Events ▾	All Events ▾	5,000	3,000	<input type="checkbox"/> Count & Volume	
PE-Dazzle594 (Cells)	Default Raw Worksheet (Raw) ▾	All Events ▾	All Events ▾	5,000	3,000	<input type="checkbox"/> Count & Volume	
CD19 PE-Cy5 (Cells)	Default Raw Worksheet (Raw) ▾	All Events ▾	All Events ▾	5,000	3,000	<input type="checkbox"/> Count & Volume	
PE-Cy5 (Cells)	Default Raw Worksheet (Raw) ▾	All Events ▾	All Events ▾	5,000	3,000	<input type="checkbox"/> Count & Volume	
CD3 PerCP-Cy5.5 (Cells)	Default Raw Worksheet (Raw) ▾	All Events ▾	All Events ▾	5,000	3,000	<input type="checkbox"/> Count & Volume	
CD4 PE-Cy7 (Cells)	Default Raw Worksheet (Raw) ▾	All Events ▾	All Events ▾	5,000	3,000	<input type="checkbox"/> Count & Volume	
APC (Cells)	Default Raw Worksheet (Raw) ▾	All Events ▾	All Events ▾	5,000	3,000	<input type="checkbox"/> Count & Volume	
CD19 APC (Cells)	Default Raw Worksheet (Raw) ▾	All Events ▾	All Events ▾	5,000	3,000	<input type="checkbox"/> Count & Volume	
APC-Cy7 (Cells)	Default Raw Worksheet (Raw) ▾	All Events ▾	All Events ▾	5,000	3,000	<input type="checkbox"/> Count & Volume	
CD8 APC-Cy7 (Cells)	Default Raw Worksheet (Raw) ▾	All Events ▾	All Events ▾	5,000	3,000	<input type="checkbox"/> Count & Volume	

Unmix

The Unmix process is the same as that in Experiment. See “Unmixing Workflows” on page 62 for details.

- 1 Click Unmix and select the corresponding reference control and whether to use autofluorescence extraction

2 Click Live Unmix.

UNSTAINED CONTROLS

Use Control from Library Negative (Cells) ▾

Use Control from Worklist

Name	Control Type

STAINED CONTROLS

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> From Library	Fluorescent Tag	Control	Unstained	Generic
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	FITC	CD3 FITC 20210301 (Cells) ▾	▾	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PE	CD56 PE (Cells) ▾	▾	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PE-Dazzle594	CD8 PE-Dazzle594 (Cells) ▾	▾	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PE-Cy5	CD19 PE-Cy5 (Cells) ▾	▾	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PerCP-Cy5.5	CD3 PerCP-Cy5.5 20210302-first (Cells) ▾	▾	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PE-Cy7	CD4 PE-Cy7 (Cells) ▾	▾	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	APC	CD3 APC (Cells) ▾	▾	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Autofluorescence as a Fluorescent Tag

✕ Cancel Live Unmix

Lot specific reference controls

You can select lot specific reference controls.

- 1 Click Control Lot to bring up the Reference control lot selection window.
- 2 If the same Fluorochrome has a different lot number, you can select a specific lot number in the drop-down menu. Not Specified Fluorochrome will use the default best fit reference control determined by the software.

Control Lot

6C B TR

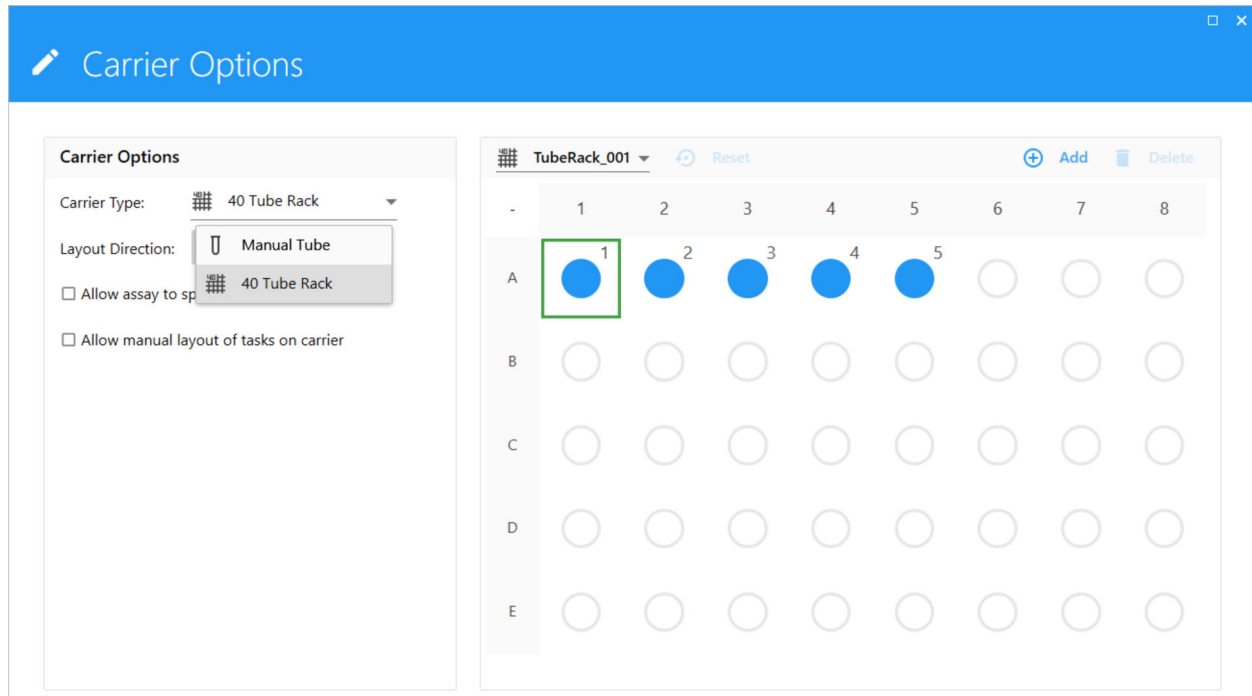
Sample ID	Task	FITC-CD3	PE-CD16+56	PE-Dazzle594-CD8	PE-Cy5-CD19	PerCP-Cy5.5-CD45	PE-Cy7-CD4
▾	WL-2-TR	▾	6C B(I) LNW ▾	Not Specified ▾	Not Specified ▾	Not Specified ▾	Not Specified ▾
▾ 1	Sample_001	6C BR LNW ▾	6C B(I) LNW ▾	Not Specified ▾	Not Specified ▾	Not Specified ▾	Not Specified ▾
1.1	6C B TR	6C BR LNW ▾	6C B(I) LNW ▾	Not Specified ▾	Not Specified ▾	Not Specified ▾	Not Specified ▾
▾ 2	Sample_002	6C B(I) LNW ▾	6C B(I) LNW ▾	Not Specified ▾	Not Specified ▾	Not Specified ▾	Not Specified ▾
2.1	6C B TR	6C B(I) LNW ▾	6C B(I) LNW ▾	Not Specified ▾	Not Specified ▾	Not Specified ▾	Not Specified ▾

Cancel ✕ Save

Arrange sample locations in a carrier

Assays that contain carrier type cannot be changed in the Worklist, except assays that use Tube rack, which can be changed to manual in Worklist.

- 1 Click the Options button in the tool bar to open the sample carrier options dialog box.
 - You can change the sample carrier type (manual/Tube rack) if an assay uses the Tube rack.
 - You can customize sample tube/well locations on a carrier by drag and drop.



Data collection

- 1 Double-click an entry or a tube in the Worklist to make it the current task.
- 2 Click the Start button in the Acquisition Control panel and observe the scatter plot in the data display area on the right.
- 3 Adjust the FSC and/or SSC gain and Threshold in the instrument control pane to put the population of interest on scale. Adjust the gate in the FSC vs SSC plot to enclose the population.

- Click the Run button, and in the pop-up drop-down list, select the sample range to be collected to start the data collection. The software will prompt you to load the correct sample tube or Carrier type.

Worklist_003

No.	Sample ID	Task	Location	Carrier	Status
1	Sample_001	6C B TR	A1		To Be Acquired
1.1		6C B TR	A1	TubeRack_001	
2	Sample_002	6C B TR	A2		To Be Acquired
2.1		6C B TR	A2	TubeRack_001	
3	Sample_003	6C B TR	A3		To Be Acquired
3.1		6C B TR	A3	TubeRack_001	
4	Sample_004	6C B TR	A4		To Be Acquired
4.1		6C B TR	A4	TubeRack_001	

Acquisition Control

6C B TR: Not Ready - Warming up

Start Run Stop Pause Restart Eject SIT Flush

Flow Rate: Medium uL/Min: 0.00

Event Rate: 0 Abort Rate: 0

Threshold Count: 0

Time Elapsed: 00:00:00 (HH:MM:SS)

Events to Display: 5,000

Selection	Description
Run Current	Record data for current tube/well
Run Entry	Record data for current entry
Run From Entry	Start record data for the worklist from current entry
Run From Current	Start record data for the worklist from current tube/well
Run All	Start record data for the whole worklist from the first entry

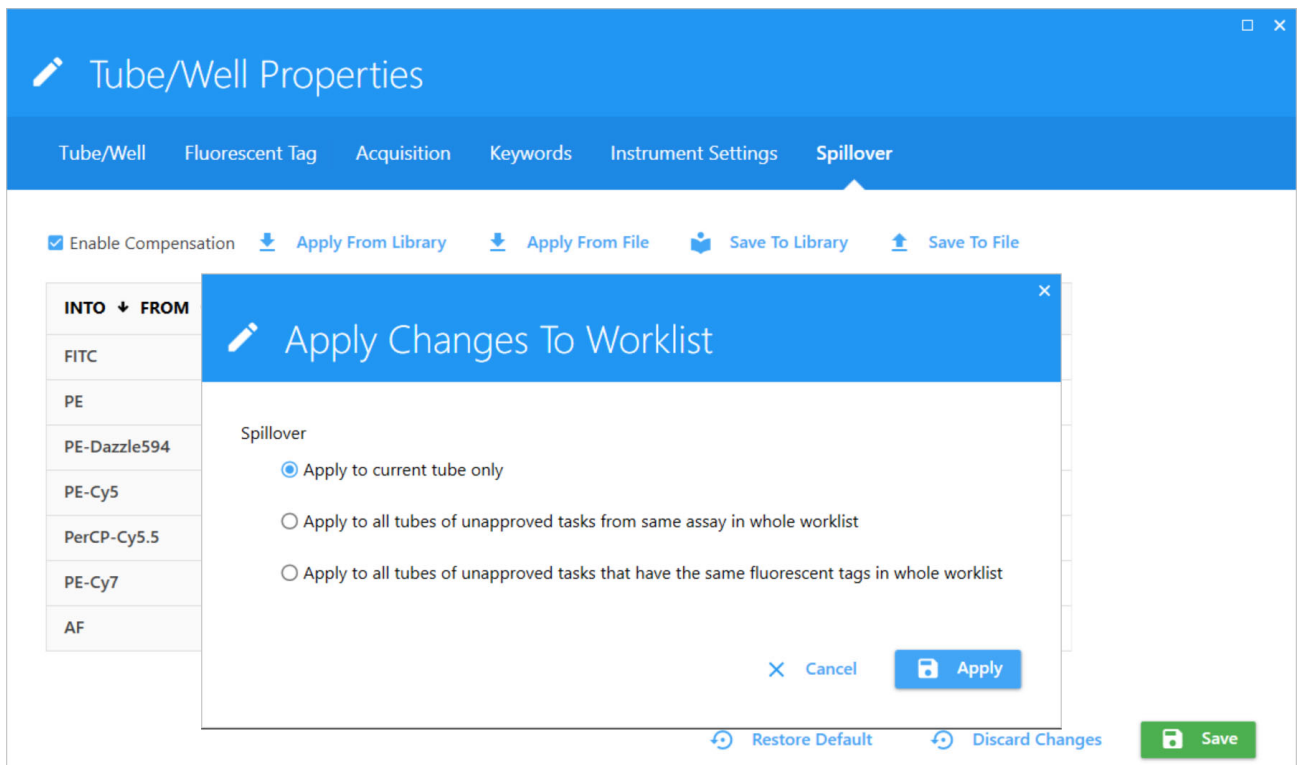
Export Report

- 1 Double-click an entry that has been recorded, and the report will be opened on the right side. The report enables you to preview the data for the following items: gating and unmixing accuracy, modify the report, add notes, approve and export reports.

Correct Unmix errors

If a worksheet or report was used for acquisition it is possible to modify compensation, if needed.

- 1 Right-click on a tube/well to and select Properties.
- 2 Go to the Spillover tab.
- 3 Adjust compensation and click Save.
- 4 The software will prompt you to select if you want to apply the compensation changes to other samples.



Modify Report

The components on a Report cannot be added or removed but the gates can be adjusted according to the data.

- 1 After the adjustment is completed for one entry, you can right-click on the entry (sample) to apply the adjustment to other samples in the worklist.

The screenshot displays the 'Worklist' software interface. At the top, there's a blue header with 'Worklist' and 'Worklist Entries'. Below it, a toolbar contains various icons for 'Add', 'Ref Controls', 'Unmix', 'Control Lot', 'Options', 'Approve All', 'Export CSV', 'Export PDF', and 'Print'. The main area shows a table of worklist entries:

No.	Sample ID	Task	Status	Sign
1.4		CD8 PE-Dazzle594 (Cells)		
1.5		CD19 PE-Cy5 (Cells)		
1.6		CD45 PerCP-Cy5.5 (Cells)		
1.7		CD4 PE-Cy7 (Cells)		
2	Sample_001	6CB	To Be Approved	
2.1		S1		
3	Sample_002	6CB		
3.1		S1		

A right-click context menu is open over the 'Sample_001' entry, showing options: 'Insert Task(s)', 'Delete', 'Run Selected', 'Run All', 'Paste Spillover', 'Apply Report', 'Approve', and 'Unapprove'. A tooltip for 'Apply Report' states: 'Apply changes in "Report_001" to other tasks'. Below the table is the 'Acquisition Control' section, which shows 'S1: Ready' and buttons for 'Start', 'Run', 'Stop', 'Pause', and 'Restart'. The flow rate is set to 'Low' and the flow rate is '18.84 uL/Min'. On the right side, there is a plot titled 'All Events' showing a scatter plot of SSC-A vs FSC-A with a gate labeled 'P1'.

Audit trail

The software will automatically record the key operations and manual changes in the audit trail log.

- 1 Click the Audit Trail Logs button to open the Audit Trail Logs dialog box.

The screenshot shows the top navigation bar of the software. It contains several buttons: 'QC & Setup', 'Acquisition', 'Worklist', 'Extra Tools', 'Library', 'Preferences', 'Users', 'Help', and 'Sign Out'. Below the navigation bar, there are tabs for 'TUBES 6C B TR(6C B TR)' and 'REPORTS 6C B TR'. In the bottom right corner, there are buttons for 'Approve' and 'Audit Trail Logs', with the 'Audit Trail Logs' button being highlighted.

2 In the audit trail log dialog box, you can enter the reasons in batches, or one by one.

Export All Audit Trail Logs

No.	Action	Reason	Operator	Date Created
2	6CBR			
	Unapproved by Administrator at June 11, 2021 - 13:15 PM.	Comments:	Administrator	June 11, 2021 - 13:15 PM
	Approved by Administrator at June 09, 2021 - 09:33 AM.	Signature Comments: test	Administrator	June 09, 2021 - 09:33 AM
	Unapproved by Administrator at June 09, 2021 - 09:32 AM.	Comments:	Administrator	June 09, 2021 - 09:32 AM
	Approved by Administrator at June 09, 2021 - 09:29 AM.	Signature Comments: test	Administrator	June 09, 2021 - 09:29 AM
	Modify Gate in Report: Report_001.		Administrator	June 09, 2021 - 09:29 AM
	Modify Gate in Report: Report_001.	Modify	Administrator ✓	June 09, 2021 - 09:29 AM
	Modify Gate in Report: Report_001.		Administrator	June 09, 2021 - 09:29 AM
	Modify Gate in Report: Report_001.		Administrator	June 09, 2021 - 09:29 AM
	Modify Gate in Report: Report_001.		Administrator	June 09, 2021 - 09:29 AM
	Modify Gate in Report: Report_001.		Administrator	June 09, 2021 - 09:29 AM
	Modify Gate in Report: Report_001.		Administrator	June 09, 2021 - 09:29 AM

Reason

Modify

Close

Approve Report

- 1 After report adjustment and review are completed, click the Approve button to approve the report.
- 2 The approval process will prompt for the user name and password of the approver, and allow comments.
- 3 After completion, the status of the test task will change to Approved.

- 4 Click Approve All for batch approval after confirming that all reports are correct.

The screenshot shows the 'Worklist' application interface. At the top, there's a blue header with 'Worklist' and 'Worklist Entries'. Below that, a toolbar contains icons for 'Add', 'Ref Controls', 'Unmix', 'Control Lot', 'Options', 'Approve All', 'Export CSV', 'Export PDF', and 'Print'. The main area is a table with the following data:

No.	Sample ID	Task	Location	Carrier	Status
1	Sample_001	6C B TR	A1		To Be Approved
1.1		6C B TR	A1	TubeRack_001	
2	Sample_002	6C B TR	A2		To Be Approved
2.1		6C B TR	A2	TubeRack_001	
3	Sample_003	6C B TR	A3		To Be Approved
3.1		6C B TR	A3	TubeRack_001	
4	Sample_004	6C B TR	A4		To Be Approved
4.1		6C B TR	A4	TubeRack_001	

- 1 If you want to re-record or make changes in an approved report, click the Unapprove button.
- 2 The entry status will change from approved to pending approval.
- 3 You can re-record, or adjust the gates, etc., and re-approve the entry.


Print Report









After a report is approved, the PDF file of the report and CSV file of the data in statistical table will be automatically exported to C:\CytekbioExport_CLC\WorklistReportResults. You also can manually export PDF file and CSV file to a selected directory.

This screenshot shows the same 'Worklist' interface as above, but with the 'Approve All' button in the toolbar highlighted in blue, indicating it is the active or selected option.

- 1 To print Reports, click Print.
- 2 Select the test report to be printed and the audit trail log to be included.

3 Follow the rest of the prompts to print.

 Print

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	No.	Task	Status	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Include Audit Trail Logs
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	1	▼  6C B TR	Approved	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
		 6C B TR		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	2	▼  6C B TR	Approved	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
		 6C B TR		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	3	▼  6C B TR	Approved	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
		 6C B TR		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	4	▼  6C B TR	Approved	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
		 6C B TR		

[X Cancel](#) [Print Preview](#)

Loader

Loader Overview

The Automatic Micro-Sampling System (AMS) and the new Automated Sample Loader (ASL), both referred to as Loader throughout this guide, are optional sample loading accessories that add high-throughput sample acquisition capabilities to the Aurora.

The AMS resuspends samples via a mixing probe, which vortexes each well individually. It supports a variety of 96-well plates. The Loader plate stage houses a metal element that can cool/heat from 4°–30°C, if you choose. A wash station, located at the back of the plate stage is used to clean the mixing probe.



The new ASL resuspends samples using an orbital shaker. In addition to supporting a variety of 96-well plates, including deep-well plates, it supports a 40-tube rack.

Loader settings are user-adjustable, including mixing speed, mixing duration, the number of SIT flushes between samples, sample recovery, and data record delay time. Pre-defined Loader settings include the default settings for high throughput mode, standard mode, and low carryover mode.

When the Loader is powered on and successfully connected to the software, the status indicator in the lower-right corner of the screen shows a green checkmark. A red X appears if the Loader is not powered on or not connected to the software.

✓ Sheath ✓ Waste ✓ Cytometer ✓ Loader

Using the Loader

The Loader must be calibrated for the plate type you will be using. For information on calibrating the Loader for the plate, see [“Calibrating a Plate”](#) on page 130.

Enabling the Loader

- 1 Turn on the power to the Loader. The power switch is at the back of the Loader where the fluidic lines connect.
- 2 If there is a tube on the SIP, remove it.
- 3 When running 96-well plates, pull the lever towards you. On the AMS, this brings forward the mixer. On the ASL, this brings forward the guide. Use this on the ASL to run all plates, 96 deep well and standard well.

When running 40-tube racks on the ASL, this lever should be left in the back position.



- 4 Before running your experiment, you must perform a SIT calibration to set the proper SIT depth within the well. See [“Calibrating the SIT”](#) on page 131.

Loading a High-Throughput Sample Carrier

- 1 If necessary, click Eject from either the QC & Setup or Acquisition module to eject the stage, bringing it forward.
- 2 Load a plate or tube rack on the stage so that position A1 is located in the front-left corner. Push the plate against the back of the plate stage, then press down on the front edge of the plate to secure it with the clips in the holder.
- 3 Click Load from the QC & Setup or Acquisition module to load the plate, followed by Start to begin acquisition.
- 4 To run tubes, select Manual Tube as the carrier type option in the experiment.

Minimum Well Volume

When acquiring from a well, a boost is applied to deliver the sample to the flow cell as quickly as possible. This process results in the loss (consumption) of up to 35 μL of sample, as the sample is neither acquired nor recorded. We recommend a minimum volume of 50 μL of sample per well to accommodate for this.

■ **NOTE:** The amount of sample consumed as lost can be reduced further by selecting to skip the fluidics boost. If the boost is disabled, it will take longer for the sample to reach the flow cell. You will need to take into account the acquisition delay for recording FCS files. There is a chance that no adjustment to the acquisition delay could result in not all desired events being recorded. For information, see “Acquisition Preferences” on page 88.

Loader Settings in the Experiment

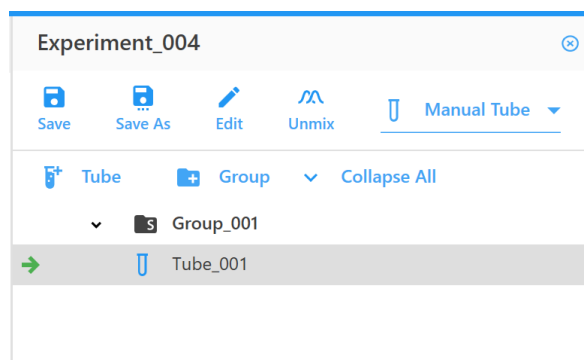
This section lists the differences in the Acquisition module when using a Loader. The following panes are described:

- Group Hierarchy (“Group Hierarchy/Plate Display” on page 123)
- Acquisition Controls (“Loader Acquisition Controls” on page 124)
- Loader Settings (“Loader Settings” on page 125)

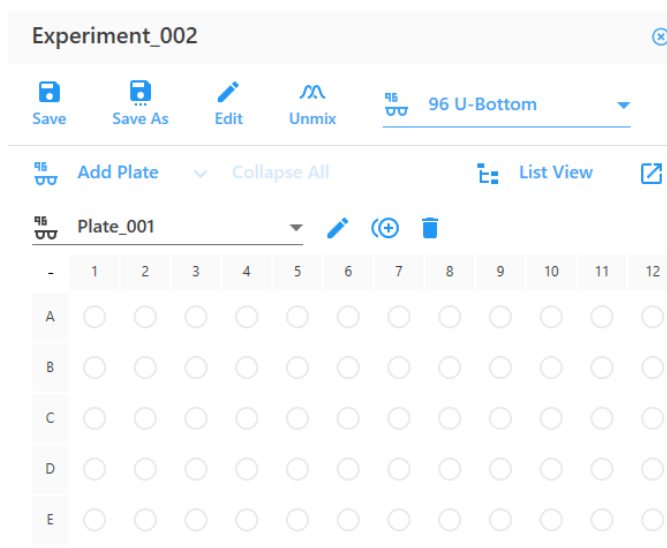
Group Hierarchy/Plate Display

The Group and Tube hierarchy pane when using a Loader defaults to one group with one tube. It also provides an option to add a plate. You can view either a hierarchical list (List View), or once a plate is added, a graphical representation of the plate (Plate View).

Default Experiment List View

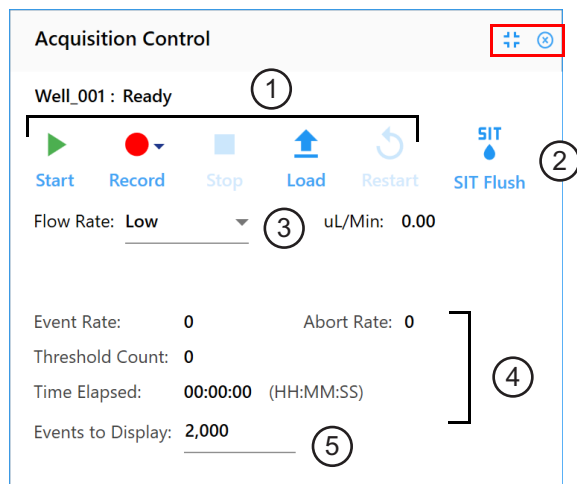


Default Experiment Plate View Once Plate is Added



Loader Acquisition Controls

The Acquisition Control pane allows you to start, stop, and pause acquisition, record data, and restart acquisition counters. To show, hide, or undock (float) this pane from the experiment panel, use the dock/undock and hide icons in the top-right corner.

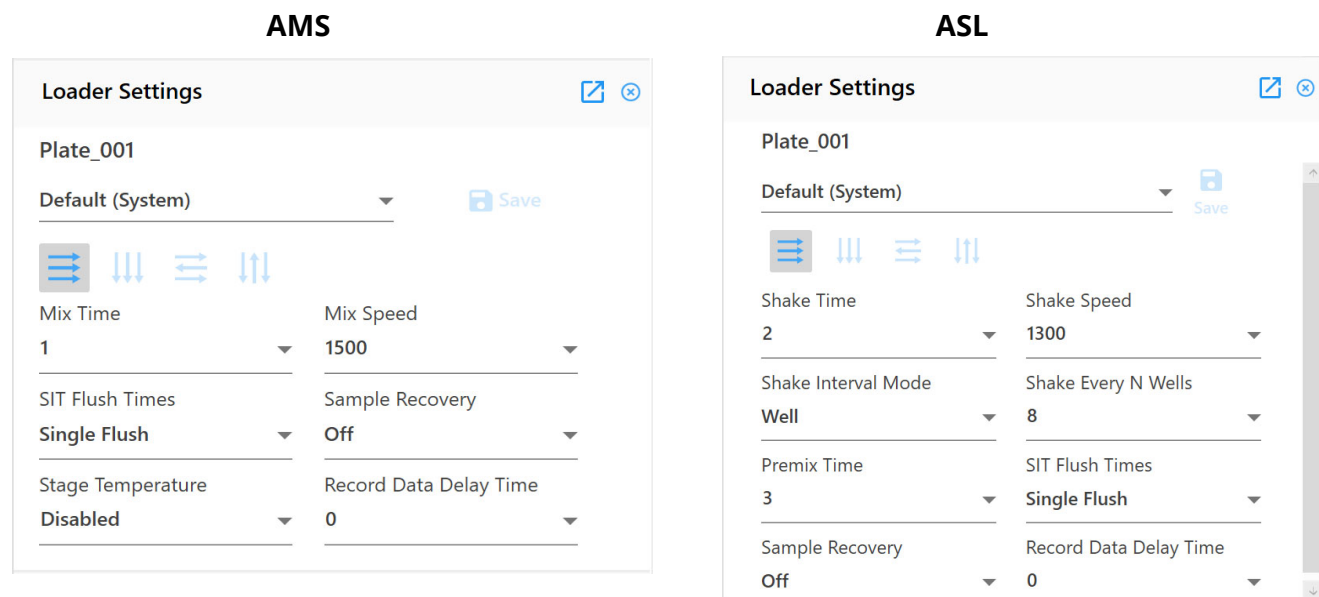


The following table describes the controls in the Acquisition Control pane.

No.	Control	Description
1	Start/Record/Stop/Load/Eject/Restart	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - For AMS: Start and Record are enabled when the Loader is on, the lever is pulled forward, and the Sample Delivery Mode in Acquisition preferences is set to Plate. - For ASL: It will depend on whether running a plate or running a tube rack. Running a plate: the lever is forward. Running a tube rack: the lever is to the back. <p>Select Start after selecting Load plate to start acquisition. Select Record to record data. Record can also start acquisition. Select Stop to stop acquisition. Select Load or Eject to load or eject the plate. Select Restart to restart the acquisition counters. All events and results displayed are refreshed. Stop and Restart are enabled once Start is selected. Stop and Pause are enabled once Record is selected.</p>
2	SIT Flush	Select to perform a SIT Flush
3	Flow Rate	Select Low (15 $\mu\text{L}/\text{min}$), Medium (30 $\mu\text{L}/\text{min}$), or High (100 $\mu\text{L}/\text{min}$). The exact flow rate is displayed.
4	Event Rate, Abort Rate, Threshold Count, Time Elapsed	Displays the real-time counts during acquisition.
5	Events to Display	Enter the number of events to display during acquisition.

Loader Settings

Several default Loader settings are available. You can select the Default, High Throughput, or Low Carryover Loader Setting, depending on your application. You can also create custom settings. Loader settings are enabled once a plate is added. Adjust the settings before acquisition.



The following table describes the AMS and ASL Loader settings.

AMS:

ASL:

Both:

Setting	Description
Selected Settings	Three Loader settings are available—default, high throughput, and low carryover. You can create your own custom settings.
Acquisition order	Select the order that you want the plate to run. Wells are acquired by: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> row from left to right (A1-A12, B1-B12, etc) column from top to bottom (1A-1H, 2A-2H, etc) row from left to right, then right to left (A1-A12, B12-B1, C1-C12, etc) column from top to bottom, then bottom to top (1A-1H, 2H-2A, etc)
Mix Time	Select time (in seconds) that each well is mixed. You can also disable the mix time.
Mix Speed	Select the speed at which the mixer spins (in RPM).
Shake Time	Select the time (in seconds) to shake the plate/tube rack. You can also disable shake time.
Shake Speed	Select the speed of the orbital shaker (in RPM)
Shake Interval Mode	Select whether you would like to shake every N wells or after a specified period of time. You can also disable shaking.

Setting	Description
Shake Every N Wells, or Shake Interval	Select how often (number of wells or time in seconds) to shake the plate/tube rack.
Premix Time	Select the time (in seconds) to shake the plate/tube rack before acquisition of the first tube/well.
SIT Flush Times	A SIT flush is performed over the wash station after each acquisition. Choose single flush, double flush, or disabled if you do not wish to perform a SIT flush.
Sample Recovery	Allows any remaining sample that is left in the SIT after acquisition is complete to be deposited back into the well.
Stage Temperature	Select the plate stage temperature (4°–30°C).
Record Data Delay Time	Select the time in seconds you wish to preview data from a well before recording begins once you click Record.


Experiments in Plate Mode

Follow the instructions “[Creating a New Experiment](#)” on page 53 to create a new experiment. The steps to create a new experiment when running in plate mode are the same as when running in Tube mode, except for the following tasks—creating groups and defining Loader settings—outlined below.

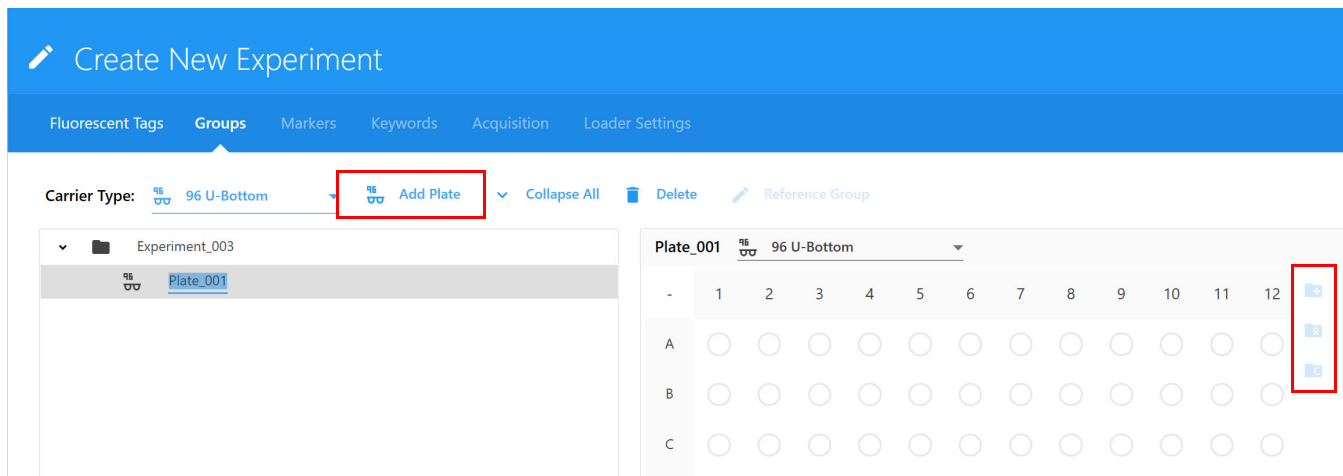
Creating Groups When Using the Loader

■ **NOTE:** When running sticky samples, we recommend adding cleaning wells between samples to thoroughly clean the mixing probe. For example, add two wells, one with 10% bleach and the other with DI water. At the end of a plate, consider adding a group of four wells, two with 300 µL of 10% bleach and two with 300 µL of DI water. Program a long mix (15 seconds at 1500 rpm) to thoroughly clean the mixing probe.

Before you can add groups when creating a new experiment, you must add a plate.

- 1 To add groups when running in plate mode, ensure the correct Carrier Type is selected, then click  Add Plate.

A plate image appears on the right. Three icons at the far right allow you to add groups.



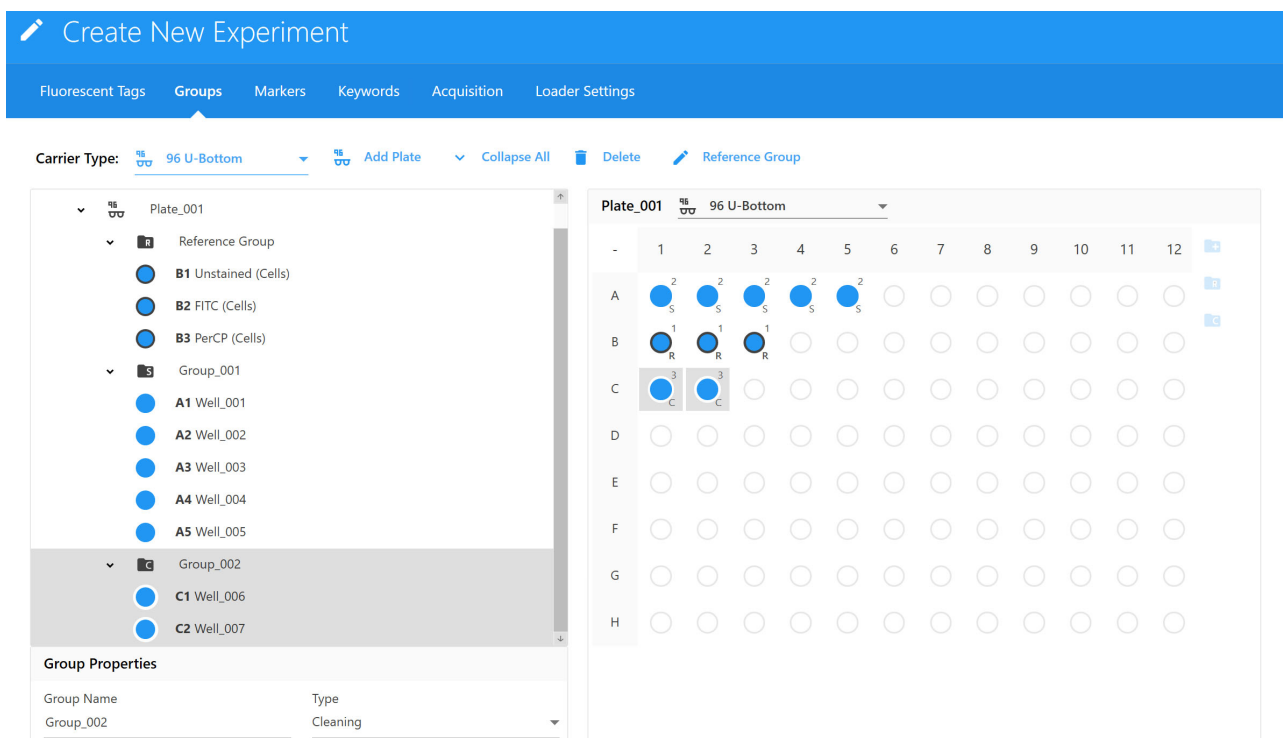
2 Click in the plate image to select a well, or click and drag to select multiple wells corresponding to the wells in the group you wish to add, then click the appropriate icon to the right of the plate to define the sample types in the group:

- To add a group for samples, click +.
- To add a group for reference controls, click R.

If you are intending to unmix with controls acquired in this experiment you must add a reference group. When you add a reference group you will be prompted to define the reference controls. See [step 7 on page 56](#) for details on defining the unstained and fluorescence controls.

- To add a group for cleaning well(s), click C. For example, you can add DI water to wells to rinse the SIT and clean the mixing probe to prevent carryover.

Wells will be marked as sample (S), reference control (R), or cleaning (C).



- 3 When all groups have been defined, click Next.
- 4 Follow steps 14 and 16 starting on page 57 to continue creating the experiment.

Create New Experiment

Fluorescent Tags Groups Markers Keywords **Acquisition** Loader Settings

Tube/Well Specific User Setting Experiment User Setting: CytekAssaySetting (Cytek)

Plate List Collapse All

- Experiment_003
 - Plate_001
 - Reference Group
 - B1 Unstained (Cells)
 - B2 FITC (Cells)
 - B3 PerCP (Cells)
 - Group_001
 - A1 Well_001
 - A2 Well_002
 - A3 Well_003

Acquisition Settings

Name	Worksheet	
Experiment_003	Default Raw Worksheet (Raw)	
Stopping Gate	Events To Record	Stopping Time (sec)
All Events	5,000	1 - 36,000
Storage Gate	Stopping Volume (ul)	
All Events	1 - 300	

Defining Loader Settings

- 1 The last step when creating an experiment is to select the Loader settings. Loader settings can be applied to all wells in the plate or at the group level. The settings for the two Loader types differ slightly. See “Loader Settings” on page 125 for information.

We recommend starting with Default settings for most immunophenotyping applications.

- **NOTE:** Default settings were optimized using PBMC's and human whole blood.

Create New Experiment

Fluorescent Tags Groups Markers Keywords Acquisition **Loader Settings**

Plate List Collapse All

- Experiment_003
 - Plate_001
 - Reference Group
 - Group_001
 - Group_002

Plate_001 96 U-Bottom

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
A	2 S	2 S	2 S	2 S	2 S							
B	1 R	1 R	1 R									
C	3 C	3 C										
D												
E												
F												
G												
H												

Loader Settings

Plate_001

Default (System) Save

Shake Time: 2 Shake Speed: 1300

Shake Interval Mode: Well Shake Every N Wells: 8

Premix Time: 3 SIT Flush Times: Single Flush

Sample Recovery: Off Record Data Delay Time: 0

- 2 Once the worksheet and stopping criteria have been defined, click **Save and Open** to open the new experiment.
To make any changes to the experiment, click **Edit** above the group/well hierarchy.
- 3 To acquire controls and samples and perform live unmixing, see [“Live Unmixing”](#) on page 64.

Minimum and Maximum Volumes for Carrier Types

Carrier Type	Min Volume (µL)	Max Volume (µL)
96-well standard well plate, round bottom	50	200
96-well standard well plate, U-bottom	50	200
96-well standard well plate, V-bottom	50	200
1-1.3 mL 96-well deep well plate, round bottom	50	500
2-2.2 mL 96-well deep well plate, round bottom	50	1000
40-tube rack, 12 x 75 mm tubes	50	2000

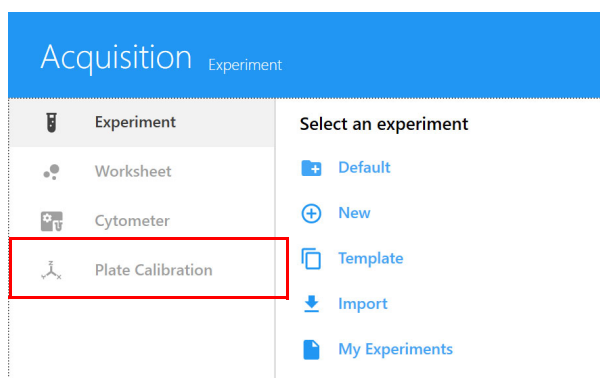
Calibrating a Plate

The plate calibration feature allows administrators to calibrate the stage for each of the compatible 96-well plates. Use the controls to align the SIT within well A1 and adjust the depth of the mixer in the well. The settings are saved automatically. Use the plate calibration feature if you change plate types.

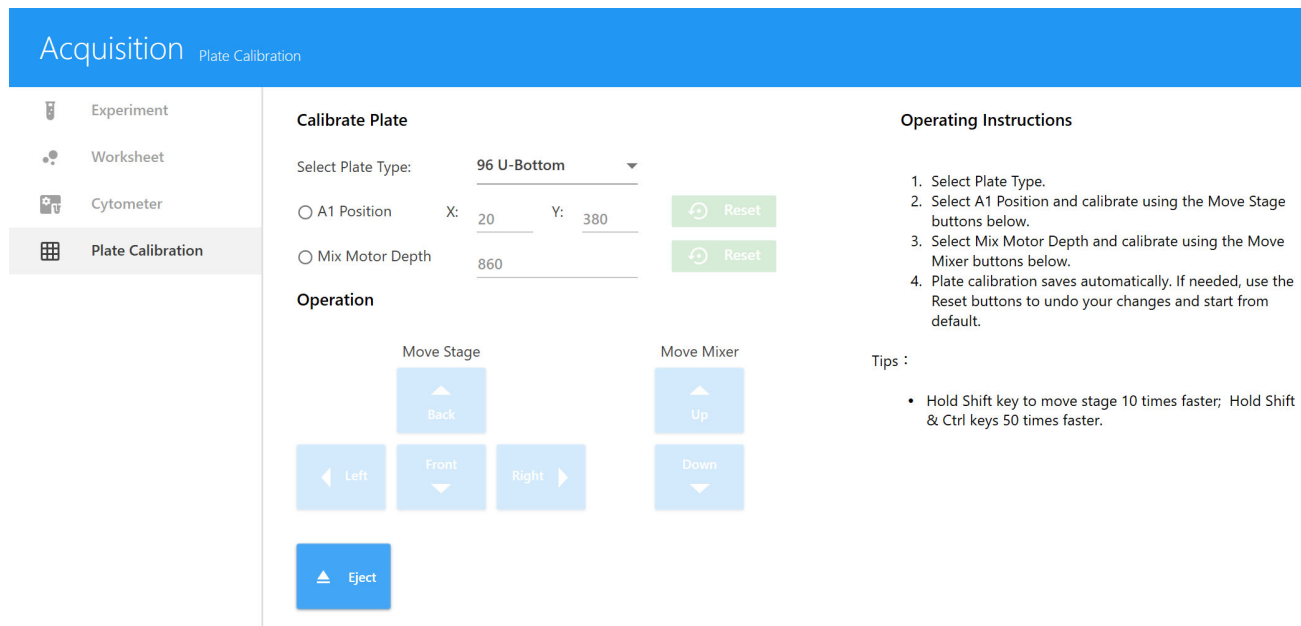
For a list of compatible plates, see [“Supported Carrier Types”](#) on page 154.

- 1 Click the Plate Calibration icon in the Acquisition module.

The Plate Calibration option is available only to administrators.



The plate calibration screen appears.



- 2 Load the plate that you wish to calibrate.
 - 3 Select the plate type from the drop-down list.
 - 4 Select A1 Position to calibrate the X and Y directions.
 - Use the Move Stage buttons to align the SIT within the well.
 - Click Reset if you wish to revert to the default settings.
 - 5 Select the Mix Motor Depth to calibrate the Z direction.
 - Ensure the SIT is positioned above well A1 and click Continue.
 - Use the Move Mixer Down button to move the mixing probe deeper into the well. Use the Move Mixer Up button to move the mixing probe to a shallower position.
 - Click Reset if you wish to revert to the default settings.
- **NOTE:** A Reset All button reverts all settings to the defaults.

The settings are saved automatically and should not need to be changed unless you change the plate type.

Calibrating the SIT

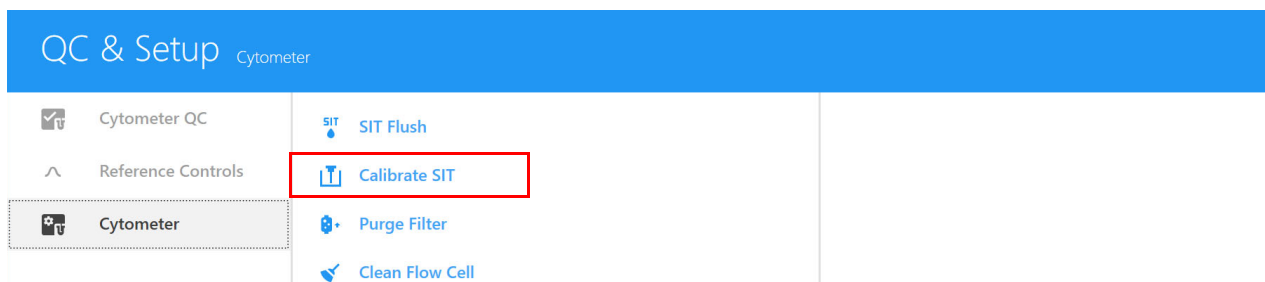
Use the Calibrate SIT feature to set the proper SIT depth within a plate well. You will need to perform a SIT calibration:

- prior to running your first experiment of the day in plate mode
- every time you switch from tube mode to plate mode
- if you change plate types

The calibration value applies only to your individual user account. Once calibration is complete, the settings apply to all plates of the same type.

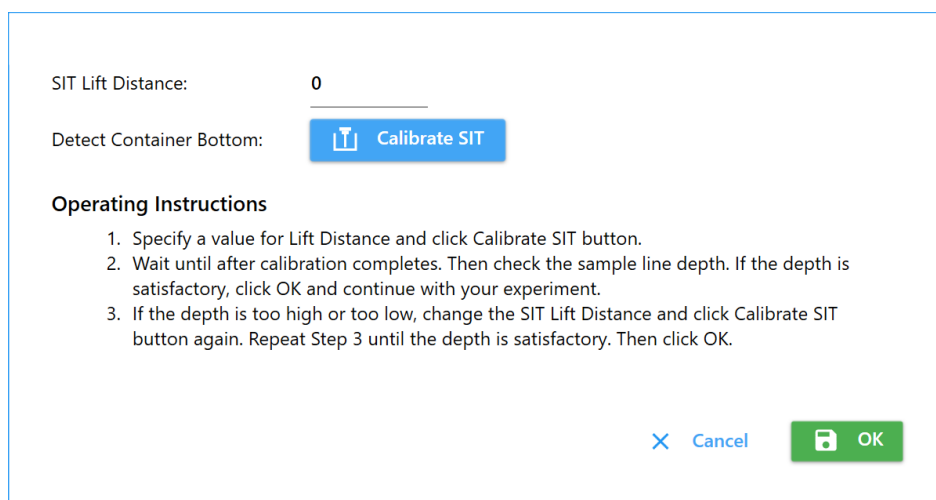
■ **NOTE:** A SIT calibration is performed automatically in the tube that is loaded on the SIP when the system is turned on.

- 1 Load a 96-well plate.
- 2 In the Cytometer tab, from either the QC & Setup or Acquisition module, select Calibrate SIT.



- 3 A dialog appears prompting you to enter the SIT Lift Distance. Enter the distance, then click Calibrate SIT. The lift distance is the distance in millimeters from the tip of the SIT to bottom of the well.

The recommended starting point for the SIT Lift Distance is 1.5 for U-bottom plates. Set the value higher for V-bottom plates. If you experience clogs, try setting the SIT LIFT Distance higher. For information on changing the default SIT Lift Distance see [“Acquisition Preferences”](#) on page 88.



- 4 Check the depth of the sample line in the well. If it's satisfactory, click OK. If it needs to be raised or lowered, adjust the SIT Lift Distance and click Calibrate SIT.
- 5 Repeat step 4 until the sample line depth is satisfactory. Click OK.
- 6 Once SIT calibration is complete, you can run your experiment.

Maintenance

Maintenance Schedule



Any instrument surface in contact with biological specimens can transmit potentially fatal disease. Use universal precautions when cleaning the instrument or replacing parts. Wear PPE such as protective gloves, eyewear, and lab coat.

The 10% bleach solution used throughout the maintenance procedures is prepared by adding 1 part household bleach to 9 parts DI water.

Routine maintenance of the Aurora cytometer includes periodic replacement of parts. For part numbers, see [“Supplies and Replacement Parts”](#) on page 151.

Scheduled Maintenance

The following table describes the scheduled maintenance procedures for your cytometer.

Maintenance Procedure	Description	Frequency
Replace sheath filter	Ensures debris-free sheath fluid	Every 6 months, or as needed
Long Clean	Cleans the fluidic lines with 10% bleach solution	Once a month and prior to service calls

Unscheduled Maintenance

The following table describes the unscheduled maintenance procedures for your cytometer.

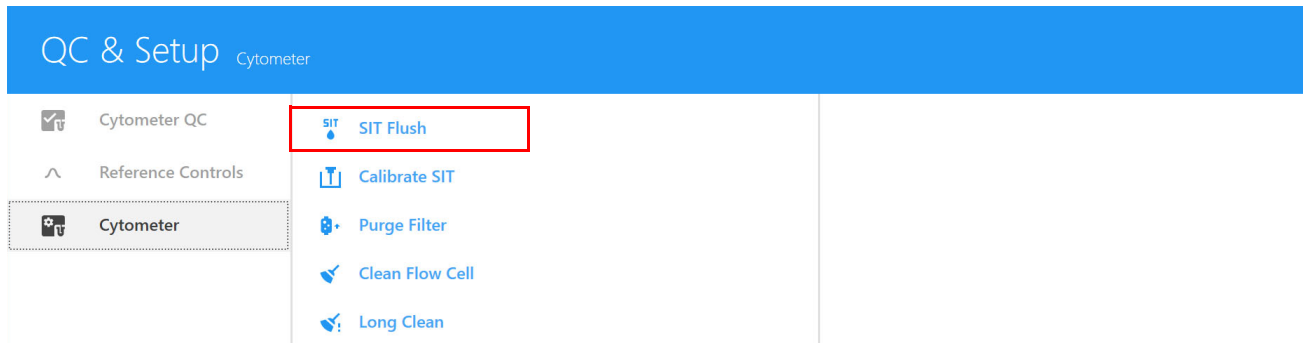
Maintenance Procedure	Description	Frequency
SIT Flush	Backflushes the SIT	As needed, if SIT clogs or after running sticky dyes
Purge Filter	Removes bubbles from the sheath filter	If bubbles are present in the sheath filter, or if the plenum or sheath tank runs dry
Clean Flow Cell	Runs 10% bleach solution followed by DI water through the flow cell	As needed, or after running sticky dyes
Clean external surfaces	Keeps surfaces free from salt buildup	As needed

SIT Flush

A sample line backflush is performed whenever a tube is removed from the SIP after sample acquisition. If the sample line exhibits signs of carryover or becomes clogged after completing an experiment with a sticky dye such as propidium iodide, acridine orange, or thiazole orange, the sample line should be manually backflushed.

If you are using a Loader, a SIT flush occurs over the wash well, located at the back of the Loader plate stage.

- 1 In the Cytometer tab, from either the QC & Setup or Acquisition module, select SIT Flush.



- 2 If carryover or a clog persists, place a tube of 10% bleach on the SIP and acquire at High flow rate for 5 minutes. Afterwards, acquire a tube of DI water at High flow rate for 5 minutes.

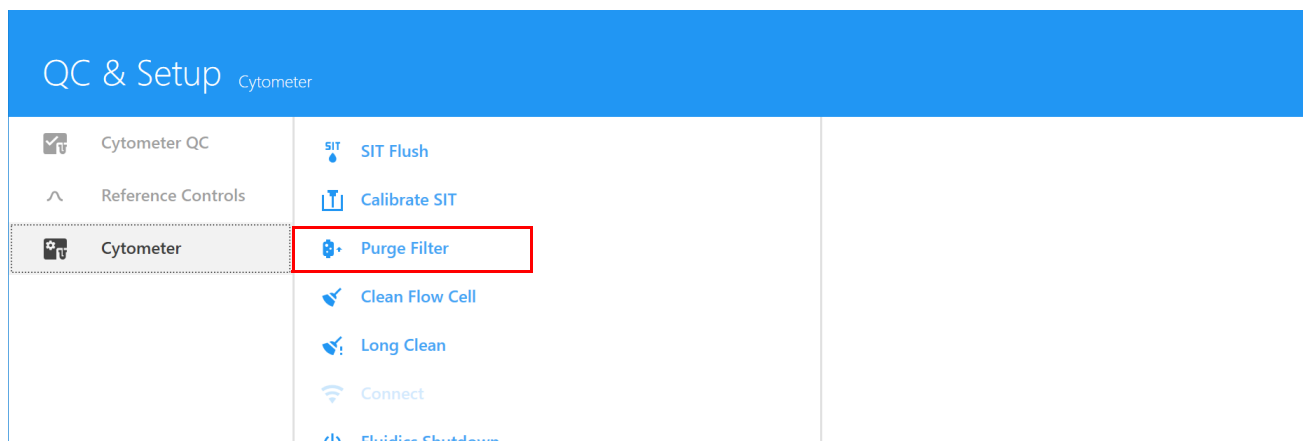
■ **NOTE:** If running large quantities of beads or large cells, we recommend running a tube of 10% bleach followed by a tube of DI water, each for 5 minutes, between experiments.

Purge Filter



Perform this procedure if air bubbles are visible in the sheath filter, or if the plenum or sheath tank have run dry and air is present in the fluidics system.

- 1 In the Cytometer tab, from either the QC & Setup or Acquisition module, select Purge Filter.



The vent valve connected to the sheath filter will open releasing any air bubbles trapped inside the sheath filter.

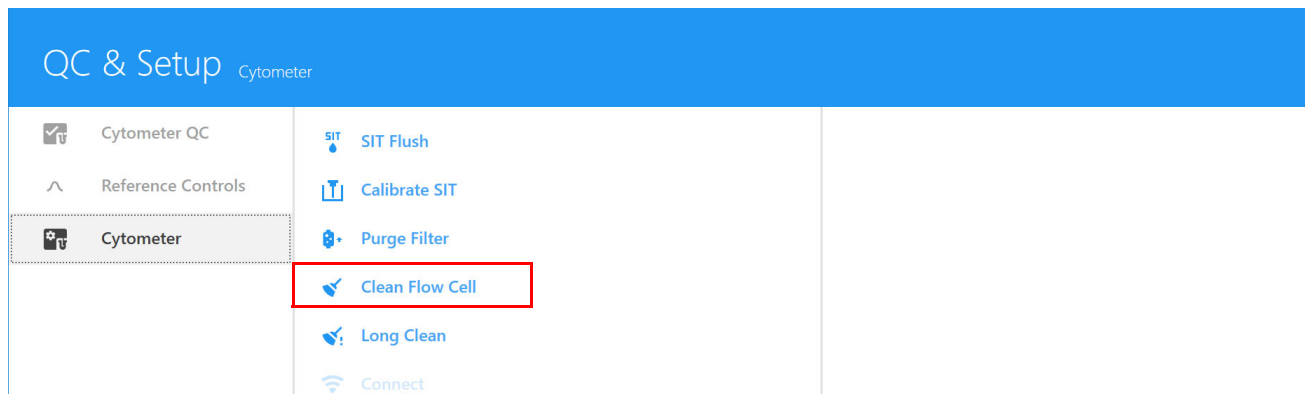
- 2 Repeat the Purge Filter fluidic mode until there are no visible bubbles inside the sheath filter.

Clean Flow Cell

Clean the flow cell after completing an experiment with a sticky dye such as propidium iodide, acridine orange, or thiazole orange. Cleaning the flow cell is also recommended after acquiring large quantities of highly concentrated bead solutions or if you suspect a clog.

If running sticky samples, perform this procedure using a 30% Contrad 70 solution instead of 10% bleach between experiments.

- 1 In the Cytometer tab, from either the QC & Setup or Acquisition module, select Clean Flow Cell.



- 2 Follow the instructions that appear. Load a tube containing 3 mL of 10% bleach solution on the SIP and click Continue.
- 3 When prompted, load a tube containing 3 mL of DI water on the SIP and click Continue.
- 4 Click Done when the procedure is complete.

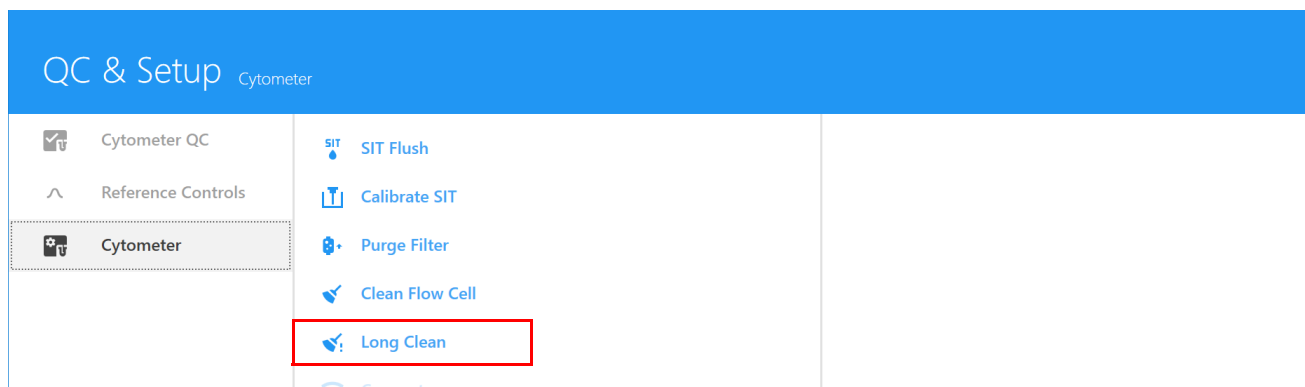
Long Clean

Decontaminate the fluidics system monthly by running the Long Clean fluidics mode. Run the Long Clean just prior to service calls, or if you run high volumes of unwashed samples or samples stained with propidium iodide, acridine orange, or thiazole orange.

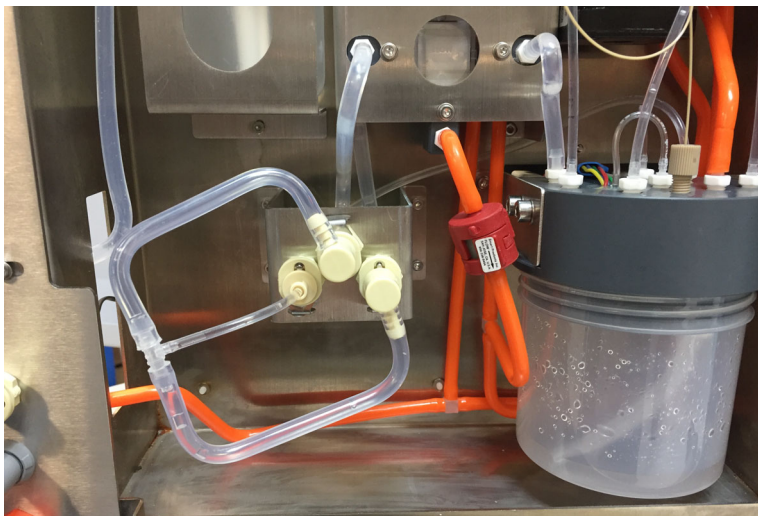


Do not run bleach or detergent through the sheath filter. It is difficult to remove cleaning solutions from the sheath filter.

- 1 In the Cytometer tab, from either the QC & Setup or Acquisition module, select Long Clean.



- 2 Follow the instructions that appear. Prepare the appropriate cleaning tubes and fluidics tanks.
- 3 Empty the waste tank. Replace the sheath filter with the sheath filter bypass (long clean tubing) assembly.



- 4 Detach the sheath tank and replace it with a tank containing a 10% bleach solution.
- 5 Load a tube containing 3 mL of a 10% bleach solution on the SIP.
- 6 Proceed with the Long Clean in the software.
- 7 Once the bleach cleaning cycle is complete, reattach the sheath tank.
- 8 Remove the tube of 10% bleach from the SIP and replace with a tube of 3 mL of DI water.
- 9 Proceed with the Long Clean in the software.
- 10 When prompted, remove the long clean tubing assembly and re-install the sheath filter.

Fluidics Shutdown

Perform fluidic shutdown at the end of each day that you use the instrument. The shutdown procedure thoroughly cleans the fluidics system. If you are running in Tube Mode without a Loader see [“Fluidics Shutdown Using Individual Tubes”](#) in the following section. If you have an ASL, see [“Fluidics Shutdown Using a Tube Rack \(ASL only\)”](#) on page 137.

To prepare a 10% bleach solution add 1 part household bleach to 9 parts DI water.

Fluidics Shutdown Using Individual Tubes

- 1 In the Cytometer menu from either the QC & Setup or Acquisition module, select Fluidics Shutdown.

Fluidics Shutdown

Tube Tube Rack

Shutdown takes approximately 6 minutes to complete. You will need:

- 12x75 polystyrene tube with 3mL 10% bleach
- 12x75 polystyrene tube with 3mL deionized water
- 12x75 polystyrene tube with 3mL 30% contrad
- 12x75 polystyrene tube with 3mL deionized water

Cancel Continue

- 2 Load a tube containing 3 mL of 10% bleach on the SIP and click Continue.
- 3 Load a tube containing 3 mL of DI water and click Continue.
- 4 Load a tube containing 3 mL of 30% Contrad 70 and click Continue.
- 5 Load a tube containing 3 mL of DI water and click Continue.
- 6 Allow the shutdown procedure to complete, then click Done and turn off the cytometer. Make sure the SIT is submerged in the DI water at the end of the procedure.

The following day when you turn on the system, the startup procedure begins, using the tube of DI water on the SIP.

Fluidics Shutdown Using a Tube Rack (ASL only)

- 1 In the Cytometer menu from either the QC & Setup or Acquisition module, select Fluidics Shutdown.
- 2 Select Tube Rack from the Fluidics Shutdown screen. Prepare and load the appropriate tubes in the tube rack as instructed.

Fluidics Shutdown

Tube Tube Rack

Shutdown takes approximately 6 minutes to complete. You will need:

- 12x75 polystyrene tube with 3mL 10% bleach
- 12x75 polystyrene tube with 3mL deionized water
- 12x75 polystyrene tube with 3mL 30% contrad
- 12x75 polystyrene tube with 3mL deionized water

Load the 10% bleach tube into A1 position.
Load the deionized water tube into B1 position.
Load the 30% contrad tube into C1 position.
Load the deionized water tube into D1 position.

Then click Continue to start the procedure.

40 Tube Rack								
-	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
A	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
B	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
C	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
D	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
E	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

Cancel Continue

- Load a tube containing 3 mL of 10% bleach in position A1.

- Load a tube containing 3 mL of DI water in position B1.
 - Load a tube containing 3 mL of 30% Contrad 70 in position C1.
 - Load a tube containing 3 mL of DI water in position D1.
- 3 Click Continue.
 - 4 Allow the shutdown procedure to complete, then click Done and turn off the cytometer.
 - 5 The next time you turn on the system, you are prompted to load a tube of DI water on the SIP. This is required for the startup procedure to successfully complete.

Cleaning the External Surfaces

Periodically check for saline residue.

- 1 Dampen a cloth with a mild cleaning solution and wipe the surfaces of the instrument.
- 2 Dampen a cloth with DI water and wipe the surfaces again to remove residual cleaning solution.
- 3 Dry the surfaces with a clean, dry cloth.

Inspecting the Fluidics Lines



Check the cytometer periodically for fluid leaks. If any evidence of a leak is detected, contact Cytek Technical Support immediately. Do not attempt to repair the instrument.

- 1 Visually inspect for fluid leaks by looking for small pools of liquid near any of the quick-connects.
- 2 Visually inspect for dried residue or slight discoloration in the spaces surrounding the cytometer.

Replacing the Sheath Filter

The sheath filter traps debris and air bubbles before they reach the flow cell. Replace the filter assembly every 6 months, or when you see increased sample flow rates or debris in an FSC vs SSC plot.



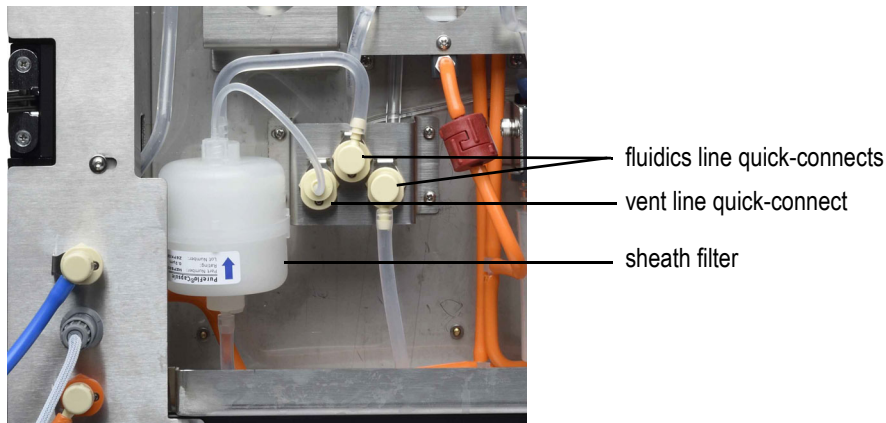
Wear PPE such as protective gloves, eyewear, and lab coat while performing this procedure.



Do not run bleach or detergent through the sheath filter, as these fluids can damage the filter.

- 1 Turn off the cytometer.
- 2 Open the front cytometer panel.

- 3 Press the two fluidics line quick-connects and the vent line quick-connect to the right of the sheath filter.



- 4 Discard the sheath filter according to standard laboratory protocol and local regulations.
- 5 Install a new sheath filter with the arrow pointing up.
- 6 Restart the cytometer and run the Purge Filter fluidic mode to remove air bubbles (see [“Purge Filter” on page 134](#)). Repeat this step until all air bubbles are purged from the filter.
- 7 Close the front panel.

Replacing the SIT

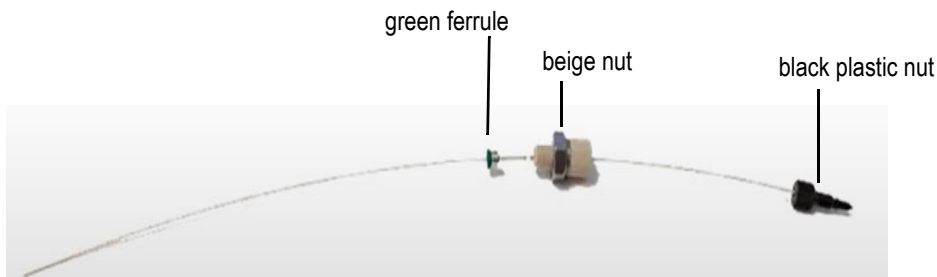
Replace the SIT if the tubing is clogged even after repeatedly cleaning and flushing the SIT.

- 1 Ensure the SIT is extended in a tube of DI water and the cytometer is turned off.

If the cytometer was shut down properly using the Fluidics Shutdown procedure, the SIT will already be extended and left in water.

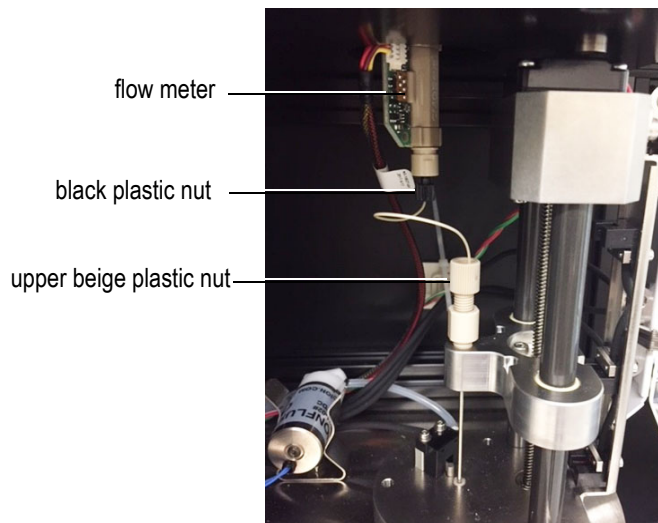
■ **NOTE:** If the SIT is not extended, turn on the cytometer and run Fluidics Shutdown. Then turn off the cytometer.

- 2 Obtain a SIT tubing assembly.

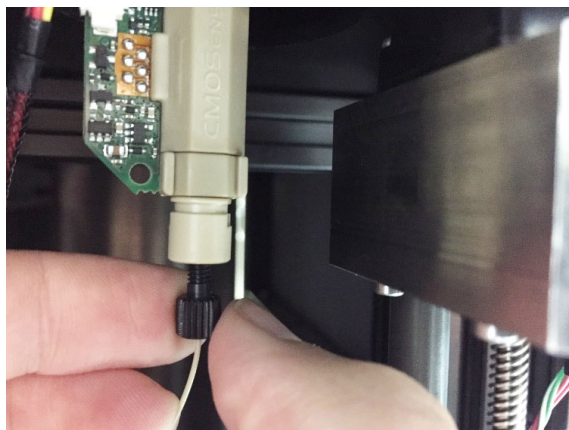


- 3 Open the SIT door. Identify the three components shown in the following figure.

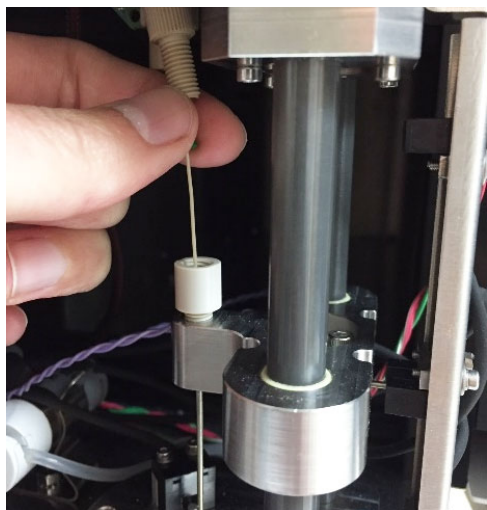
Open the front panel, then open the SIT door. The SIT door is located above the SIP. See “[Front of Cytometer](#)” on page 12.



- 4 Twist off and carefully remove the black plastic nut from the bottom of the flow meter.

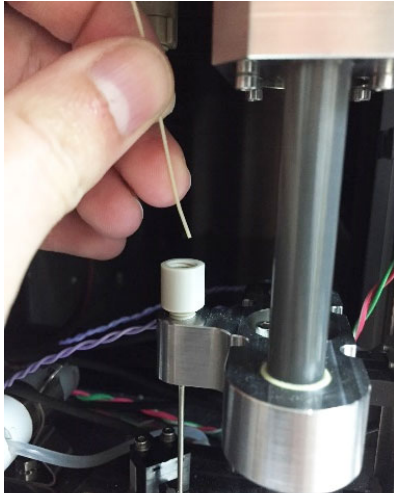


- 5 Follow the tubing from the black nut down to the beige plastic nut. Twist off the beige nut and gently pull it and tubing out from the SIP.

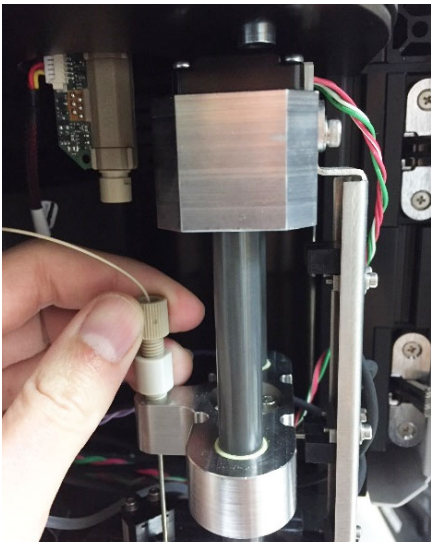


- 6 Discard the SIT tubing assembly.

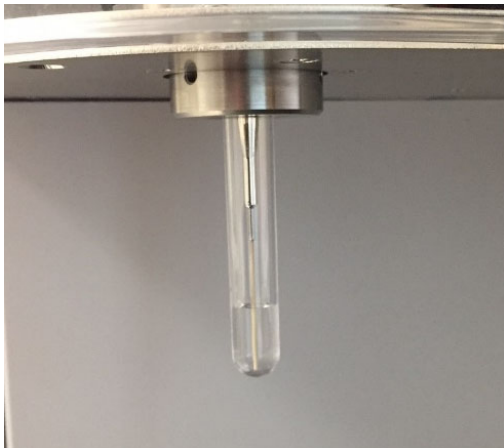
- 7 Insert the new sample tubing through the hole and feed the tubing all the way in.



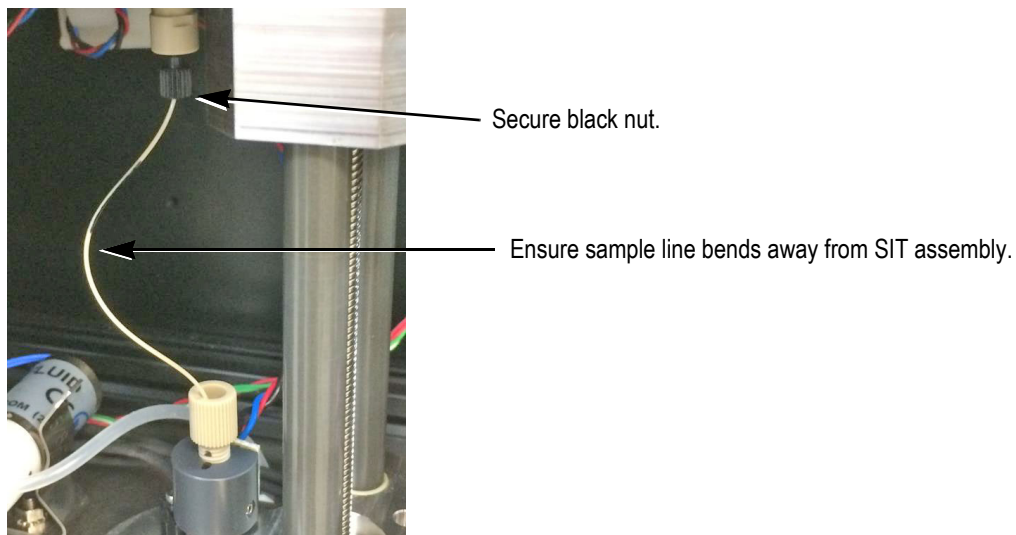
- 8 Once the line is in, screw in the beige nut until finger tight. You will feel once the nut is secured to the bottom.



- 9 Verify that the tubing contacts the bottom of the tube on the SIP.



- 10** Secure the black nut to the bottom of the flow meter so it is firmly attached. Make sure the sample line bends away from the SIT assembly when the SIT stage rises.



- 11** Close the SIT door.
- 12** Turn on the system. During initialization the system automatically calibrates the SIT depth in the tube loaded on the SIP.

Troubleshooting

This section provides tips to help you identify and resolve issues that might occur on your flow cytometer. If additional assistance is required, contact Cytek Biosciences. Please have the following information available: serial number, error messages, and details of recent performance.

For instrument support within the US, call 1-877-92-CYTEK. Visit our website, www.cytekbio.com, for up-to-date contact information.

Observation	Possible Causes	Recommended Solutions
Daily QC does not complete	Wrong QC bead sample	Ensure you are running SpectroFlo QC beads.
	Bead sample not properly mixed	Mix the bead sample.
	Bead sample too dilute	Concentrate the bead sample or prepare a fresh bead sample.
	Air bubble in sample line	Run a SIT Flush.
	Degraded beads	Prepare fresh beads.
	Warm-up not done	Let the instrument warm up for at least 30 minutes.
Daily QC failed	Air bubble in fluidics	Run a Purge Filter.
	Dirty flow cell	Run a Clean Flow Cell. If the problem persists, run a Clean Flow Cell using 25%–50% Contrad 70, followed by DI water.
	Questionable sample prep	Verify the sample prep technique.
	Air in sheath filter	Run a Purge Filter.
	Sample not diluted in same fluid as sheath	Dilute the sample in the same fluid as the sheath solution.
Air in sheath filter	Cytometer was not in use for a prolonged period	Run a Purge Filter. Check that all sheath connectors are securely attached. Check for leaks or cracks in the sheath plenum. Replace, if needed.
	Empty sheath tank	Fill the sheath tank. Run a Purge Filter.

Observation	Possible Causes	Recommended Solutions
No events displayed (flow rate lower than expected)	No sample in tube	Add sample or install a new sample tube.
	Sample not properly mixed	Mix the sample to suspend cells/particles.
	Clogged SIT	Run a SIT Flush. Then run a Clean Flow Cell with 10% bleach, followed by a Clean Flow Cell with DI water. If the clog persists, replace the sample line.
	For loaders, the SIT Lift Distance set too low (touching bottom of tube)	Increase the SIT Lift Distance. See “Calibrating the SIT” on page 131 .
No events displayed (flow rate normal)	Insufficient gain for threshold parameter	Increase the gain for the threshold parameter.
	Threshold too high	Lower the threshold.
	Laser delay not correct	Ensure the laser delay values match those from the latest Daily QC run. See “Instrument Control” on page 46 for the laser delay location. If the values do not match, rerun Daily QC.
	Threshold set to incorrect parameter	Set the threshold to the appropriate parameter for the application (usually FSC).
	Gated plot with no data in gate	Delete or move the gate.
Low sample event rate	Threshold too high	Lower the threshold.
	Insufficient gain for threshold parameter	Increase the gain for the threshold parameter.
	Sample not properly mixed	Mix the sample to suspend cells/particles.
	Sample too dilute	Concentrate the sample. Set the flow rate to Medium or High.
	Clogged SIT	Run a SIT Flush. Then run a Clean Flow Cell with 10% bleach, followed by a Clean Flow Cell with DI water. If the clog persists, replace the sample line.
Erratic event rate	Partially blocked SIT	Run a SIT Flush. Then run a Clean Flow Cell with 10% bleach, followed by a Clean Flow Cell with DI water.
	Clumpy sample	Vortex, filter, or disaggregate the sample.

Observation	Possible Causes	Recommended Solutions
Data in scatter parameters appear distorted	Air bubble in flow cell	Run a SIT Flush.
	Air in sheath filter	Run a Purge Filter.
	Dirty flow cell	Run a Clean Flow Cell.
	Poor sample health	Check the viability of the cells.
	Hypertonic buffers	Check the pH of the buffers and fixative.
	Incorrect instrument settings	Optimize the instrument settings.
High CVs	Air bubble in fluidics	Run a SIT Flush and a Purge Filter.
	Sample flow rate set to High	Set the sample flow rate to Low or Medium.
	Dirty flow cell	Run a Clean Flow Cell. If the problem persists, run a Clean Flow Cell using 25%–50% Contrad 70, followed by DI water.
	Questionable sample prep	Verify the sample prep technique.
	Air in sheath filter	Run a Purge Filter.
	Sample not diluted in same fluid as sheath	Dilute the sample in the same fluid as the sheath solution.
SIT hitting bottom of well/tube	SIT Lift Distance set too low	Set the SIT Lift Distance to at least 1.5. See “Calibrating the SIT” on page 131.

Glossary

APD	Avalanche photodiode (APD) is a highly sensitive semiconductor electronic device for measuring light intensity. APDs convert light to electricity and can be thought of as photodetectors.
autofluorescence	The inherent fluorescence arising primarily from cell structures such as mitochondria and lysosomes. Autofluorescence can hinder detection of dim fluorescent signals.
compensation	The process by which spillover fluorescence from secondary parameters is accounted for so that fluorescence values for a parameter represent only the fluorescence of the primary fluorophore.
data file	A collection of measured values from a single sample combined with text describing the data that has been stored as a flow cytometry standard (.fcs) file to disk.
deconvolve	An algorithm-based process used to reverse the effects of convolution (or overlapping) on recorded data.
detector	A device that responds to a specific stimulus. Photodiodes and APDs tubes are two types of detectors in cytometers. They convert light signals into electronic signals.
dot plot	A graphical representation of two-parameter data. Each axis of a plot displays values of one parameter.
electronic noise	Random fluctuation in electronic signals, a characteristic of all electronic circuits.
event rate	The rate at which cells or particles are acquired.
FCS	Flow cytometry standard, a standard format for flow cytometry data files.

filter	An optical device that blocks the passage of part of the incident light, allowing the rest to pass virtually unchanged.
flow cell	The flow cell enables hydrodynamic focusing of the sample so that the individual cells or particles of interest can be interrogated by the laser(s) sequentially.
flow cytometry	A technology that simultaneously measures and analyzes multiple characteristics of single cells or particles as they pass through a laser beam.
flow rate	The amount of fluid passing through a point per unit of time. The Aurora's flow rate is measured by the flow meter.
fluorescence	The emission of light of longer wavelengths that occurs when a substance absorbs light of shorter wavelengths.
fluorophore	A fluorescent dye. A molecule capable of absorbing light energy, then emitting light at a longer wavelength (fluorescence) as it releases this energy.
gain	Amplification of a signal. Increasing gain results in a larger output signal for a given input signal.
gate	A numerical or graphical boundary (region) that defines a subset of data. Gates can be single- or multi-dimensional.
laser	Light Amplification by Stimulated Emission of Radiation. A light source that is highly directional, monochromatic, coherent, and bright. The emitted light is in one or more narrow spectral bands, and with most lasers, is concentrated in an intense, narrow beam.
laser delay	Amount of time between signals from different laser intercepts.
photodiode	A device for measuring light intensity. A photodiode generates an output current proportional to the incident light intensity.
rSD	Robust standard deviation. The robust SD is based on the deviation of individual data points to the median of the population.
reference	Spectral profile of a fluorescent tag in all detectors for all lasers.

resolution	A measure of a cytometer's ability to distinguish between two populations with differing fluorescence or light scatter intensities.
sensitivity	A measure of a cytometer's ability to distinguish particles from background noise. It is often expressed in terms of a minimum number of fluorescent molecules per particle required to distinguish a stained particle from an unstained particle. Sensitivity depends on the instrument, the dye, and the preparation method.
SIP	Sample injection port. The area of the cytometer where the sample is placed.
SIT	Sample injection tube. The probe that pulls sample from the sample tube to the flow cell.
spectral overlap	The phenomenon of different fluorophores emitting light within the same detection range. In multi-color experiments, compensation must be performed to correct for spectral overlap.
spectral unmixing	The mathematical method of deconvolving signals from multiple fluorophores/dyes to differentiate them.
spillover	Emitted light from a fluorophore entering the detector of another fluorophore.

Supplies and Replacement Parts

Item	Part Number	Description
4-L Tank	N4-00124	4-L tank for sheath or waste
4-L supply cap assembly	N7-32015	Lid fits 4-L sheath tank
4-L waste cap assembly	N7-32014	Lid fits 4-L waste tank and includes liquid level sensor
20-L cubitainer adapter assembly	N7-32016	Includes fluidics lines and waste liquid level sensor
Reservoir holder	N4-00128	Holds the sheath and waste tanks
SpectroFlo QC Beads 2000 series, 2 mL	B7-10001 (formerly N7-97355)	2 mL of beads at 10^7 /mL concentration. Beads provide a single peak fluorescence intensity for use with Daily QC.
Sheath filter assembly (0.2 μ m)	N7-22006	0.2- μ m sheath filter assembly with quick-connect fittings and manifold
Sheath filter assembly (0.4 μ m)	N7-22016	0.4- μ m sheath filter assembly with quick-connect fittings and manifold
Sample line	N7-22014	SIT tubing assembly
Sheath filter bypass (Long Clean tubing)	N7-22010	Replaces the sheath filter during a Long Clean
25-mm disk filter (20 μ m)	N4-00047	Filter at sheath tubing intake for cubitainer and 4-L sheath tank cap

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